



**10th International Workshop on
Charm Physics (CHARM 2020)**

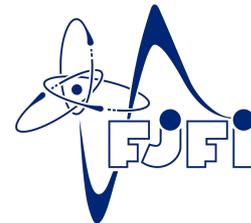
Open charm experimental overview

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Czech Technical University in Prague



CHARM 2020
June 3th, 2021

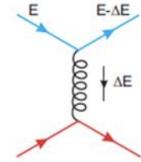


Heavy flavour in HI collisions

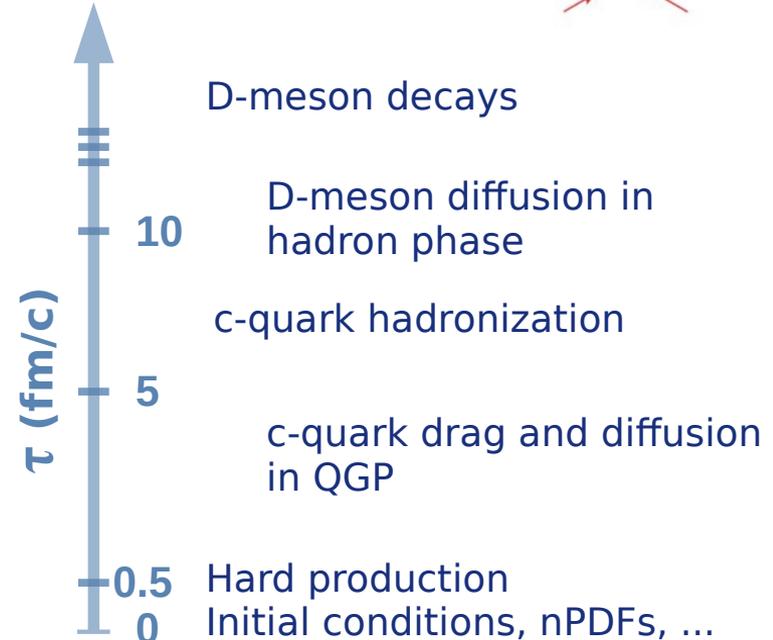
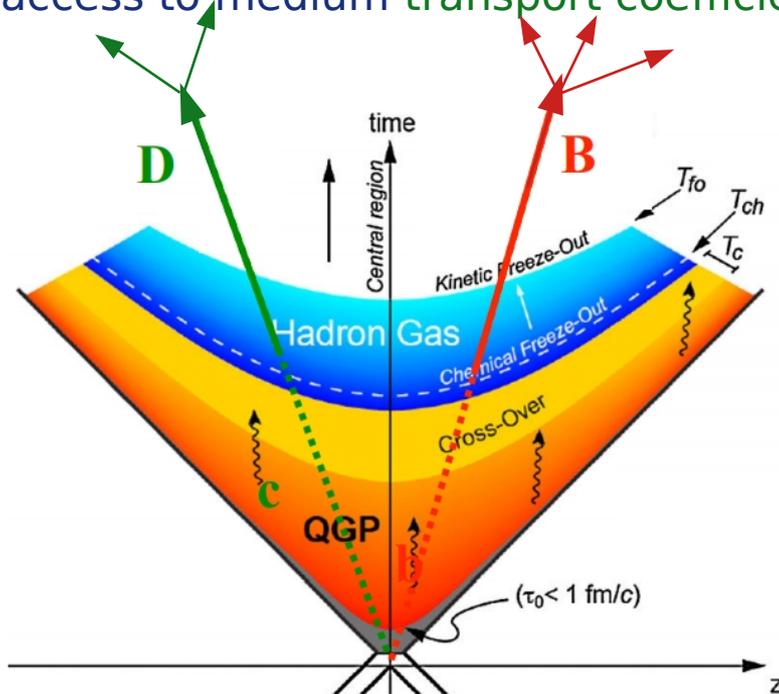
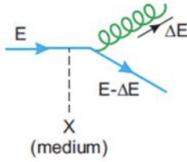


- Heavy-flavour quarks (c,b): produced in initial hard scatterings, no thermal production $m_Q \gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}, T_{\text{QGP}}$
- Interactions with the medium \rightarrow parton energy loss, flow
 - \rightarrow Constraints on energy loss mechanisms (collisional/radiative process)
 - \rightarrow Direct access to medium transport coefficient: $D_s(2\pi T)$

Collisional energy loss



Radiative energy loss



Hadronization



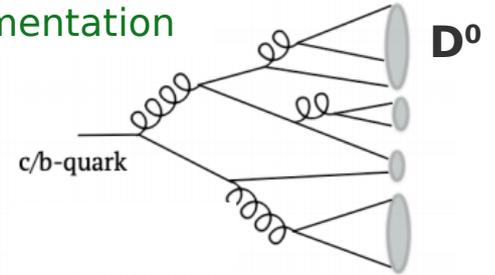
$$\frac{d\sigma^{H_c}}{dp_T} = \underbrace{PDF(x_1\mu_F)PDF(x_2\mu_F)}_{\text{PDFs}} \otimes \underbrace{\frac{d\sigma^c}{dp_T^c}(x_1, x_2, \mu_R, \mu_F)}_{\text{Parton Cross Section}} \otimes \underbrace{D_{c \rightarrow H_c}(z = p_{H_c}/p_c, \mu_F)}_{\text{Fragmentation Function}}$$

- Fragmentation

$$c \rightarrow D^0, D^*, D_S, \Lambda_c$$

assumed universal across coll. systems and en.,
from vacuum e^+e^- , ep data

Fragmentation

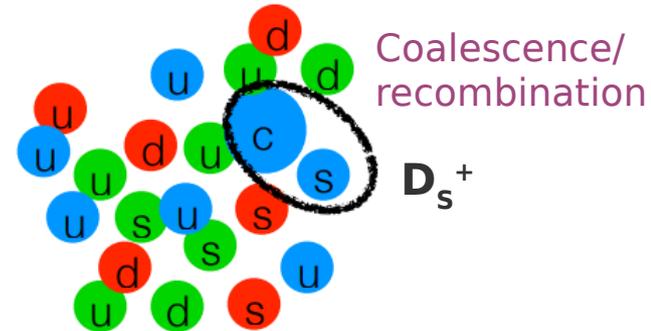


- Coalescence

$$c + q(s) \rightarrow D (D_S), D^*, \dots$$

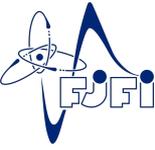
$$c + q + q(s) \rightarrow \Lambda_c(\Xi_c), \dots$$

depends on phase-space of surrounding
q(s) quarks in medium

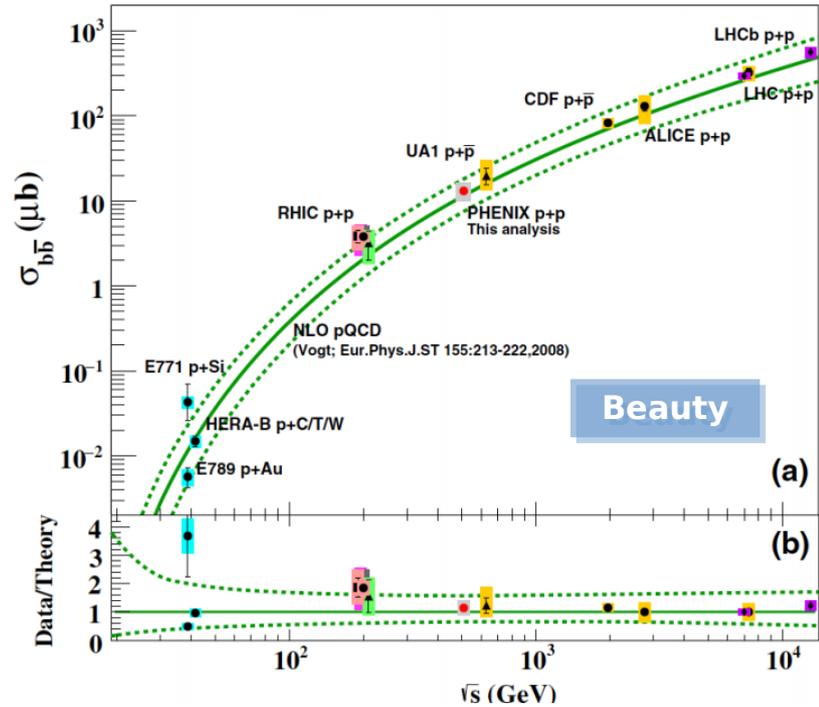
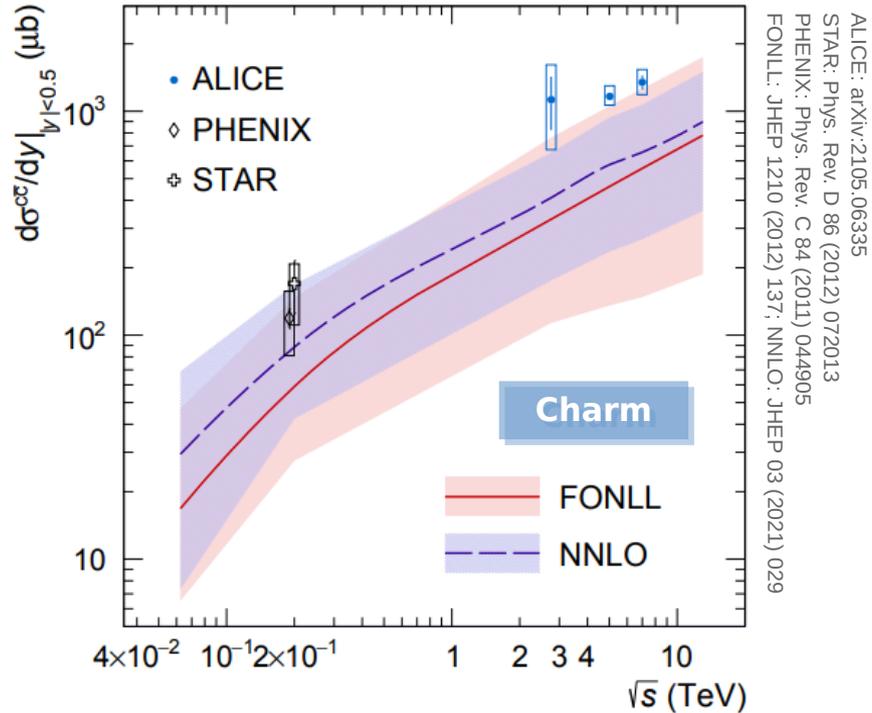


