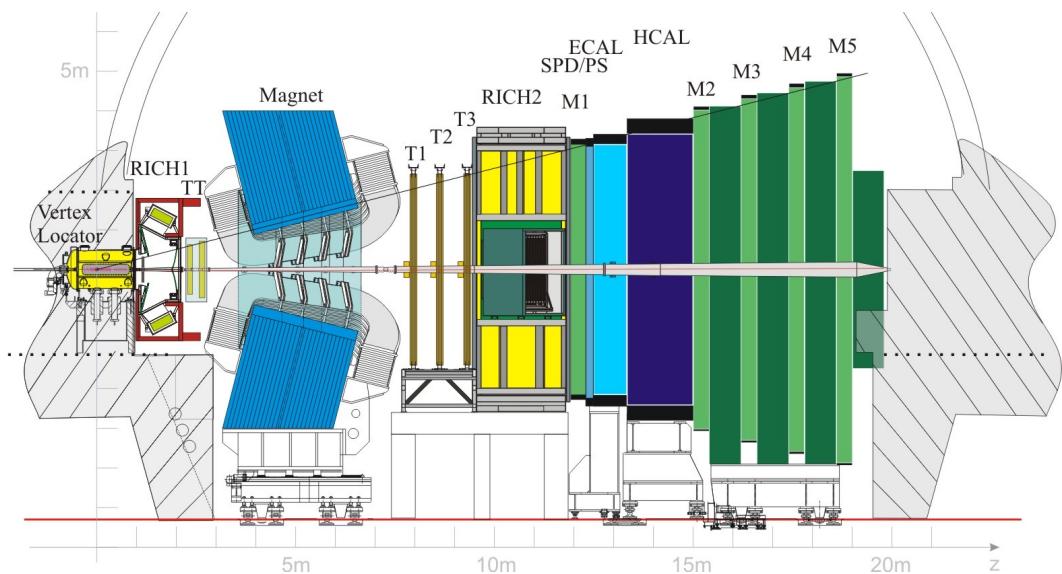


Charmonium(-like) state production in pp collisions at LHCb

Li XU, Tsinghua University
on behalf of the LHCb collaboration
July 28, 2021

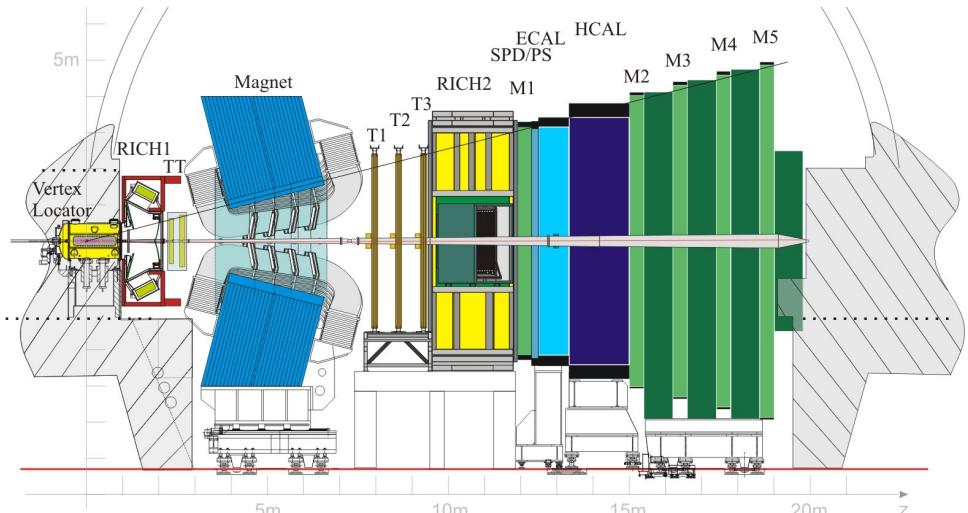
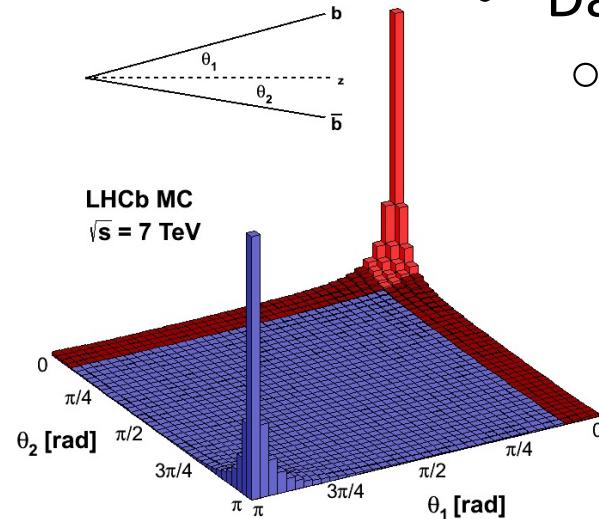
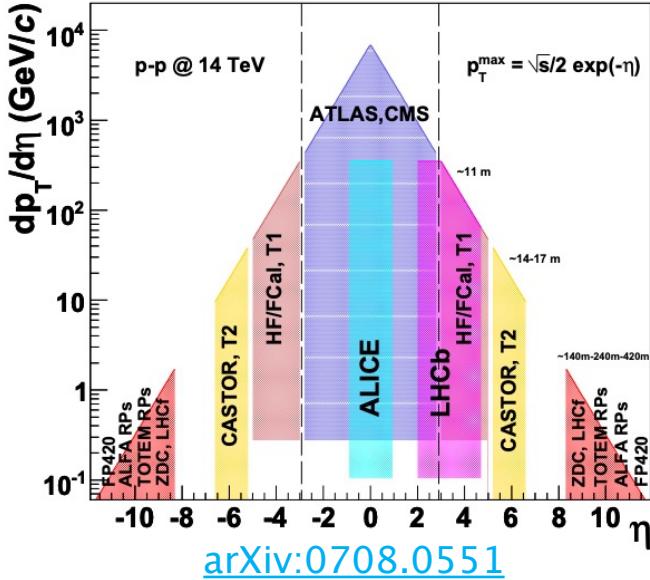
Outline

- LHCb detector
- Latest charmonium(-like) state production measurements
 - J/ψ production cross-sections at 5.02 TeV [LHCb-PAPER-2021-020](#)
 - $\chi_{c1}(3872)$ production cross-sections at 8 and 13 TeV [LHCb-PAPER-2021-026](#)



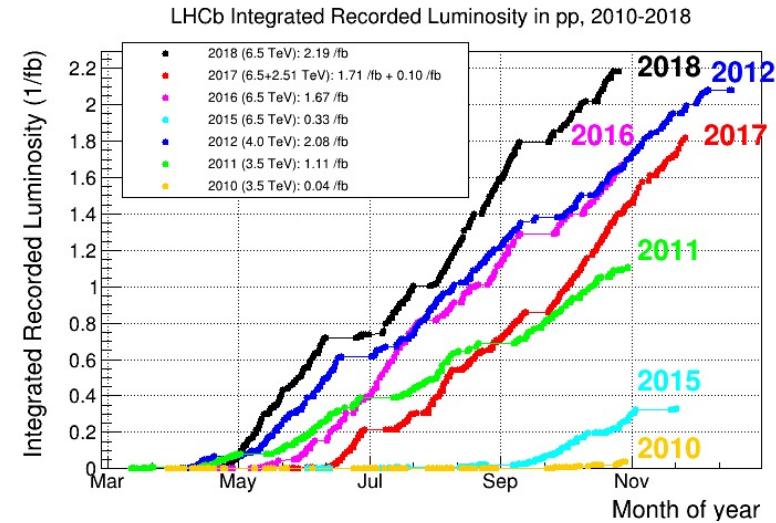
LHCb detector

- Single-arm forward spectrometer
- Designed for the study of b and c physics
- Forward region $2 < \eta < 5$
 - $\sim 4\%$ of solid angle,
but $\sim 25\%$ of $b\bar{b}$ quark pairs accepted



[Int. J. Mod. Phys. A 30, 1530022 \(2015\)](#)

