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Type : **Poster**

Sensitivity of the High Altitude Water Cherenkov Experiment to observe Gamma-Ray Bursts

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Abstract content

Ground based telescopes have marginally observed very high energy emission ($>100\text{GeV}$) from gamma-ray bursts (GRB). For instance, Milagro observed GRB970417a with a significance of 3.7 sigmas over the background. Milagro have not yet observed TeV emission from a GRB with its triggered and untriggered searches or GeV emission with a triggered search using its scalars. These results suggest the need of new observatories with higher sensitivity to transient sources. The HAWC (High Altitude Water Cherenkov) observatory is proposed as a combination of the Milagro technology with a very high altitude ($>4000\text{m}$ over sea level) site. The expected HAWC sensitivity for GRBs is at least >10 times the Milagro sensitivity. In this work HAWC sensitivity for GRBs is discussed for different detector configurations such as altitude, distance between PMTs, depth under water of PMTs, number of PMTs required for a trigger, etc.

If this paper is presented for a collaboration, please specify the collaboration

HAWC

Summary

Reference

Proceedings of the 30th International Cosmic Ray Conference; Rogelio Caballero, Juan Carlos D'Olivo, Gustavo Medina-Tanco, Lukas Nellen, Federico A. Sánchez, José F. Valdés-Galicia (eds.); Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Mexico City, Mexico, 2008; Vol. 3 (OG part 2), pages 1191-1194

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