→ $D_S, B_S, \Lambda_c, \dots$: good probes of in-medium hadronization

Charm and beauty in pp



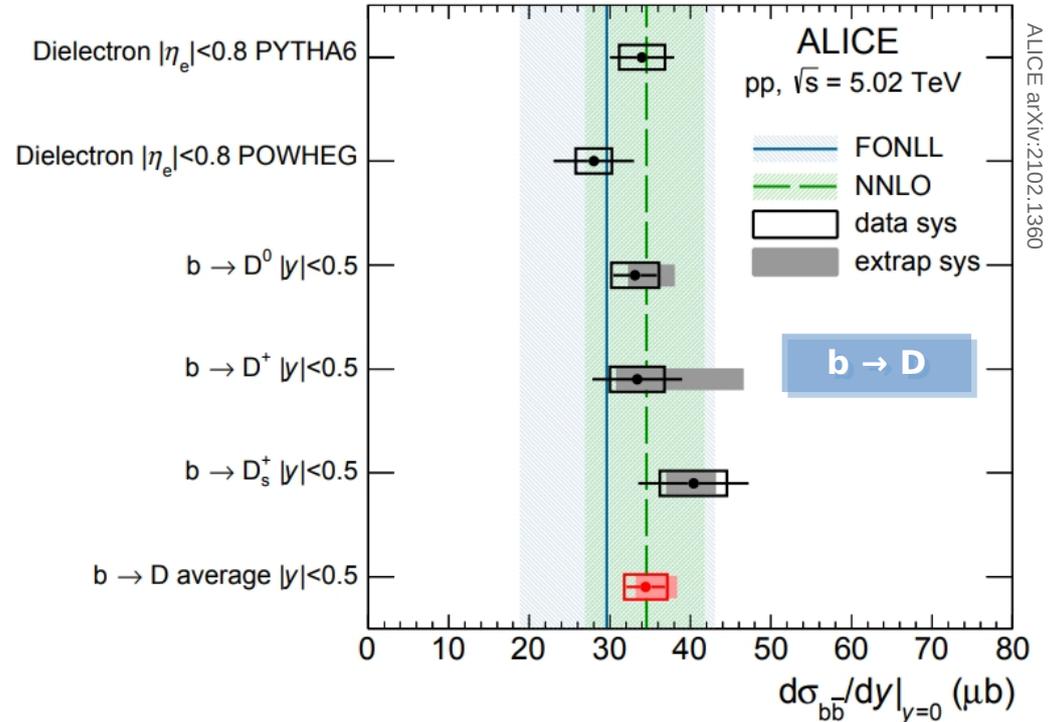
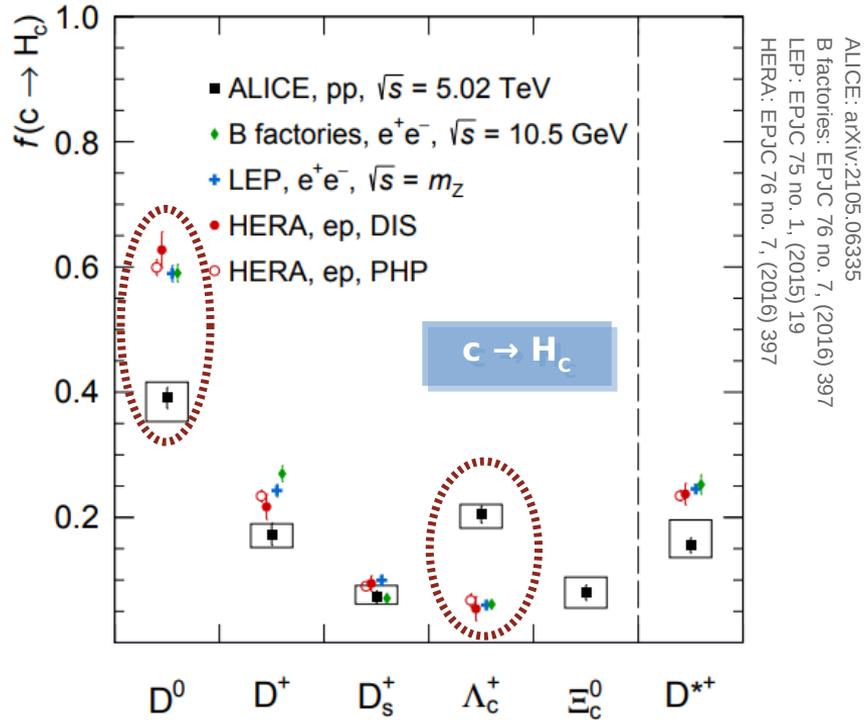
- Reference for modifications in HI collisions, test of pQCD
- FONLL and NNLO pQCD calculations:
 - Charm cross section on the upper edge
 - Beauty cross section well described



Fragmentation fractions in pp



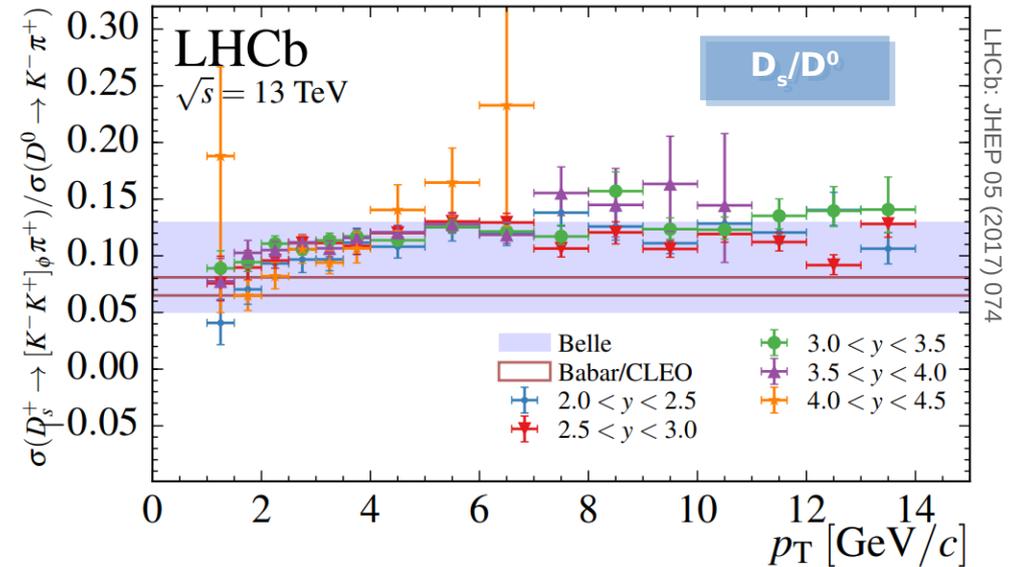
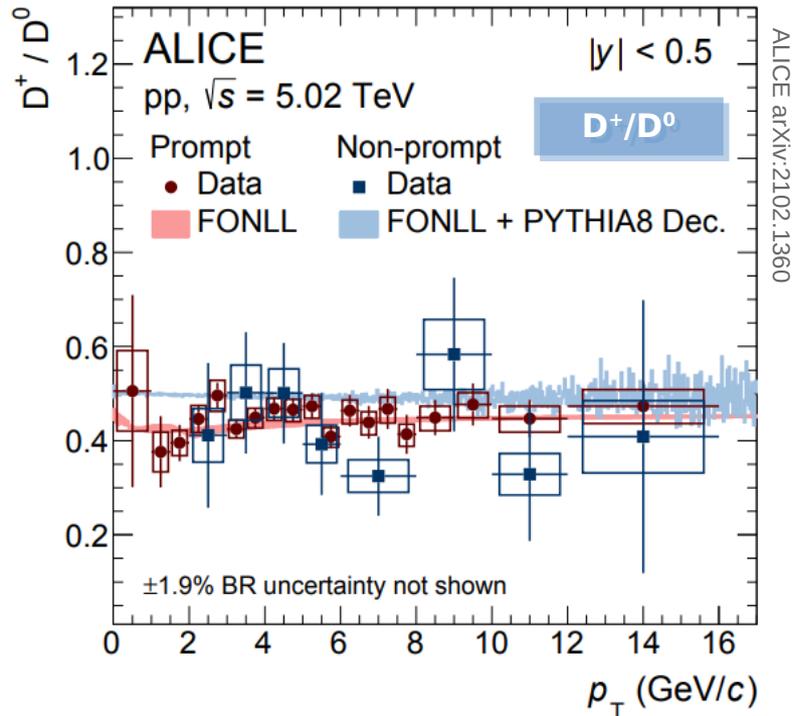
- Charm fragmentation not universal
- $b \rightarrow D$ consistent with FONLL and NNLO