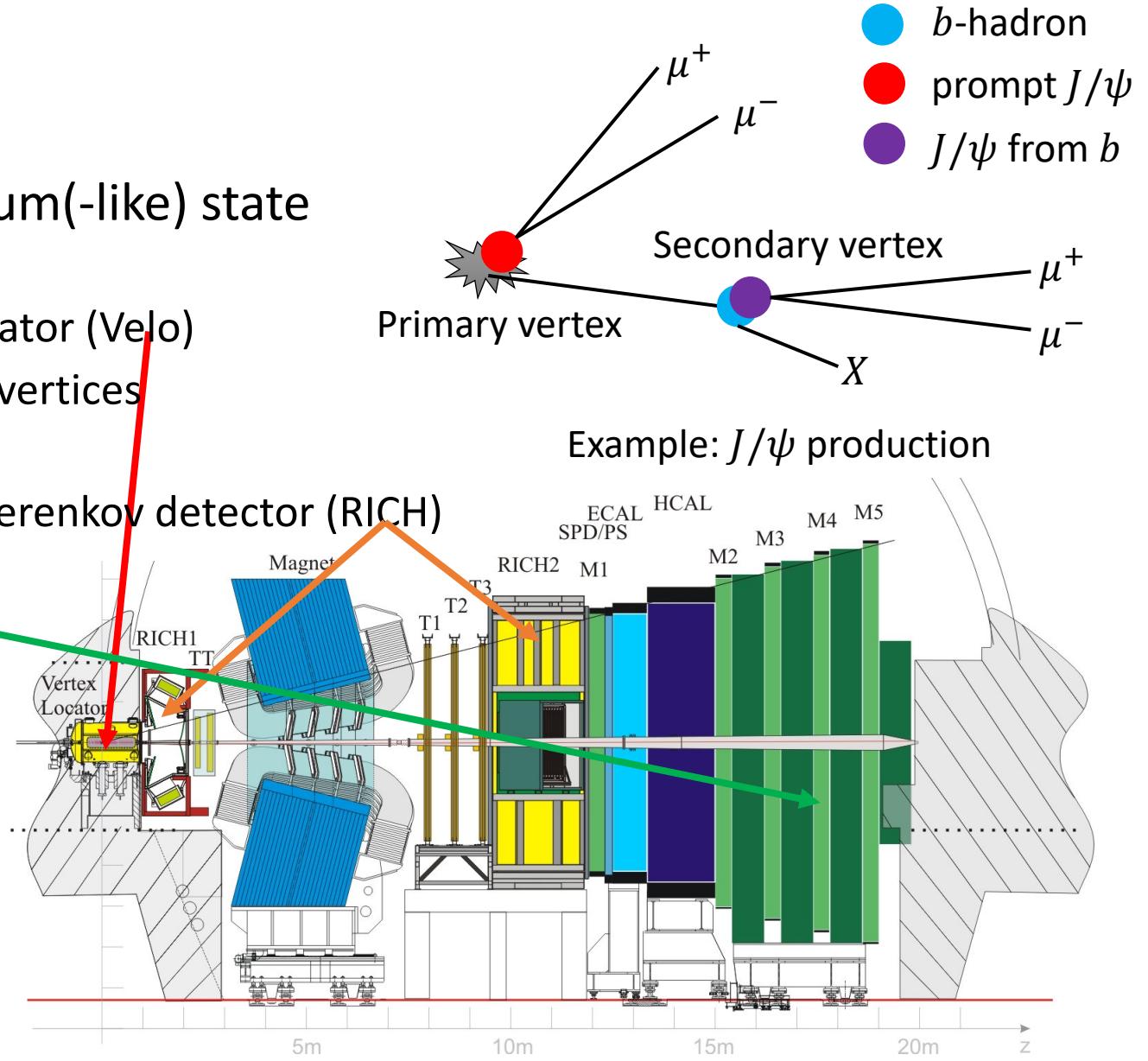
- Data collection
 - Totally $\sim 9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ pp collision data at 5/7/8/13 TeV



LHCb detector

- Key detector systems for charmonium(-like) state production
 - Vertex reconstruction with Vertex Locator (Velo)
 - Separate primary and secondary vertices
 - Particle identification
 - Charged hadron: ring-imaging Cherenkov detector (RICH)
 - μ : muon detector
- An ideal laboratory for charmonium(-like) state production studies

[Int. J. Mod. Phys. A 30, 1530022 \(2015\)](#)

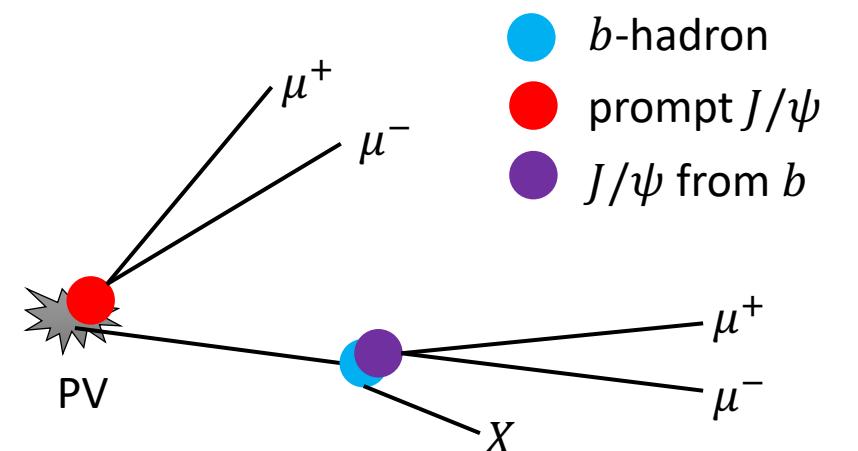
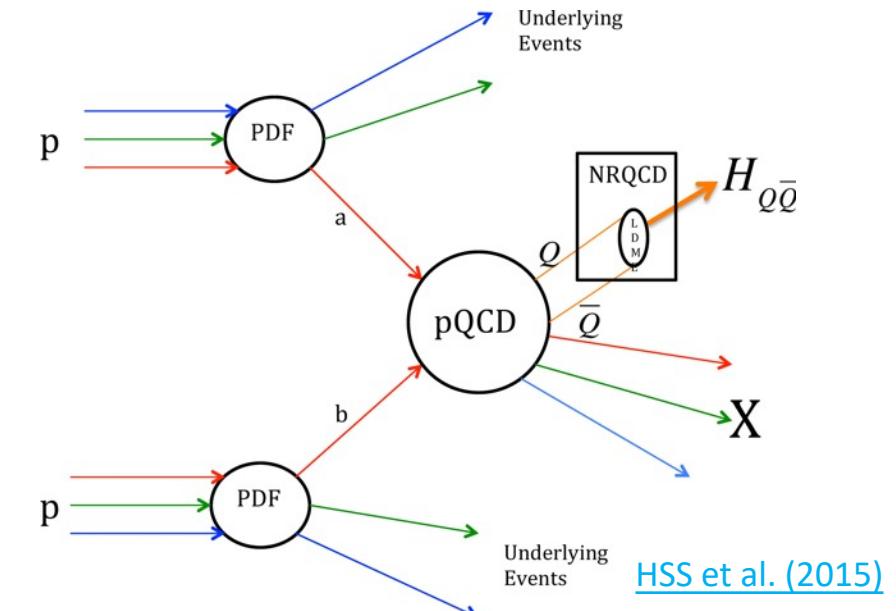


J/ψ production at 5 TeV

LHCb-PAPER-2021-020, in preparation

Motivation: probe QCD

- Prompt J/ψ : probe J/ψ production mechanism
 - The process involves:
 - $c\bar{c}$ pair production: perturbative QCD
 - Hadronisation: non-perturbative QCD
 - Theory model: Non-Relativistic QCD (NRQCD)
 - Color glass condensate (CGC) effects are combined with NRQCD at low p_T
- J/ψ from b : probe b -hadron production mechanism
 - Theory model: Fixed Order plus Next-to-Leading Logarithms (FONLL)
- Reference for cold/hot nuclear matter effect research in proton-lead and lead-lead collisions



