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Search for solar neutrons associated with series of X-class flares during the declining period of solar cycle 23

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Abstract content

It was surprising that Gigantic solar flares exceeding X-class occurred 10 times in September, 2005, because the activity of the Sun had already been in the declining period. More surprisingly, 4 X-class solar flares occurred in December, 2006, when the activity of the Sun was at the minimum. It is expected that some of these flares were accompanied by the acceleration of ions, which would be observed as solar neutrons or GLEs on the ground. Solar neutron telescopes, which are dedicated to observe solar neutrons and to measure their energies, have been operating during solar cycle 23. Distributed in a worldwide network covering all longitudes they watch the Sun 24 hours a day. In this paper, we report on results of the search for solar neutron events associated with these 14 X-class flares, using data obtained by this international network of solar neutron telescopes. There was no clear evidence for detecting solar neutrons within these periods, except for the significant detection of solar neutrons on September 7, 2005. Details of this particular event will be presented by Sako et al. during this Conference.

If this papers is presented for a collaboration, please specify the collaboration

Summary

Reference

Proceedings of the 30th International Cosmic Ray Conference; Rogelio Caballero, Juan Carlos D'Olivo, Gustavo Medina-Tanco, Lukas Nellen, Federico A. Sánchez, José F. Valdés-Galicia (eds.); Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Mexico City, Mexico, 2008; Vol. 1 (SH), pages 33-36

Primary author(s): Dr. MATSUBARA, Yutaka (Solar-Terrestrial Environment Laboratory, Nagoya University)

Co-author(s): Prof. MURAKI, Yasushi (Solar-Terrestrial Environment Laboratory, Nagoya University); Prof. YUDA, Toshinori (Institute for Cosmic Ray Research, University of Tokyo); Dr. OHNISHI, Munehiro (Institute for Cosmic Ray Research, University of Tokyo); Dr. TSUCHIYA, Harufumi (RIKEN); Dr. KATAYOSE, Yusaku (Faculty of Engineering, Yokohama National University); Prof. OGASAWARA, Ryusuke (National Astronomical Observatory of Japan); Prof. MIZUMOTO, Yoshihiko

(National Astronomical Observatory of Japan); Prof. KAKIMOTO, Fumio (Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology); Dr. TSUNESADA, Yoshiki (Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology); Mr. VELARDE, Alfonso (Instituto de Investigaciones Fisicas, Universidad Mayor de San Andres); Dr. TICONA, Roland (Instituto de Investigaciones Fisicas, Universidad Mayor de San Andres); Dr. SAKO, Takashi (Solar-Terrestrial Environment Laboratory, Nagoya University); Dr. MARTINIC, Nicolas (Instituto de Investigaciones Fisicas, Universidad Mayor de San Andres); Mr. MIRANDA, Pedro (Instituto de Investigaciones Fisicas, Universidad Mayor de San Andres); Prof. VALDES-GALICIA, Jose (Instituto de Geofisica, Universidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexico); Mr. GONZALEZ, Luis Xavier (Instituto de Geofisica, Universidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexico); Mr. HUR-TADO, Alejandro (Instituto de Geofisica, Universidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexico); Mr. MUSALEM, Octavio (Instituto de Geofisica, Universidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexico); Dr. WATANABE, Kyoko (Space Sciences Laboratory, University of California, Berkeley); Prof. SAKAI, Takasuke (College of Industrial Technologies, Nihon University); Dr. SHIBATA, Shoichi (College of Engineering, Chubu University); Prof. FLUECKIGER, Erwin (Physikalisches Institut, University of Bern); Dr. BUETIKOFER, Rolf (Physikalisches Institut, University of Bern); Prof. CHILINGARIAN, Ashot (Yerevan Physics Institute); Prof. TAN, Youheng (Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Science)

Presenter(s): Dr. MATSUBARA, Yutaka (Solar-Terrestrial Environment Laboratory, Nagoya University)

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