Meson-to-meson yield ratios in pp



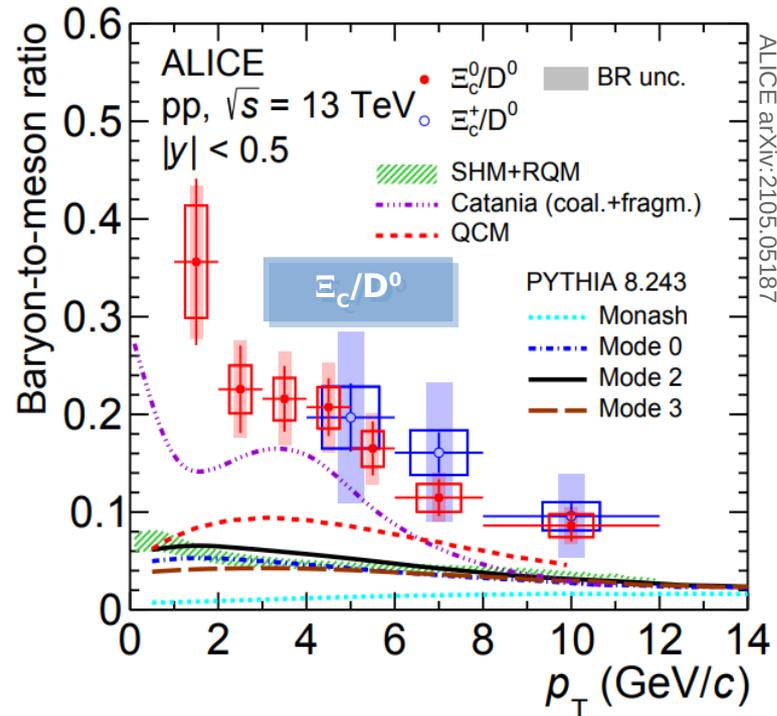
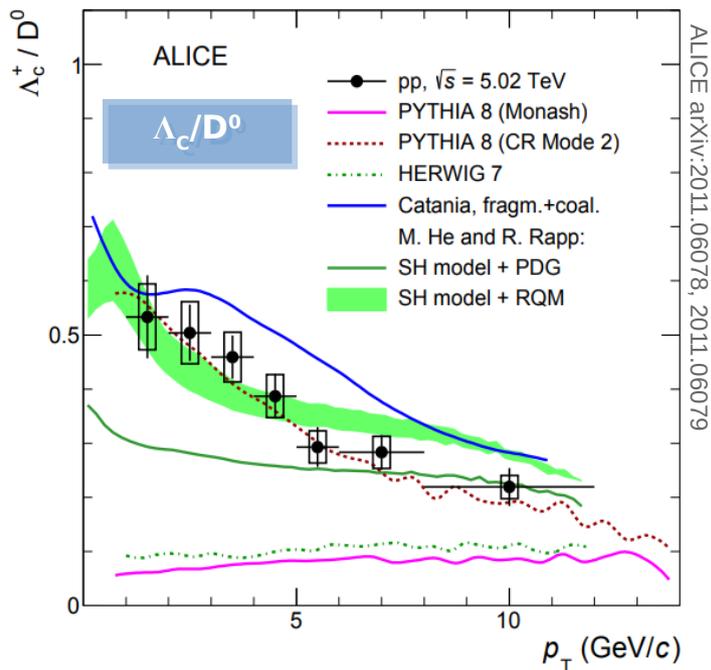
- Meson-to-meson yield ratios described well by models and e^+e^- measurements
 - Both prompt and non-prompt
 - \sim Flat p_T dependence
 - No evidence of strangeness modification



Baryon-to-meson yield ratios in pp



- Enhancement of baryon-to-meson yield ratios - disagreement with models using e^+e^- fragmentations.** Better agreement with data:
 - PYTHIA 8 with Colour Reconnection modes - does not describe $\Xi_c(\Omega_c)/D^0$
 - Statistical hadronization + RQM model - does not describe $\Xi_c(\Omega_c)/D^0$
 - Fragmentation + coalescence production in pp - Catania model** (underestimates Ω_c/D^0)

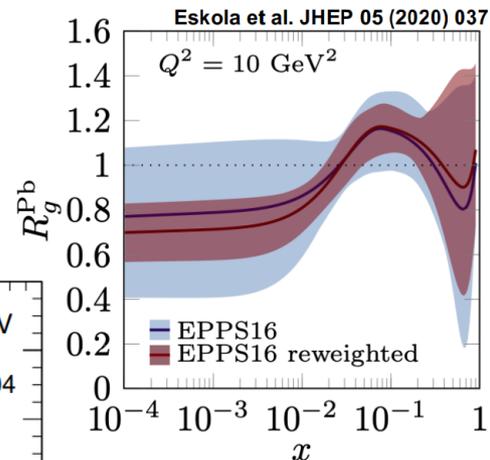
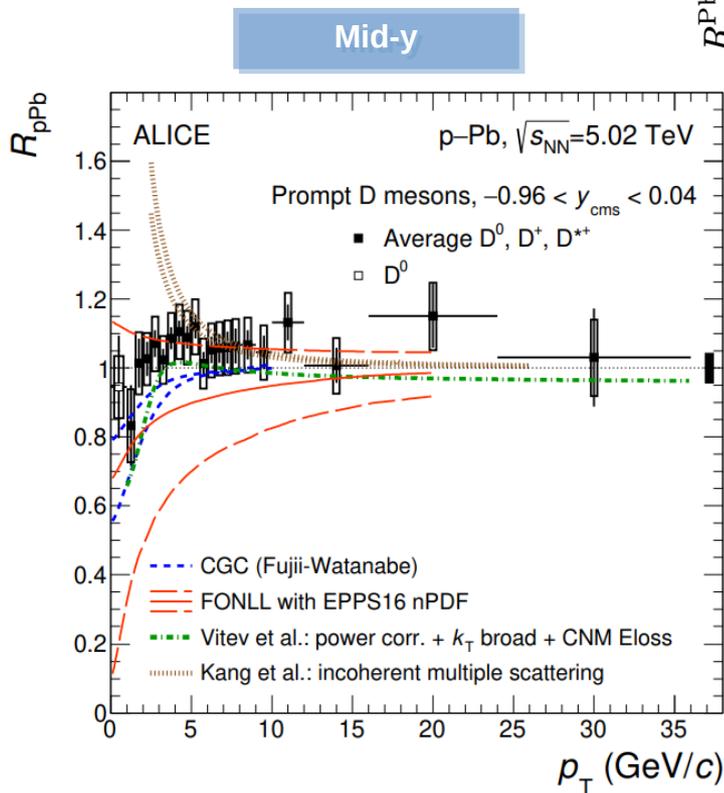
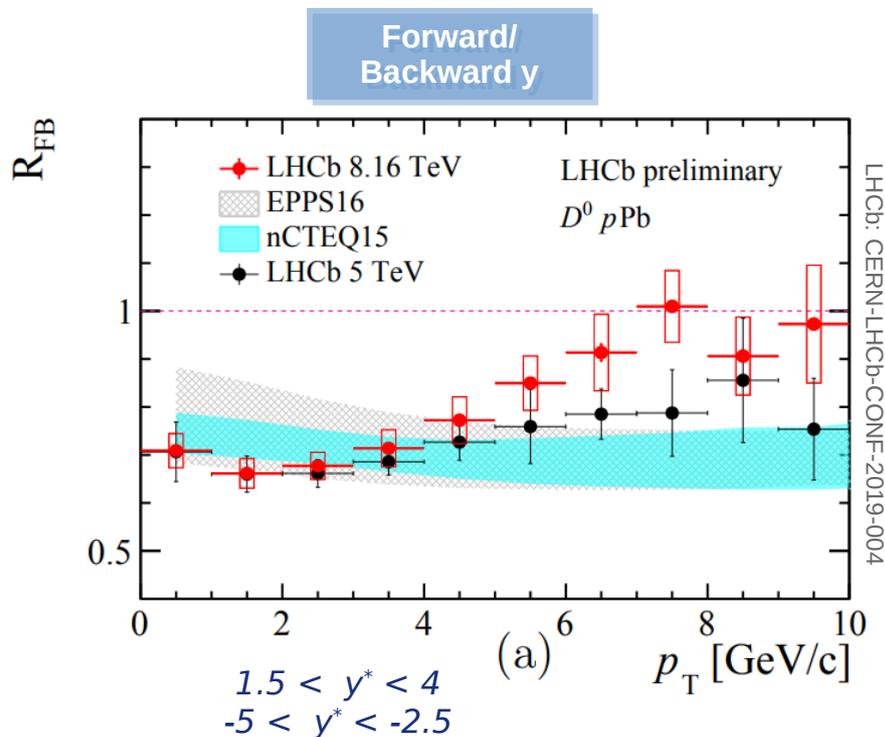


PYTHIA 8 Monash: Eur. Phys. J. C 74 (2014) 3024
 PYTHIA 8 Mode2: JHEP 08 (2015) 003
 HERWIG 7: Eur. Phys. J. C58 (2008) 639–707
 POWHEG: JHEP 09 (2007) 126
 GM-VFN3: Phys. Rev. D 101 (2020) 114021
 M. He and R. Rapp: PLB 795 (2019) 117-121
 RQM: Phys. Rev. D 84 (2011) 014025
 Catania: arXiv:2012.12001, EPJC 78 no. 4, (2018) 348

Charm in pA



- Control experiment for cold nuclear matter effects
 - Constraints on nPDF
- nPDFs with shadowing describe low p_T D-meson data**