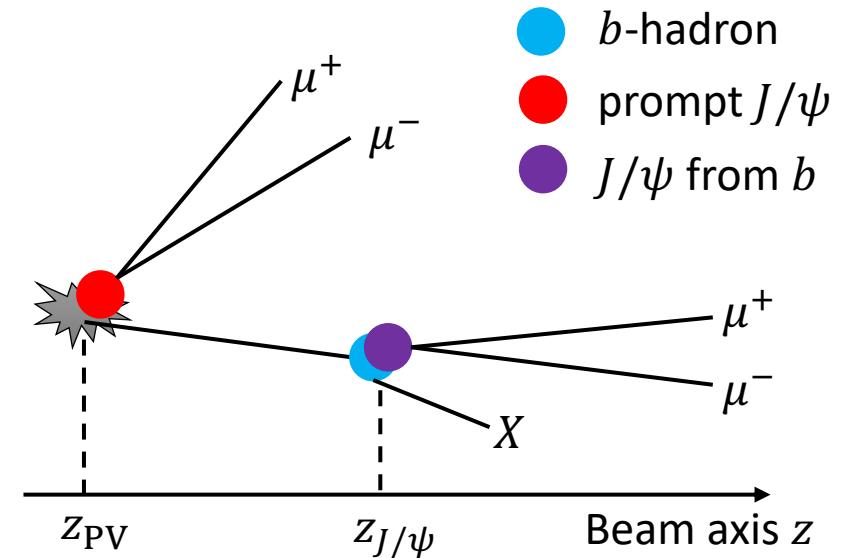
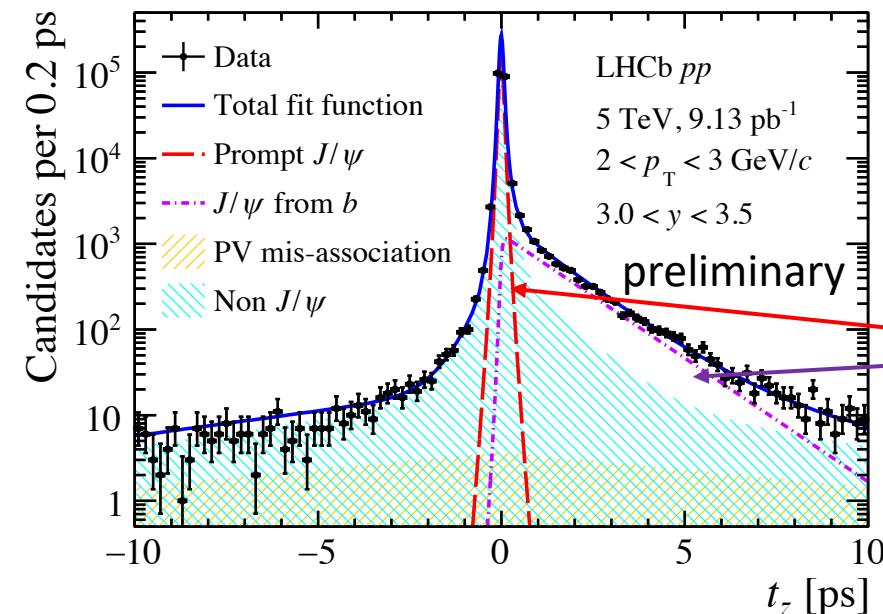
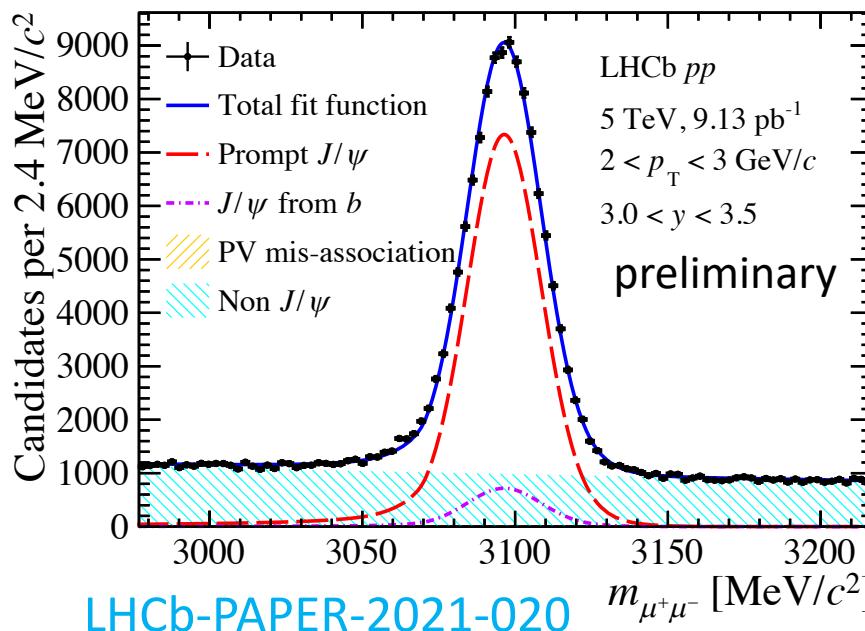
Analysis strategy

- Differential cross-section:

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dydp_T} = \frac{N(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)}{\mathcal{L} \times \varepsilon_{\text{tot}} \times \mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) \times \Delta y \times \Delta p_T}$$

- Kinematic range: $p_T < 20 \text{ GeV}/c$, $2.0 < y < 4.5$

- Two-dimensional fit to **mass** and **pseudo decay time t_z**



$$t_z = \frac{z_{J/\psi} - z_{\text{PV}}}{p_z/m_{J/\psi}}$$

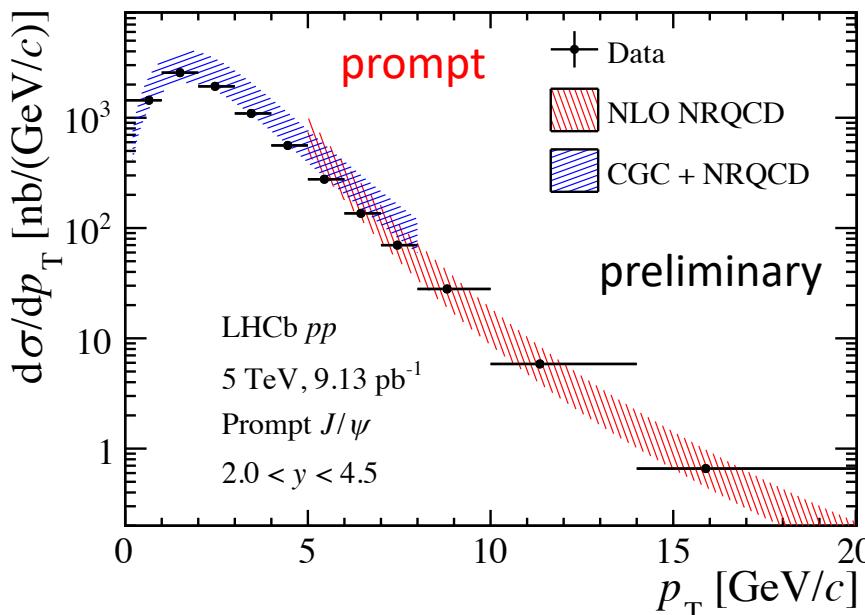
- Use t_z to separate **prompt J/ψ** and **J/ψ from b**
- Yields N are corrected by efficiency ε_{tot} in each (p_T, y) bin
- Assume zero polarisation

Cross-sections at 5 TeV

- Integrated cross-sections ($p_T < 20 \text{ GeV}/c$, $2.0 < y < 4.5$)

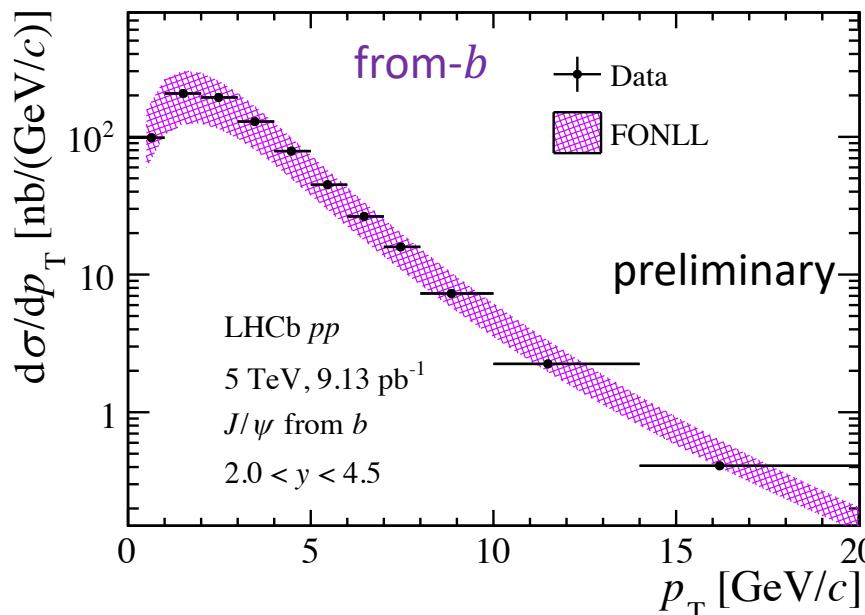
- $\sigma_{\text{prompt}} = 8.154 \pm 0.010 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.283 \text{ (syst.) } \mu\text{b}$
- $\sigma_{\text{from-}b} = 0.820 \pm 0.002 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.034 \text{ (syst.) } \mu\text{b}$