Heavy Ion Collisions

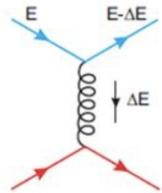
Heavy-flavour suppression in HI



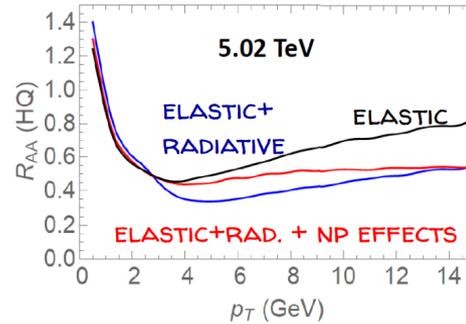
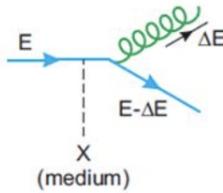
- Interplay between collisional and radiative processes
 - Low p_T : elastic interactions dominate
 - High p_T : radiative en. loss

$$R_{AA}(p_T) = \frac{1}{\langle N_{\text{coll}} \rangle} \frac{dN_{AA}/dp_T}{dN_{pp}/dp_T}$$

Collisional energy loss



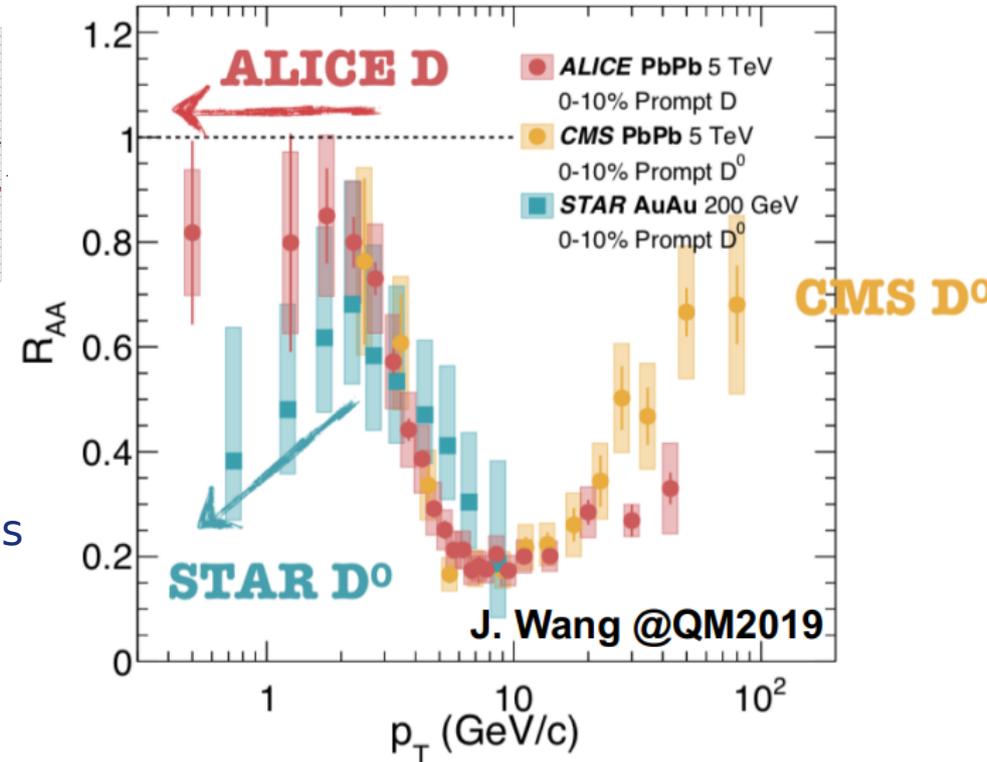
Radiative energy loss



arXiv:2003.12536

- R_{AA} : different regimes can be identified
- Strong charm suppression in central AA collisions
- Low- p_T R_{AA} bump
 - Flow effect
 - Recombination with light quarks

World open charm R_{AA} (0-10%)

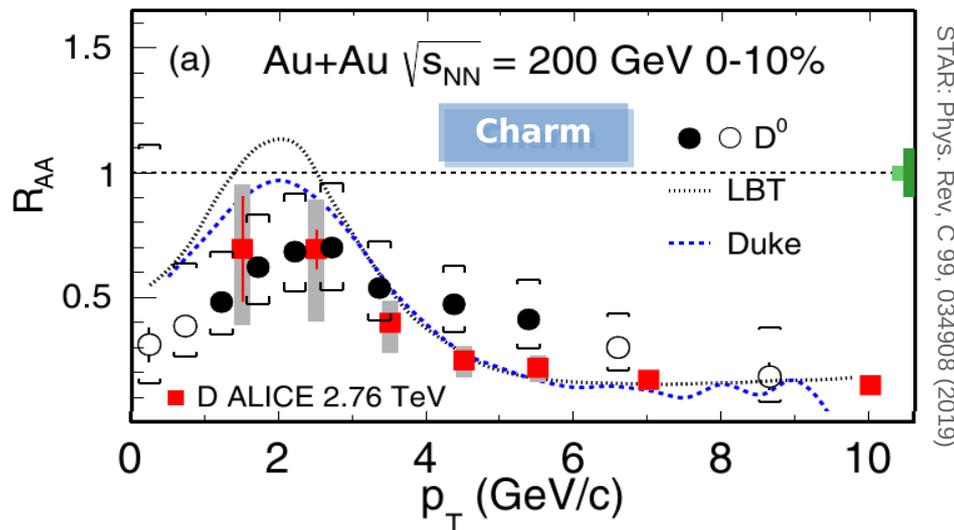


J. Wang @QM2019

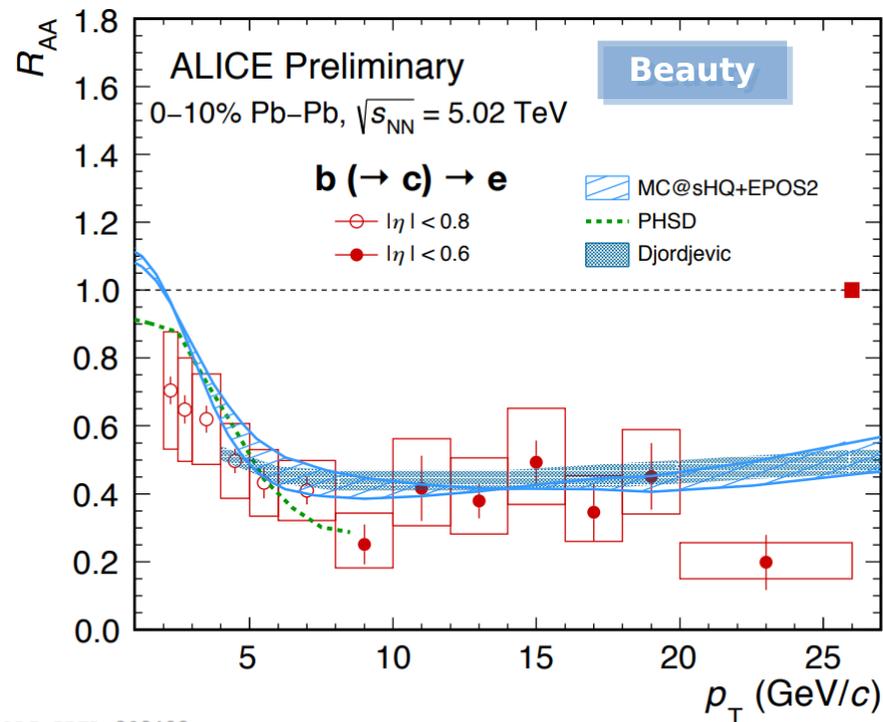
Charm and beauty R_{AA} vs models



- Interplay between collisional and radiative energy processes
- **Charm and beauty suppression described by models with collisional and radiative en. loss**



STAR: Phys. Rev. C 99, 034908 (2019)



ALI-PREL-308498

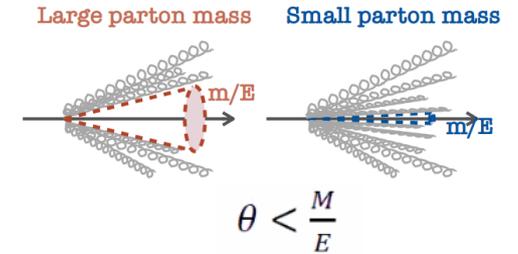
Flavour dependence



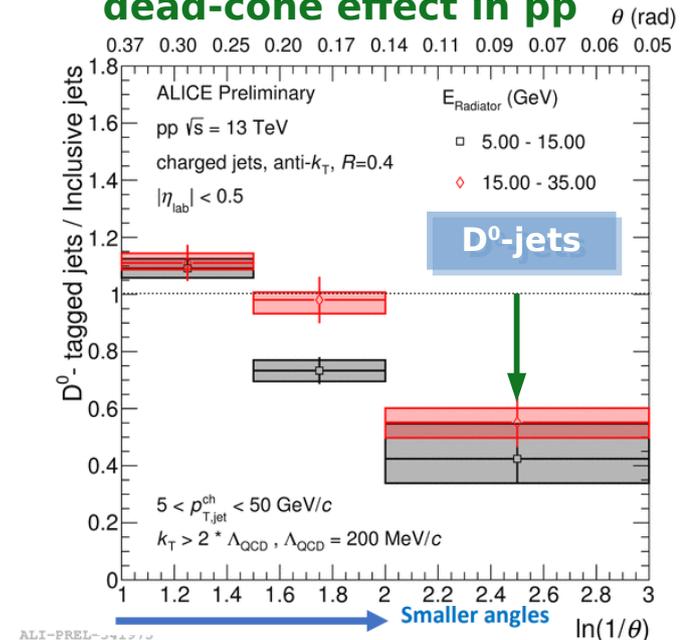
- Radiative en. loss
 - **Dead cone effect:** suppression of small-angle gluon radiation

$$\Delta E_{\text{gluons}} > \Delta E_{\text{light-quarks}} > \Delta E_{\text{heavy-quarks}}$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{c-quarks}} > \Delta E_{\text{b-quarks}}$$



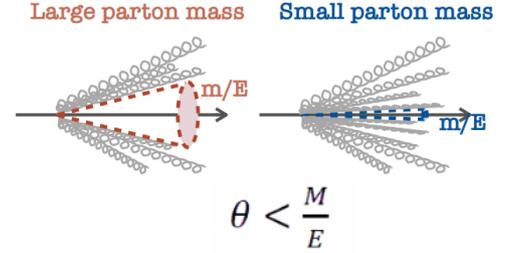
First direct observation of dead-cone effect in pp



Flavour dependence

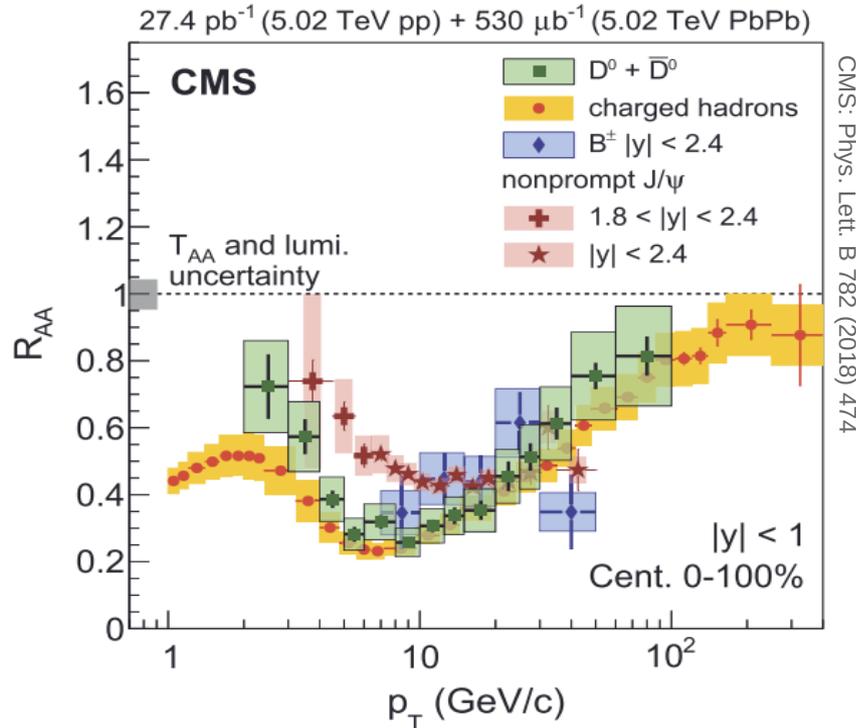


- Radiative en. loss
 - Dead cone effect: suppression of small-angle gluon radiation



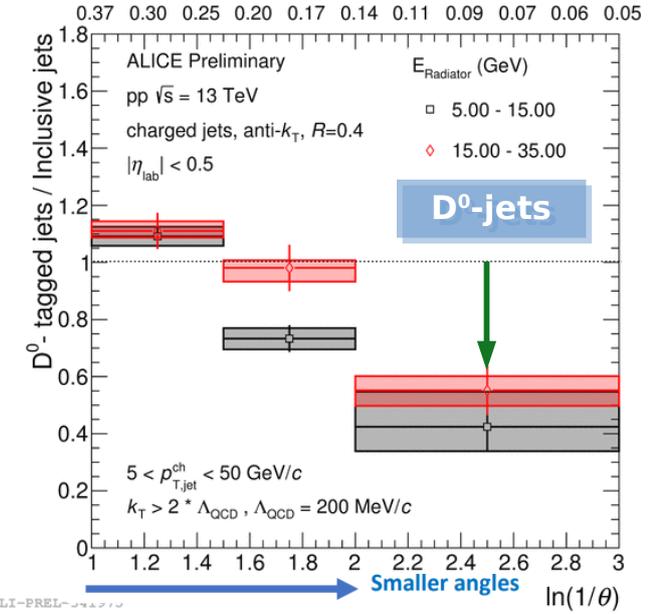
$$\Delta E_{\text{gluons}} > \Delta E_{\text{light-quarks}} > \Delta E_{\text{heavy-quarks}} \rightarrow R_{AA}^{\text{c-hadron}} > R_{AA}^{\text{b-hadron}}$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{c-quarks}} > \Delta E_{\text{b-quarks}}$$



CMS: Phys. Lett. B 782 (2018) 474

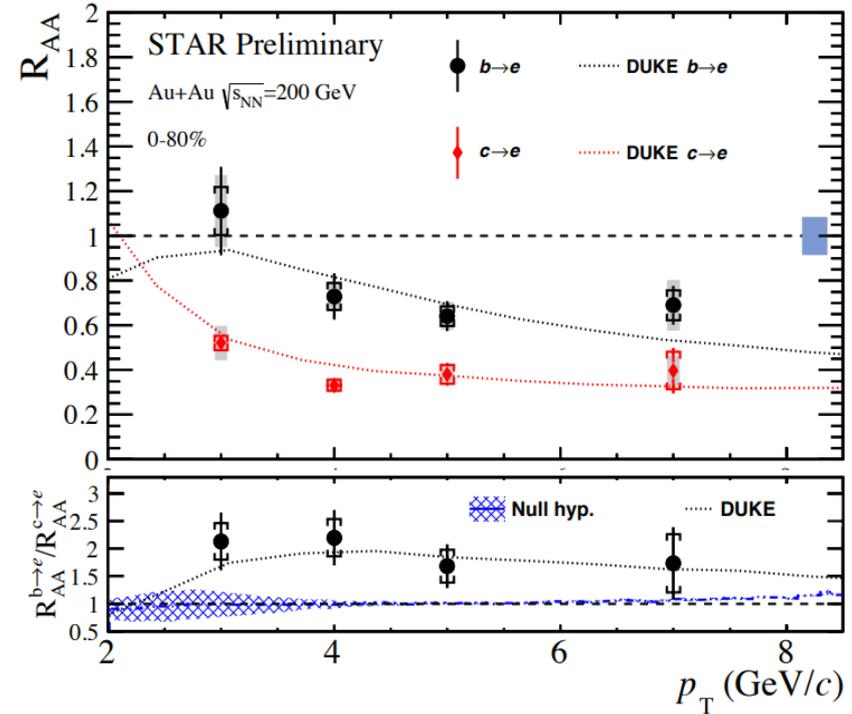
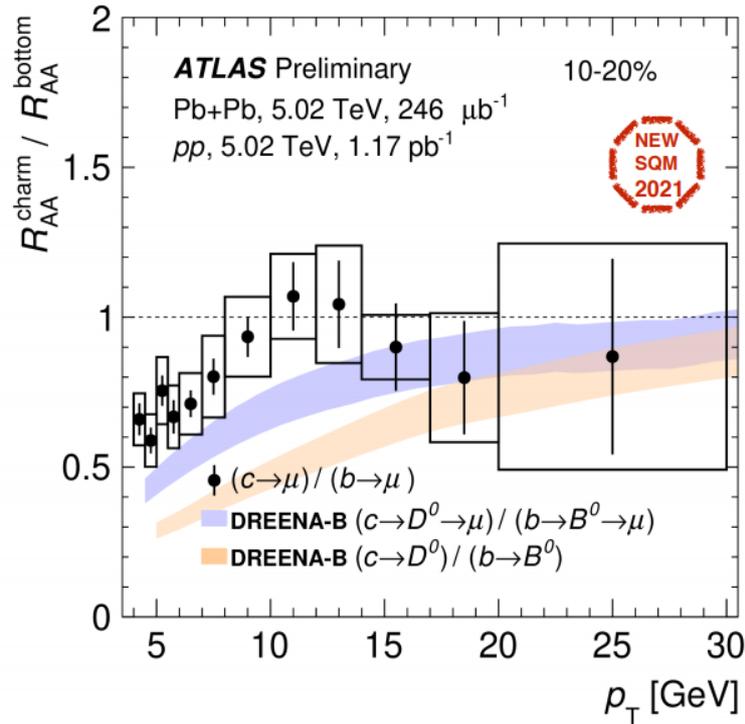
First direct observation of dead-cone effect in pp



Charm vs beauty R_{AA}



- **Beauty $R_{AA} >$ charm R_{AA}** at intermediate $p_T \rightarrow$ suggesting larger en. loss for charm quarks
- Beauty $R_{AA} \sim$ charm R_{AA} at higher p_T
- **Described by models including dead-cone effect**

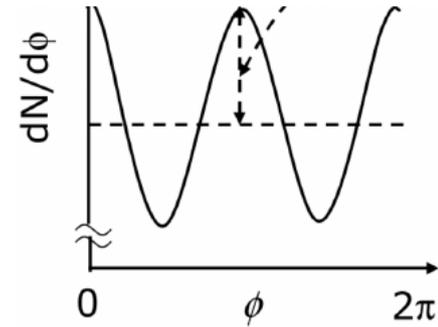
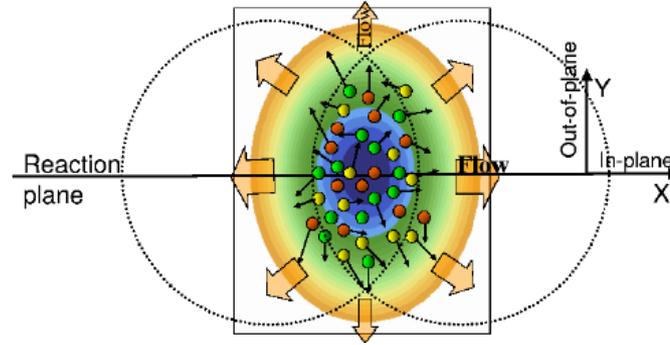
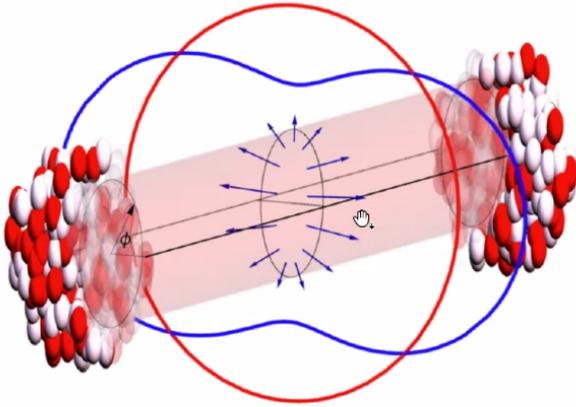