LHCb-PAPER-2021-020



- High p_T : NLO NRQCD [Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 042002](#)

- Low p_T : combine NRQCD with color glass condensate (CGC) effective theory [Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 192301](#)



- FONLL [JHEP 10 \(2012\) 137](#)

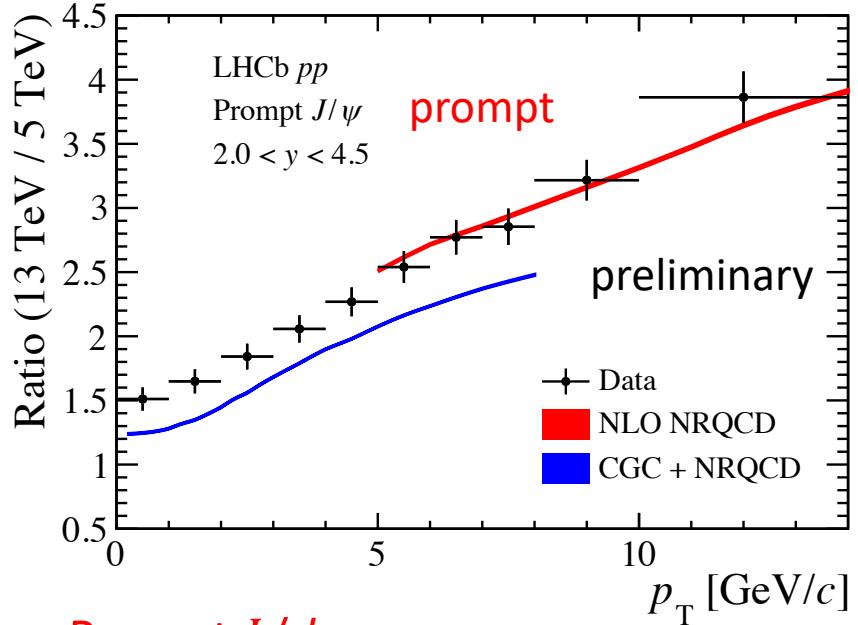
- Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 610

- The inclusion of CGC effects achieves a reasonable agreement between data and theory for **prompt J/ψ** at **low p_T**
- Good agreement with predictions both for **prompt J/ψ** and **J/ψ from b**

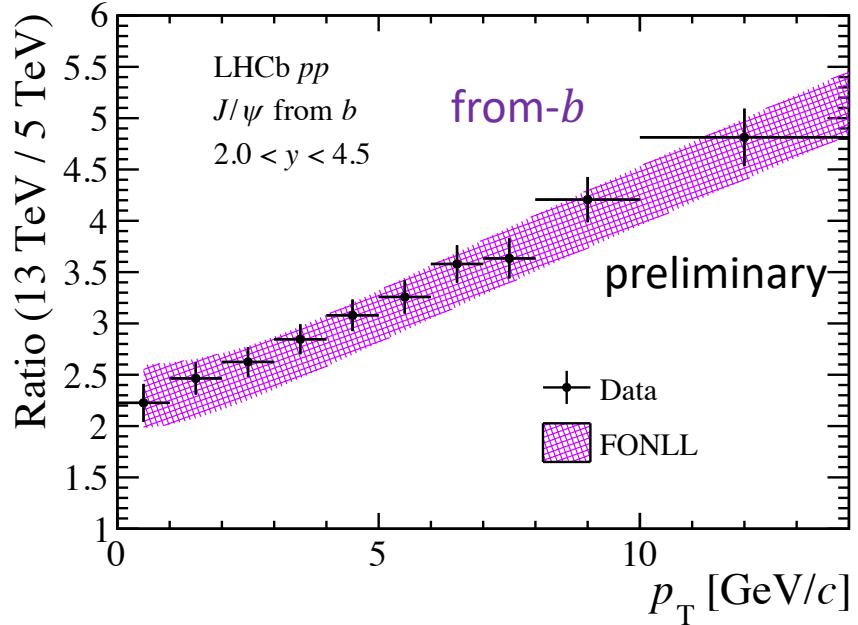
Cross-section ratio

- Ratio between 13 TeV and 5 TeV measurements (uncertainties cancel a lot in ratio)

LHCb-PAPER-2021-020

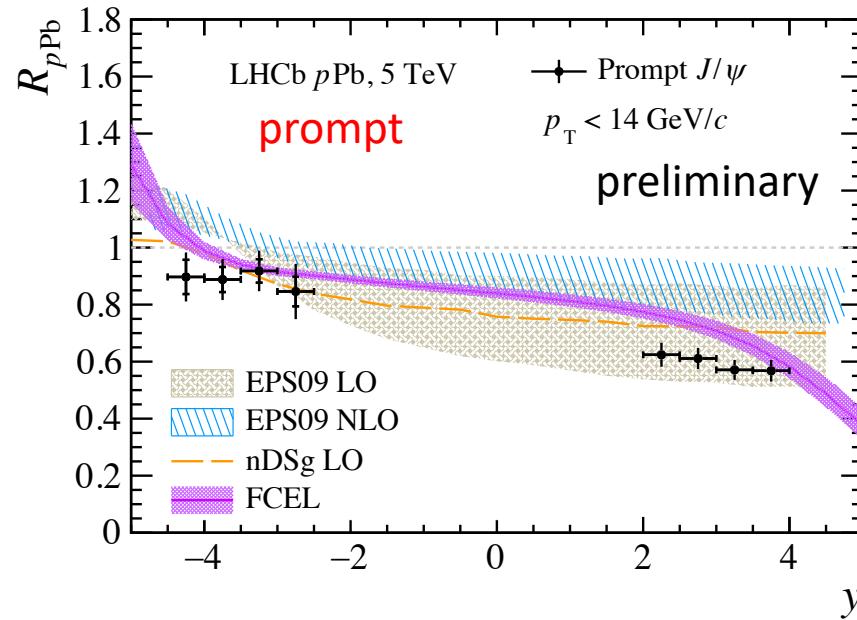


- Prompt J/ψ :
 - High p_T : good agreement between data and NLO NRQCD
 - Low p_T : a small tension between data and CGC + NRQCD
- J/ψ from b : good agreement between data and FONLL
- Same conclusion for the ratio between 8 TeV and 5 TeV measurements

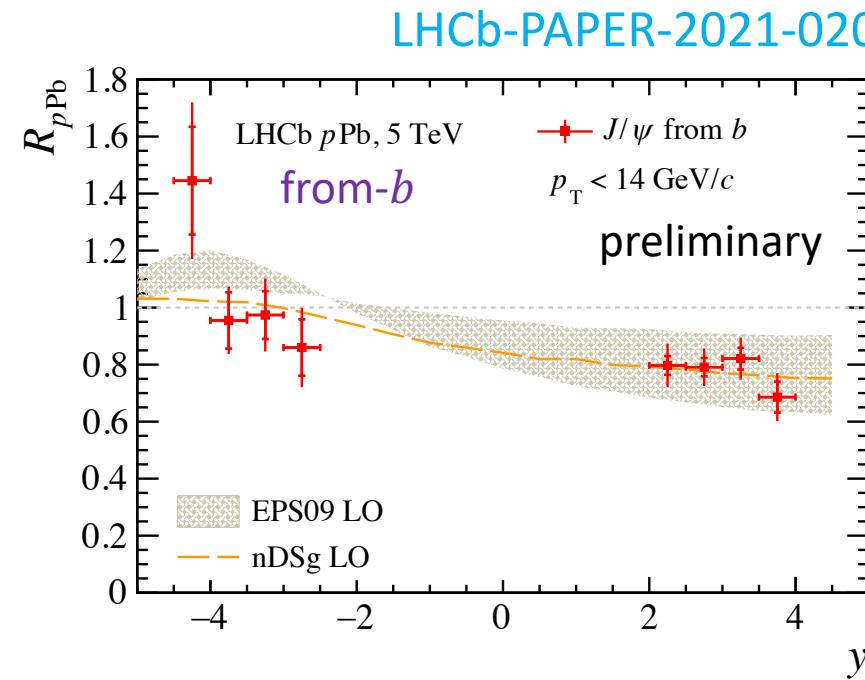


Nuclear modification factor $R_{p\text{Pb}}$

- $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ at 5 TeV was calculated using interpolated pp collision cross-sections [JHEP 02 \(2014\) 072](#)
- $R_{p\text{Pb}}$ is updated using direct measured pp collision cross-sections