Anisotropic Flow in HI



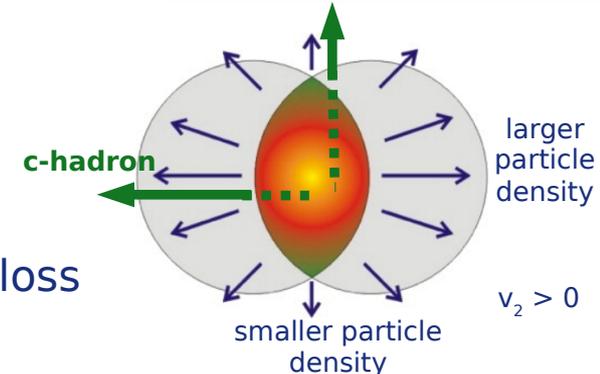
- Collision geometry: initial spacial anisotropy
- Multiple interactions between the constituents of the medium → azimuthal momentum space anisotropy of particle emission, flow

$$\frac{d^3 N}{p_T dp_T dy d\phi} = \frac{d^2 N}{2\pi p_T dp_T dy} \left[1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2v_n \cos(n(\phi - \Psi_{EP})) \right] \quad v_n = \langle \cos[n(\phi - \psi_n)] \rangle$$



- Heavy-flavour elliptic flow, v_2

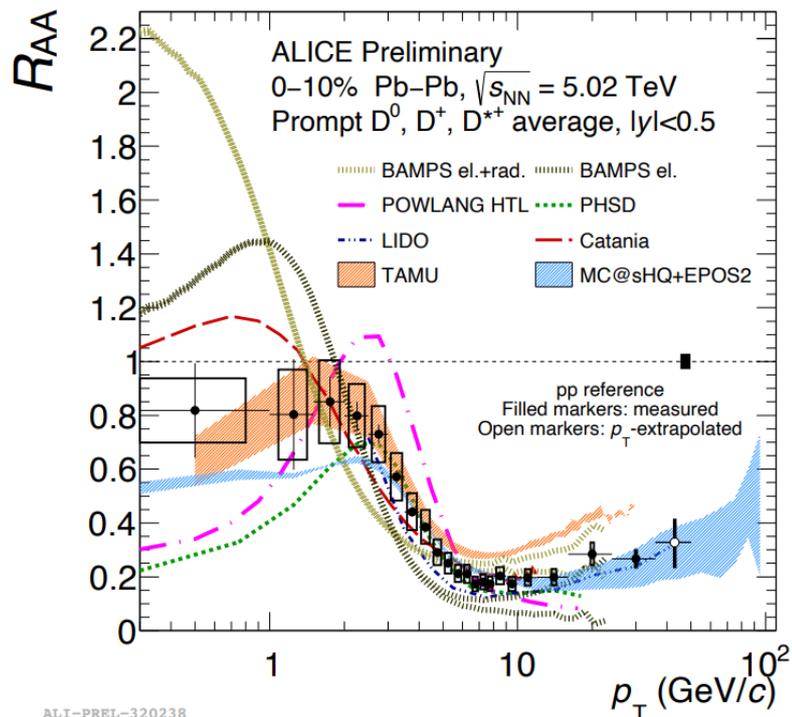
- Low p_T : Collective motion of the system, hq thermalization ?
- High p_T : Path-length dependent parton energy loss



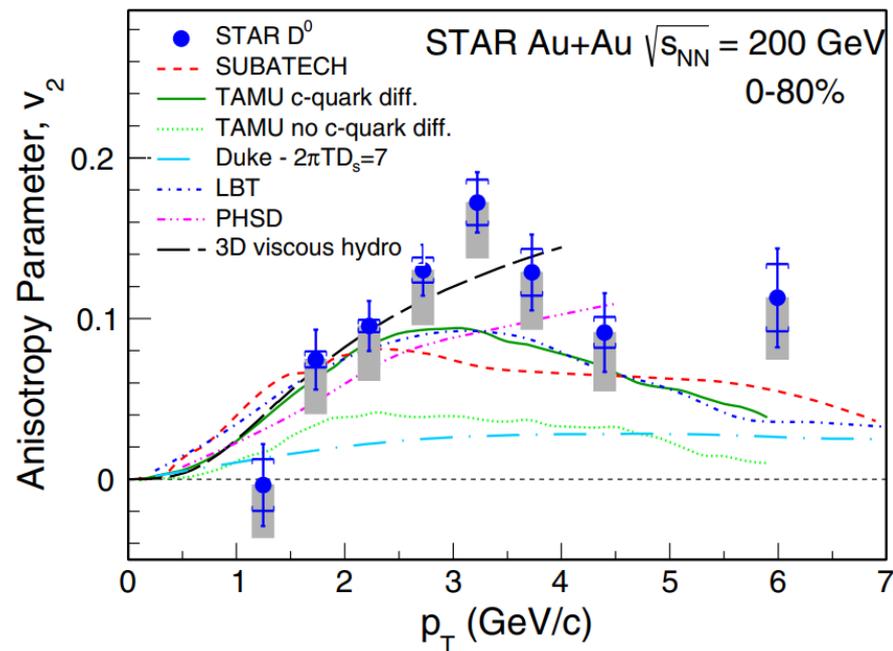
HF Anisotropic Flow in HI



- Further constraints on energy loss mechanism and discriminate between different models
 - Models describe the main data features but differ in details ($2\pi TD_s \sim 2-5$ at T_c)
- Additional powerful constraints on D_s diffusion coefficient



ALI-PREL-320238

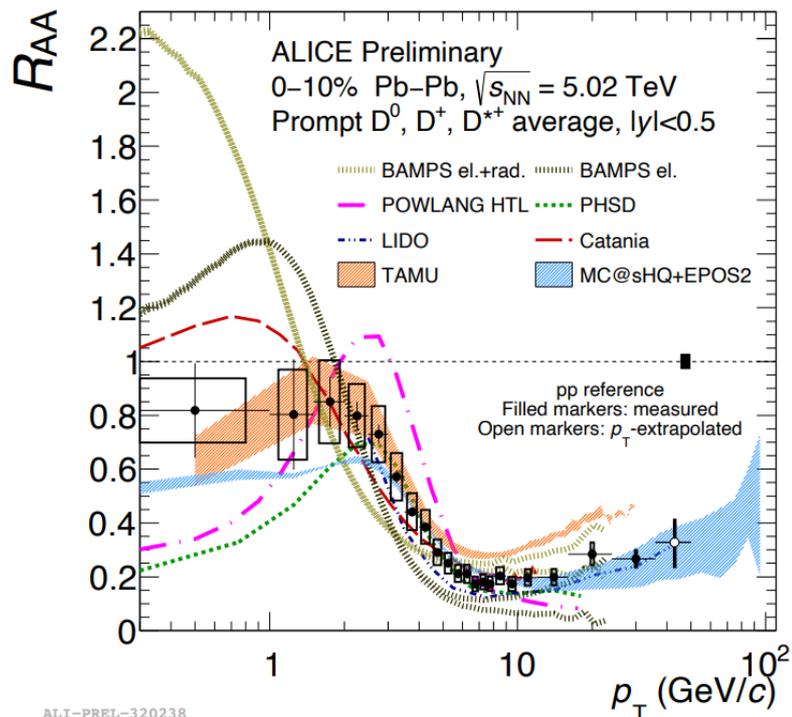


STAR: PRL 118, 212301 (2017)

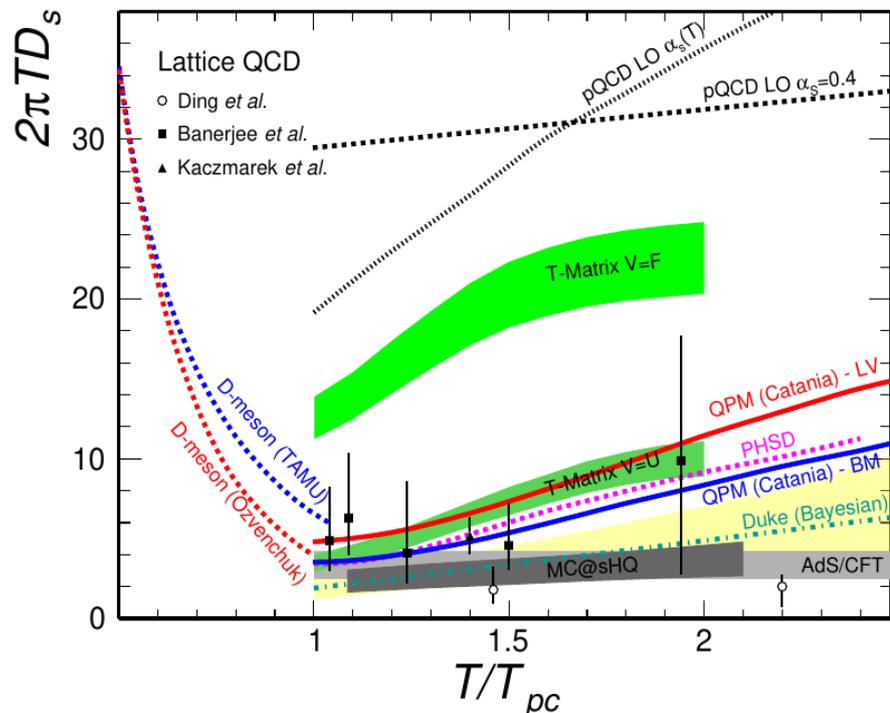
HF Anisotropic Flow in HI



- Further constraints on energy loss mechanism and discriminate between different models
- Additional powerful constraints on D_s diffusion coefficient
- v_2 vs coll. energy \rightarrow temperature dependence of D_s