- Agree with most predictions
- EPS09 NLO provides a poorer description in the forward region for prompt J/ψ



- LHCb-PAPER-2021-020
- EPS09 LO [Phys. Rev. C88, 047901](#)
 - EPS09 NLO [Int. J. Mod. Phys. E22, 1330007](#)
 - nDSg LO [Phys. Rev. C88, 047901](#)
 - FCEL [Phys. Rev. Lett. 109, 122301](#)

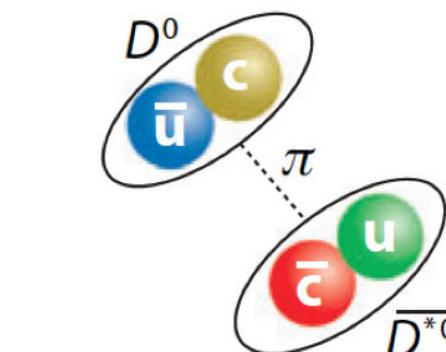
$\chi_{c1}(3872)$ production at 8 and 13 TeV

LHCb-PAPER-2021-026, in preparation

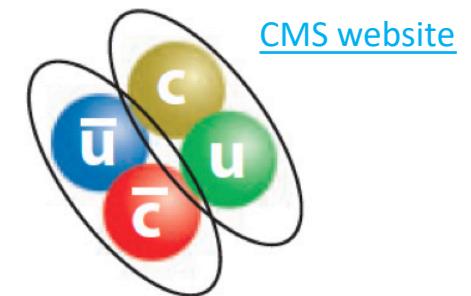
Introduction to $\chi_{c1}(3872)$

AKA $X(3872)$

- An exotic hadron discovered by Belle in 2003 [Phys. Rev. Lett. 91, 262001](#)
- $J^{PC} = 1^{++}$ determined by LHCb [Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 222001](#)
- $\delta E|_{\text{LHCb}} = m_{D^0} + m_{\bar{D}^{*0}} - m_{\chi_{c1}(3872)} = 70 \pm 120 \text{ keV}$ [Phys. Rev. D102, 092005](#) [JHEP 08 \(2020\) 123](#)
- Nonzero width $\sim 1 \text{ MeV}$ is observed [Phys. Rev. D102, 092005](#) [JHEP 08 \(2020\) 123](#)
- The nature of $\chi_{c1}(3872)$ is still unclear
 - Charmonium? disfavoured by measured mass and J^{PC} , and isospin breaking [Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 222001](#) [Phys. Rev. B590, 209](#)
 - Hadronic molecule? [Phys. Rev. B590, 209](#)
 - Compact tetraquark? [Phys. Rev. D71, 014028](#)
 - Mixture of states?
 - $\chi_{c1}(2P) + D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$? [Phys. Rev. D96, 074014](#)



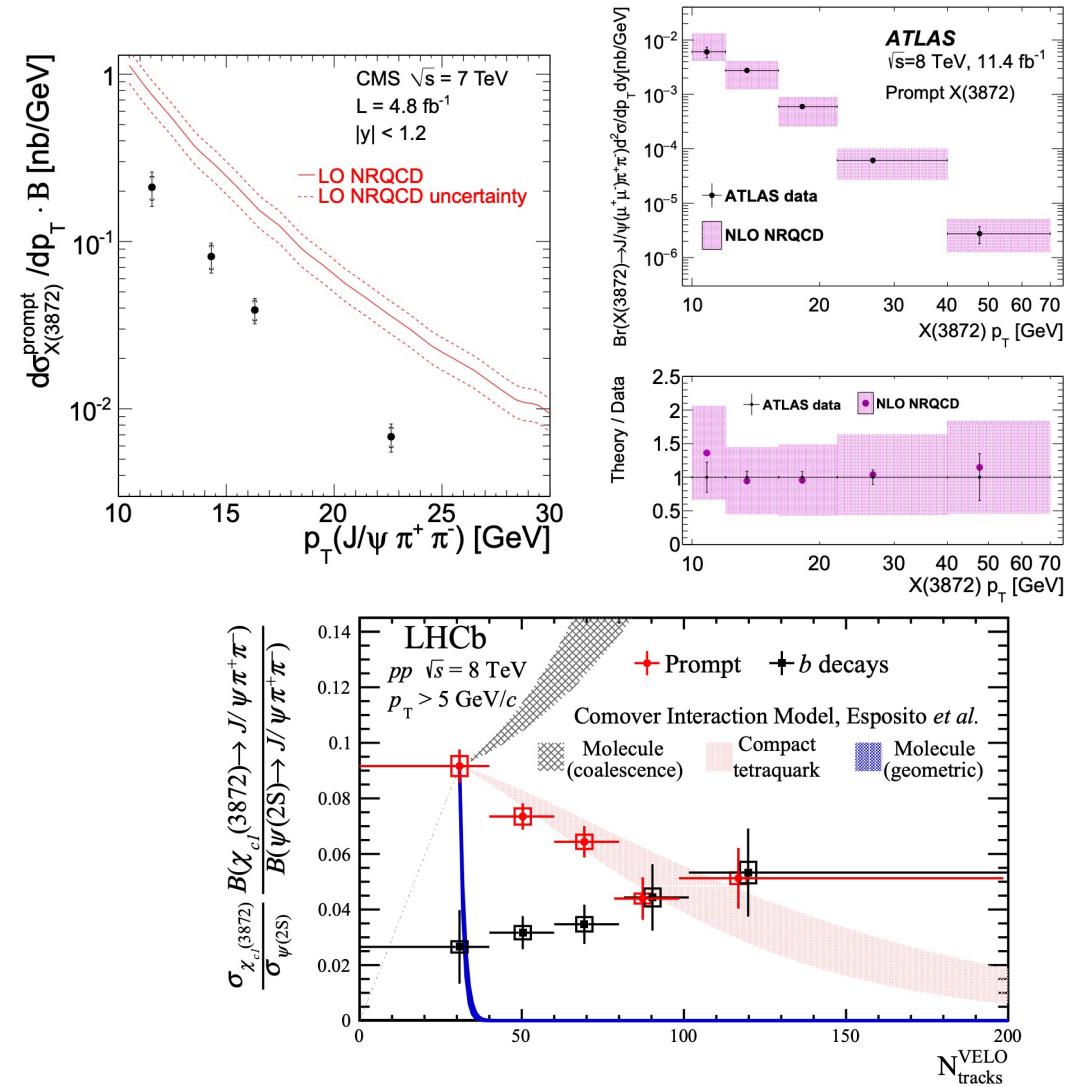
$D^0-\bar{D}^{*0}$ “molecule”



Diquark–dantiquark

Previous production measurements

- CMS results $d\sigma/dp_T < \text{LO NRQCD}$ for $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$ molecule [JHEP 04 \(2013\) 154](#)
- ATLAS results are consistent with NLO NRQCD prediction for a mixed $\chi_{c1}(2P)$ - $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$ state [JHEP 01 \(2017\) 117](#)
- LHCb: $\chi_{c1}(3872)/\psi(2S)$ vs multiplicity in pp collisions [Phys. Rev. Lett. 126, 092001](#)
 - Prompt: $\chi_{c1}(3872)$ suppressed relative to $\psi(2S)$ as multiplicity increases
 - Compact tetraquark?
 - b decays: no significant dependence on multiplicity is observed

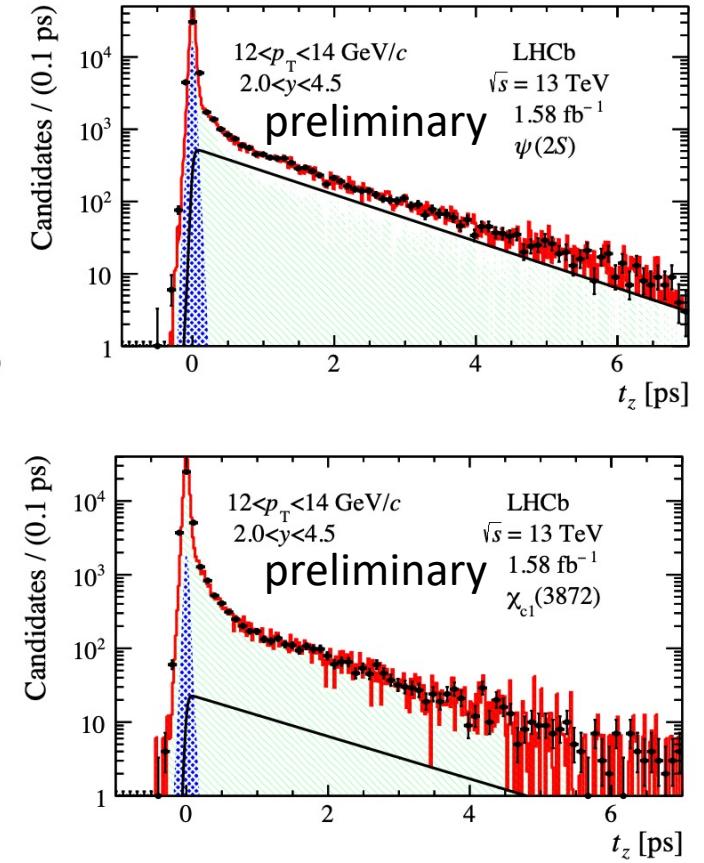
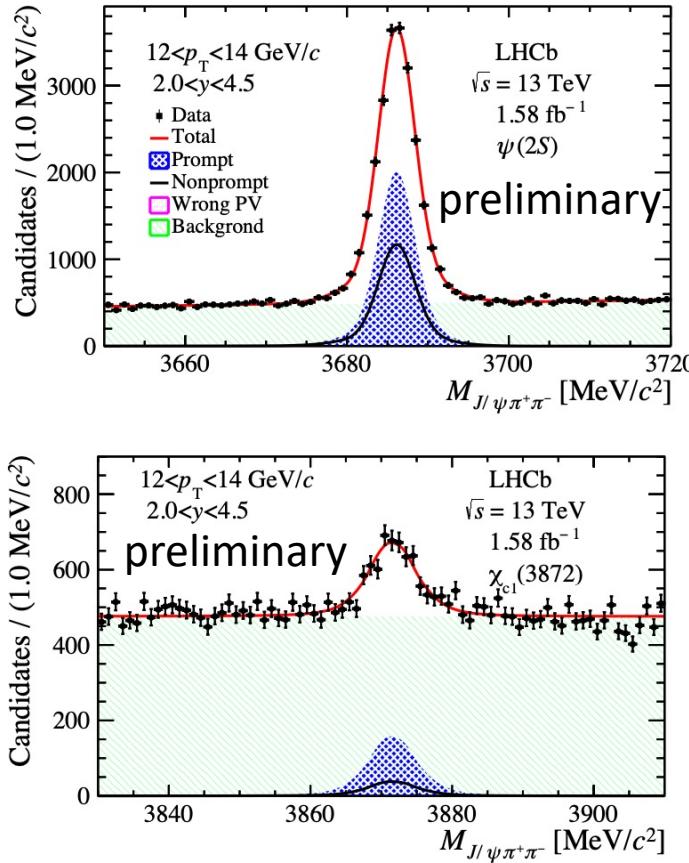


Analysis strategy

$$R = \frac{\sigma(\chi_{c1}(3872)) \times \mathcal{B}(\chi_{c1}(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-)}{\sigma(\psi(2S)) \times \mathcal{B}(\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-)} = \frac{N_{\chi_{c1}(3872)} / \varepsilon_{\chi_{c1}(3872)}}{N_{\psi(2S)} / \varepsilon_{\psi(2S)}}$$

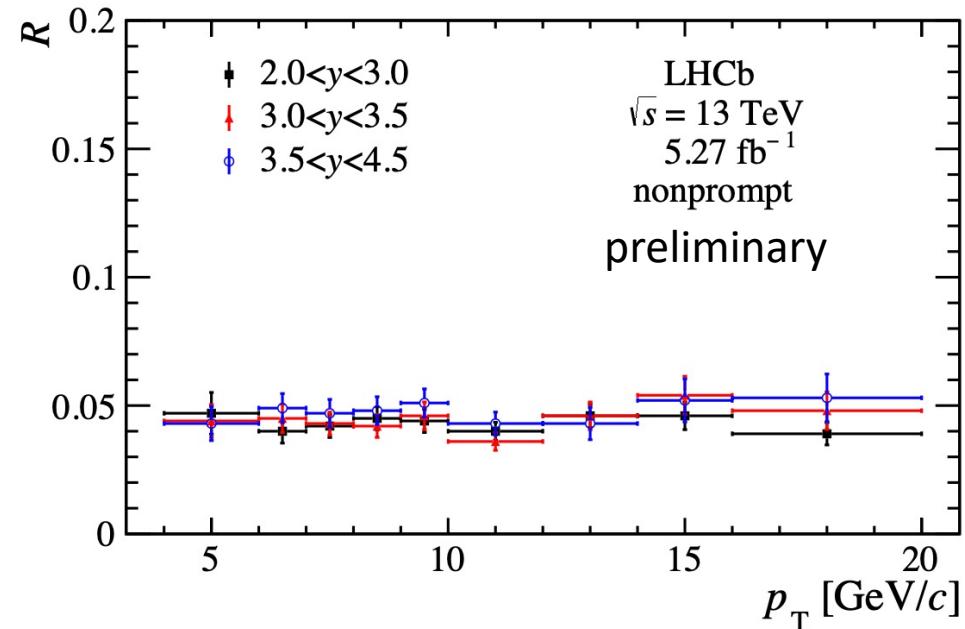
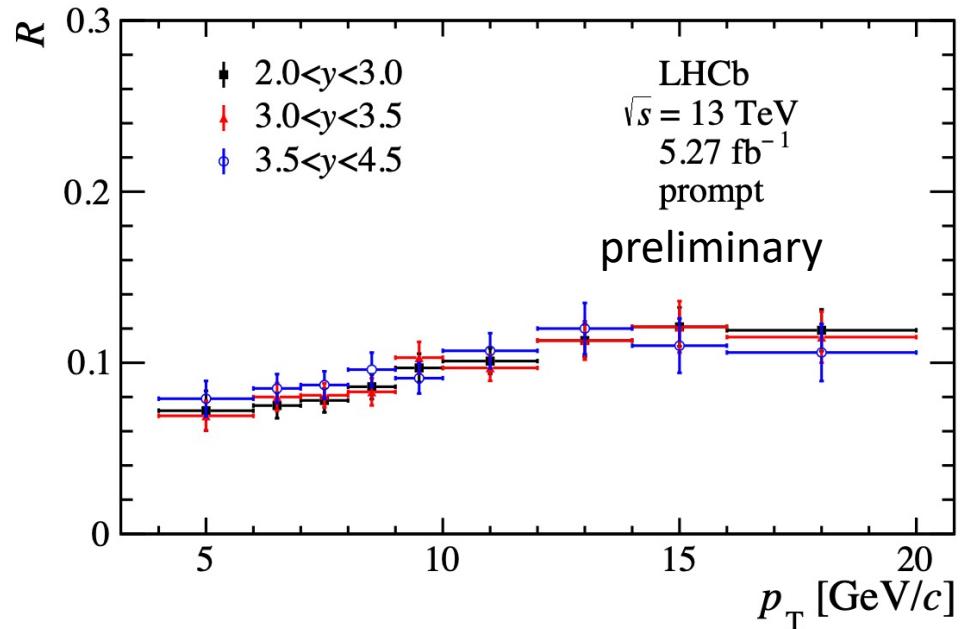
LHCb-PAPER-2021-026

- Two-dimensional fit to **mass** and **pseudo decay time t_z**
 - $t_z = \frac{z - z_{\text{PV}}}{p_z/m}$
- Yields N are corrected by efficiency ε
- Kinematic range
 - $4 < p_T < 20 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - $2.0 < y < 4.5$
- Assume zero polarisation