ALI-PREL-320238

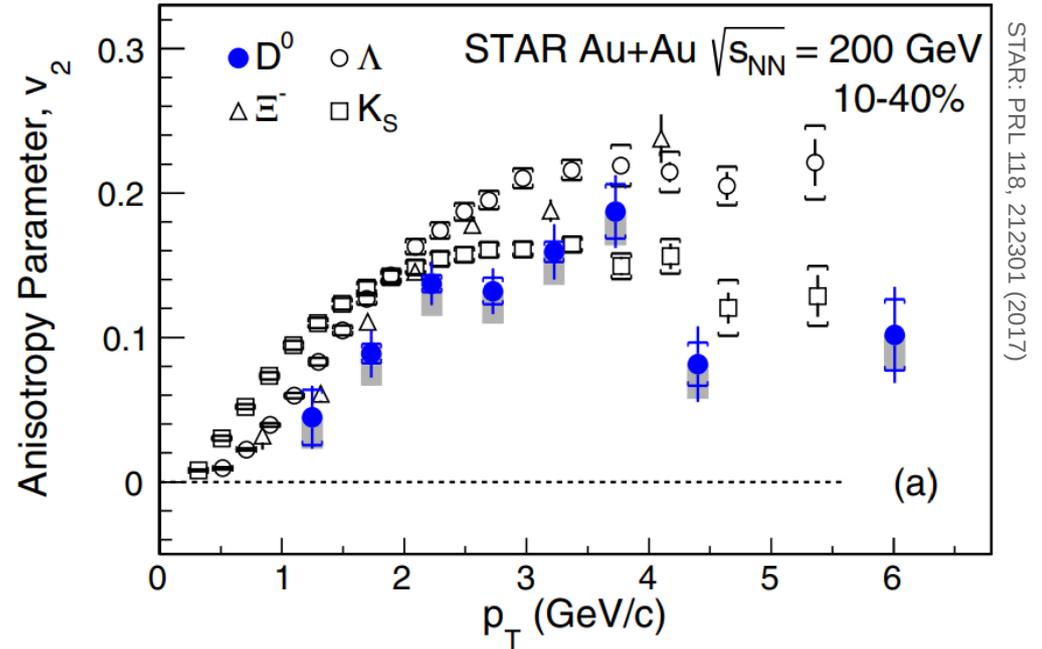
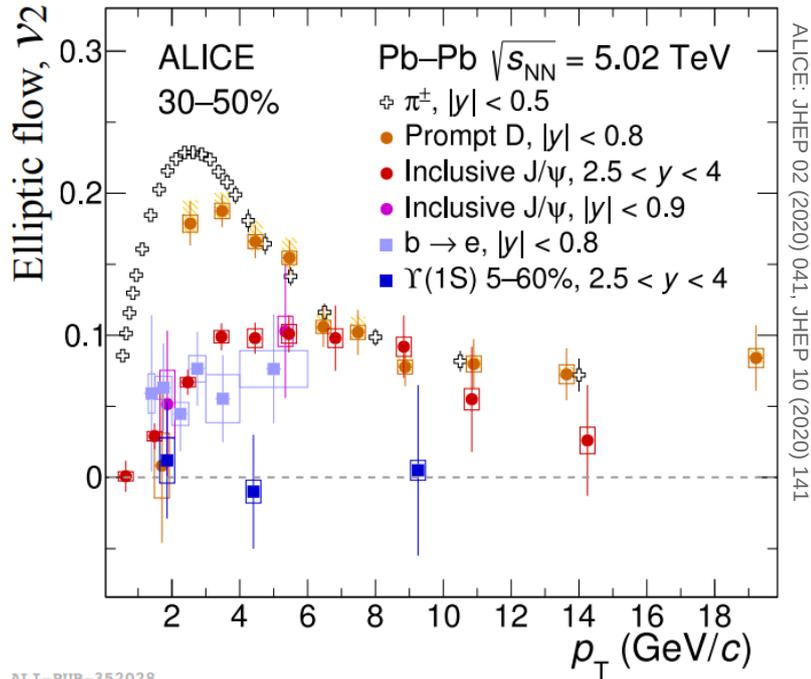


Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 104:97 (2019)

D meson v_2

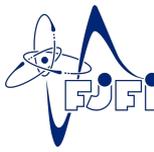


- **D meson $v_2 > 0$** , mass ordering at lower p_T
- **Strong charm quark coupling with the medium**

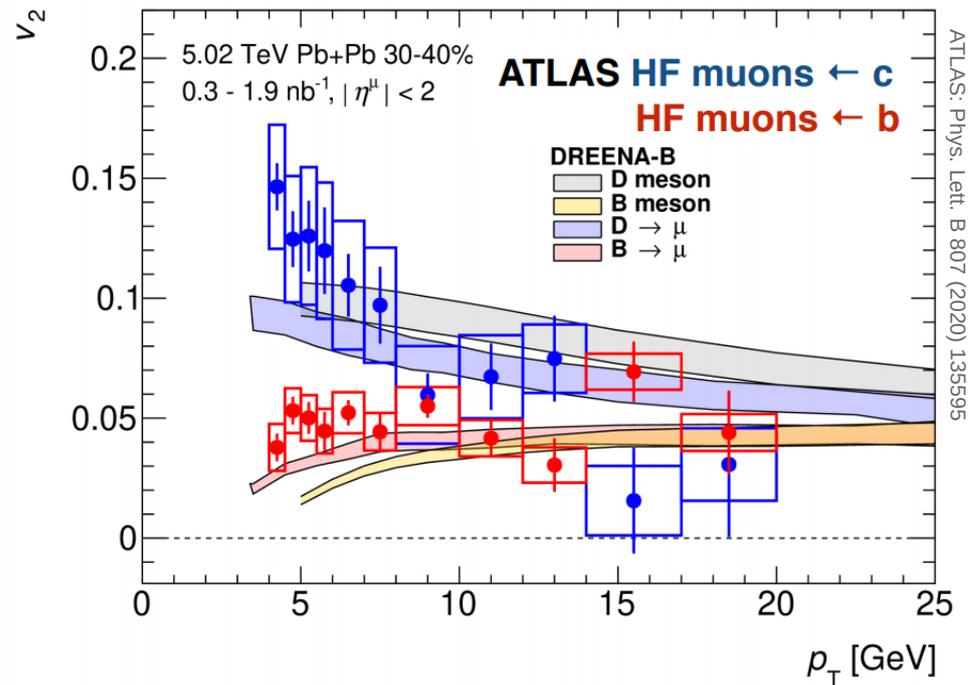
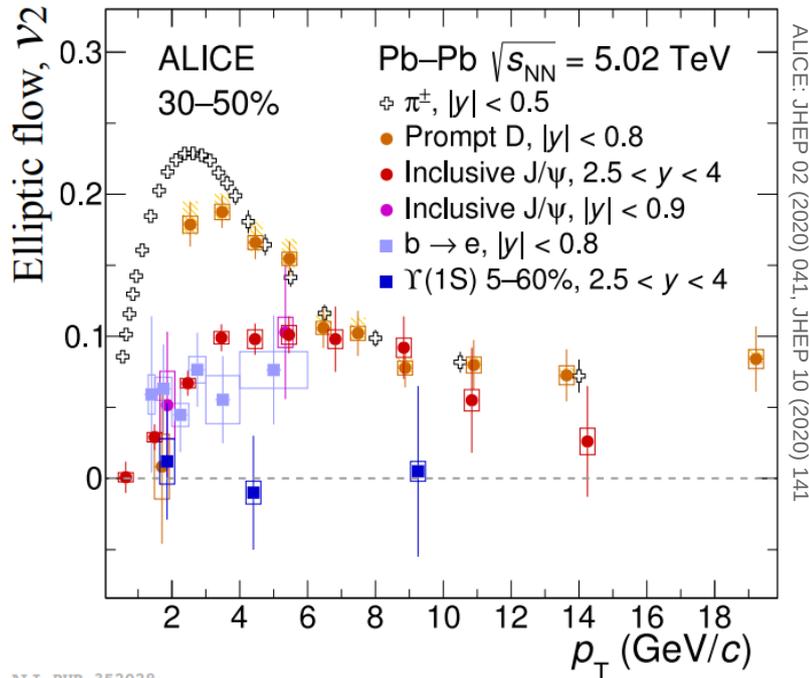


ALI-PUB-352028

Charm and beauty v_2 at LHC

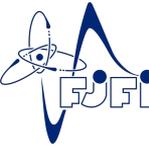


- **D meson $v_2 > 0$, $b \rightarrow e, \mu$ $v_2 > 0$**
- **Strong charm and beauty quark coupling with the medium**
 - low/intermediate p_T : $v_2^b < v_2^c$ – collectivity
 - high p_T : $v_2^b \sim v_2^c$ – parton en. loss