Cross-section ratio $\chi_{c1}(3872)/\psi(2S)$

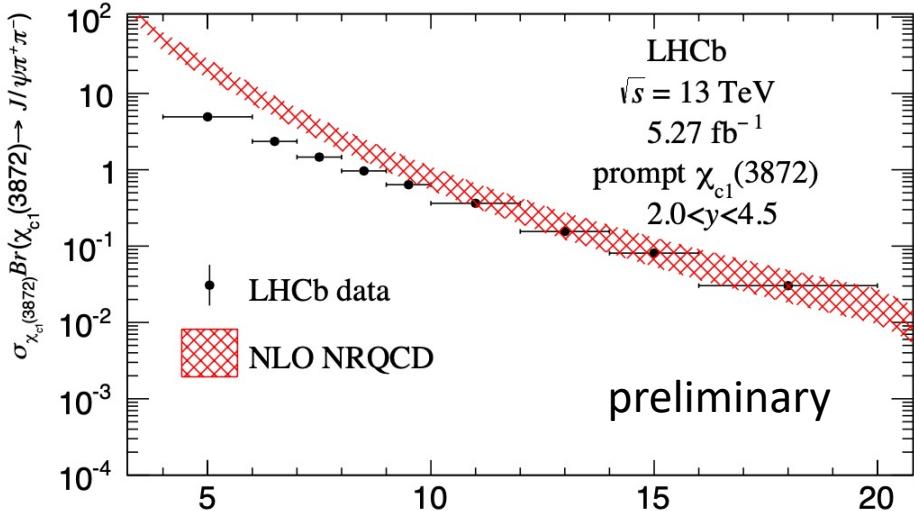
LHCb-PAPER-2021-026



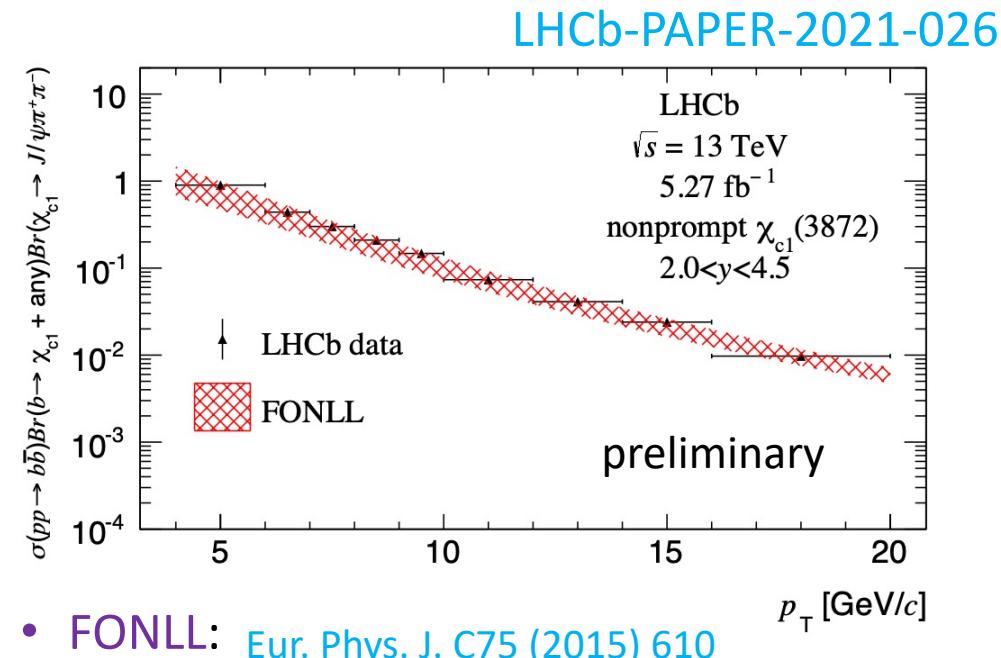
- **Prompt:** increase as a function of p_T
 - $\chi_{c1}(3872)$ production is enhanced relative to $\psi(2S)$ in the higher p_T region
 - Similar to prompt $\psi(2S) / J/\psi$ production ratio [Eur. Phys. J. C80 \(2020\) 185](#)
- **Nonprompt (from b decays):** consistent with a flat trend as a function of p_T
- Same conclusion for the ratio at 8 TeV

$\chi_{c1}(3872)$ cross-sections

- $\psi(2S)$ production cross-section is taken as an input [Eur. Phys. J. C80 \(2020\) 185](#)
- **Prompt** compared with **NLO NRQCD**, and **nonprompt** compared with **FONLL**



- **NLO NRQCD:** [Phys. Rev. Lett. 126, 092001](#)
 - Assume $\chi_{c1}(2P)$ - $D^0 \bar{D}^{*0}$ mixing model
- Good agreement between data and NLO NRQCD for $p_T > 10$ GeV/c
 - Imply that $\chi_{c1}(3872)$ is a mixed state?



- **FONLL:** [Eur. Phys. J. C75 \(2015\) 610](#)
 - Input: $\mathcal{B}(b \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(3872) + \text{any}) \times \mathcal{B}(\chi_{c1}(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-) = (4.3 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-5}$
 - Good agreement between data and FONLL

Summary

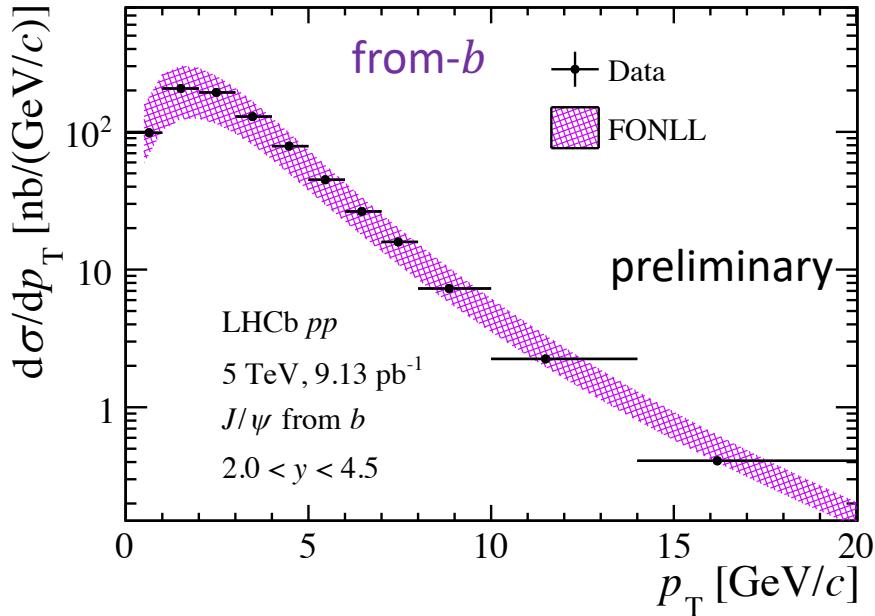
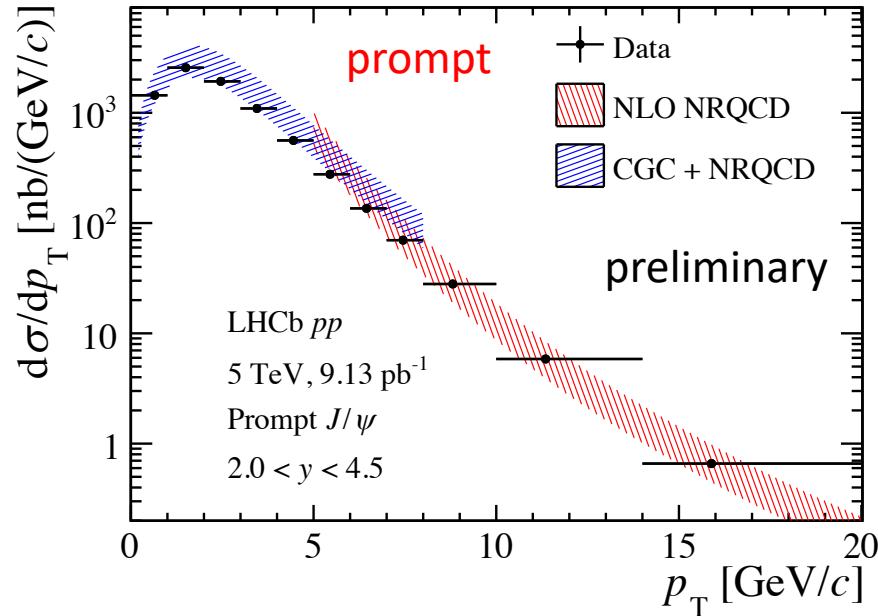
- Latest charmonium(-like) state production measurements in $p\bar{p}$ collisions are reported here
- J/ψ production cross-sections at 5.02 TeV
 - Results are consistent with theoretical predictions
 - A small tension between data and theory for prompt J/ψ in the low p_T region
- $\chi_{c1}(3872)$ production cross-sections at 8 and 13 TeV
 - Provide new input to probe the nature of $\chi_{c1}(3872)$

Thank you!

Backup Slides

J/ψ cross-sections at 5.02 TeV

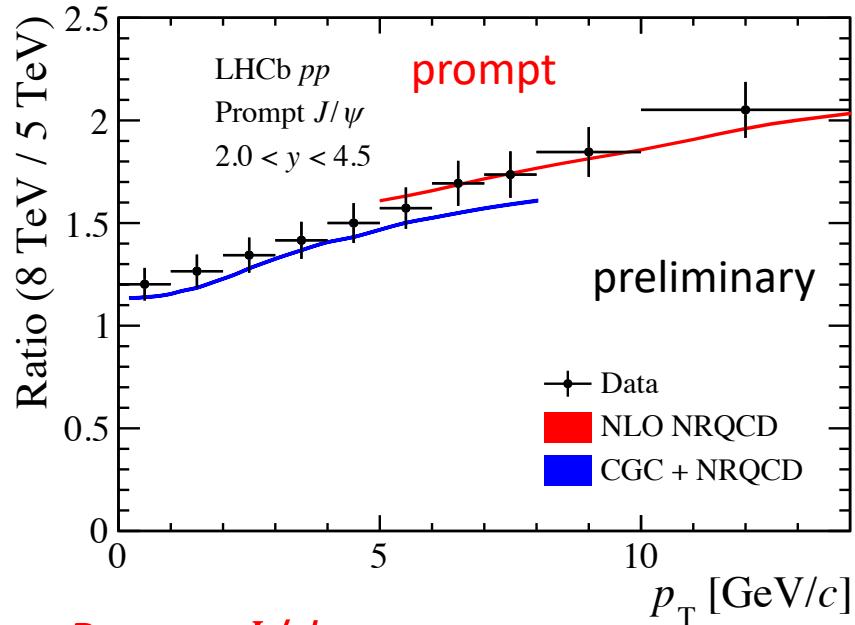
LHCb-PAPER-2021-020



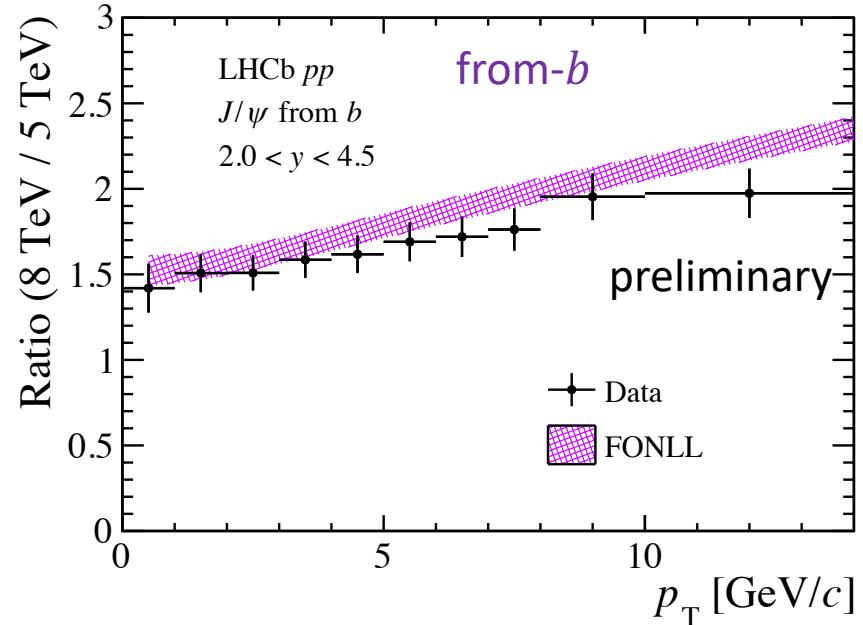
- NRQCD and CGC
 - Uncertainties due to LDMEs determination, renormalisation scales, and factorisation scales
 - Cancel most in ratios
- FONLL
 - PDFs uncertainties, the uncertainty due to the b -quark mass, and that due to the scales of renormalisation and factorisation

Cross-section ratio

- Ratio between 8 TeV and 5.02 TeV measurements



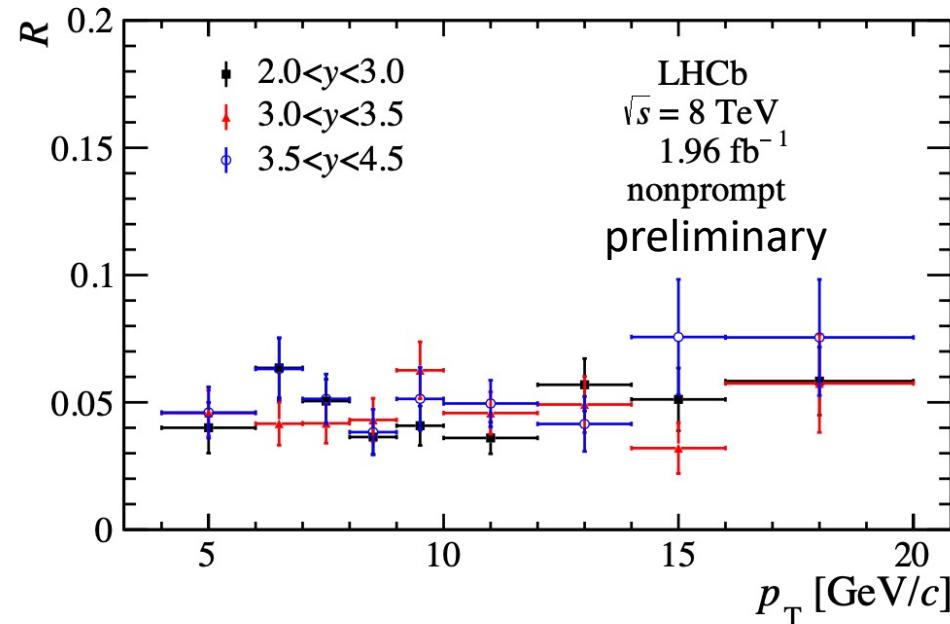
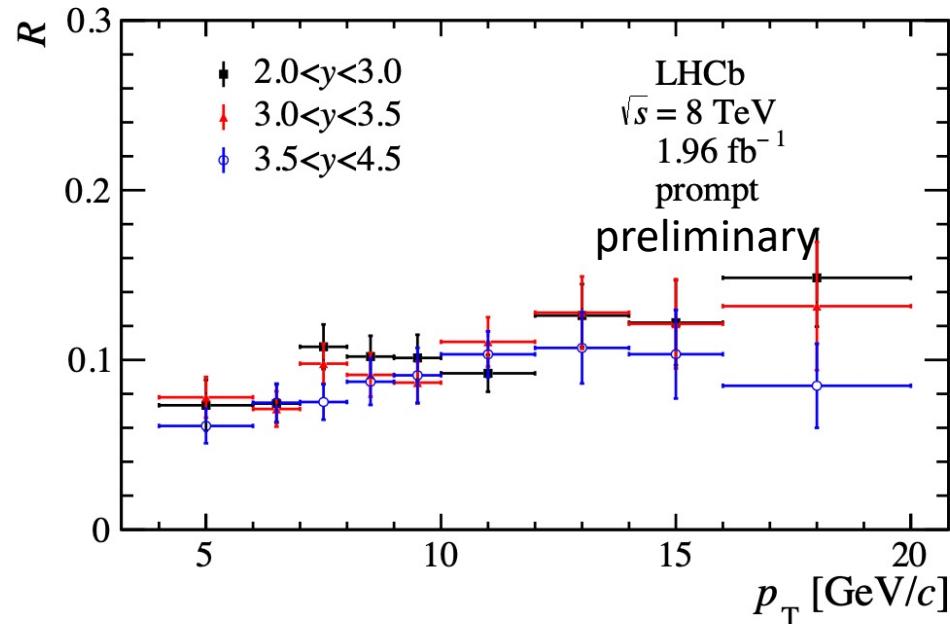
LHCb-PAPER-2021-020



- Prompt J/ψ :
 - High p_T : good agreement between data and NLO NRQCD
 - Low p_T : a small tension between data and CGC + NRQCD
 - Need further corrections in the theory model?
- J/ψ from b : good agreement between data and FONLL

Cross-section ratio $\chi_{c1}(3872)/\psi(2S)$ at 8 TeV

LHCb-PAPER-2021-026



- **Prompt:** increase as a function of p_T
 - $\chi_{c1}(3872)$ production is enhanced relative to $\psi(2S)$ in the higher p_T region
- **Nonprompt (from b decays):** consistent with a flat trend as a function of p_T

Cross-section ratio $\psi(2S) / J/\psi$

[Eur. Phys. J. C80 \(2020\) 185](#)