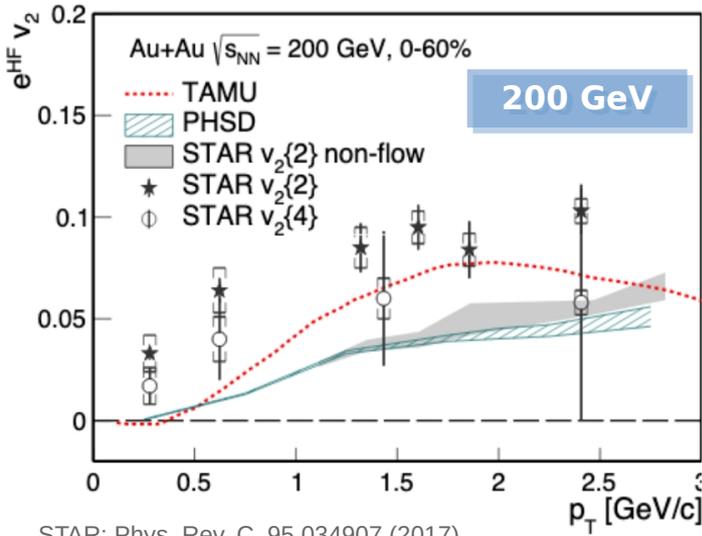


ALI-PUB-352028

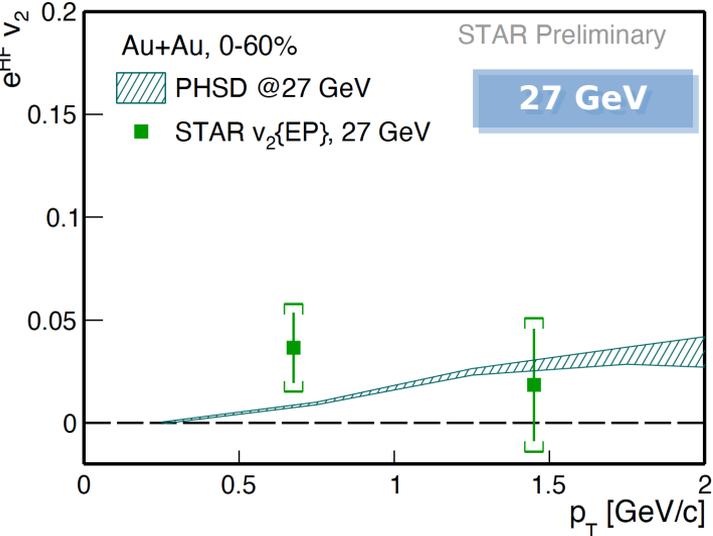
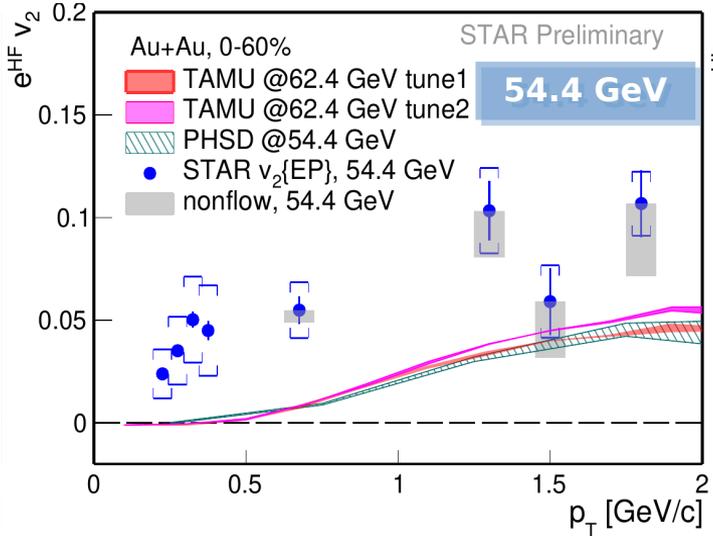
HF v_2 vs energy



- **Significant non-zero v_2 at 54.4 GeV** of $c, b \rightarrow e$, similar to v_2 at 200 GeV
- Hint of smaller v_2 at 27 GeV
- **HF(c) quarks interact strongly with the medium in 54.4 GeV Au+Au collisions**
- At low p_T models lower than data



STAR: Phys. Rev. C, 95 034907 (2017)

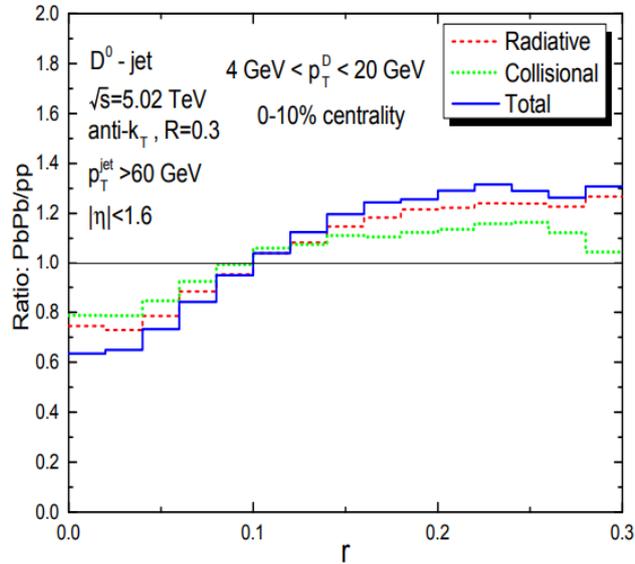


D-jets in HI

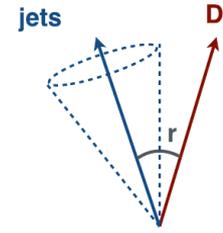
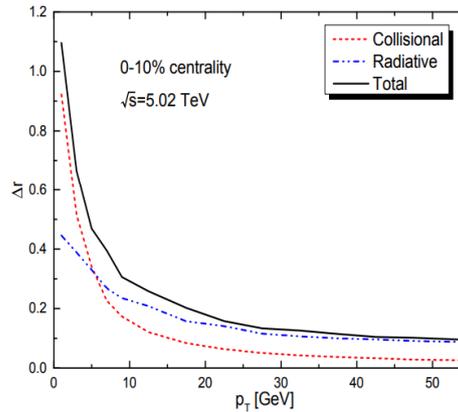


- Radial profile of D^0 mesons in jets
- Diffusion of charm w.r.t jet axis \rightarrow interaction mechanisms between hq and medium, coll. vs rad. en. loss

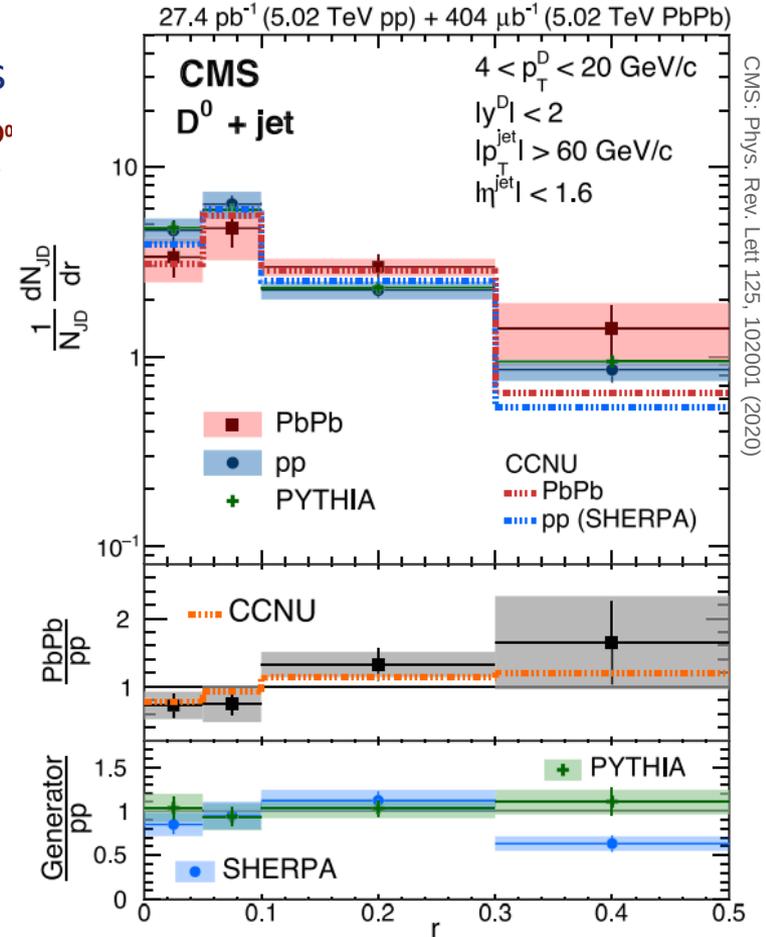
Sensitivity to D_s



Eur.Phys.J. C79 (2019) 9, 789



- Hint of broader radial distribution in PbPb w.r.t. pp for $4 < p_T^D < 20$ GeV/c**



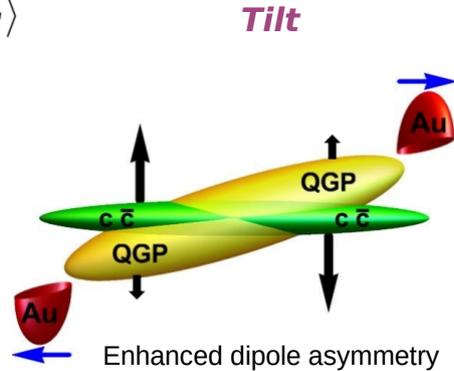
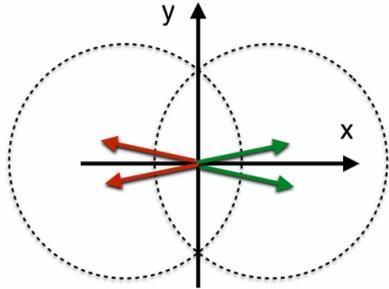
CMS: Phys. Rev. Lett 125, 102001 (2020)

Directed flow, v_1

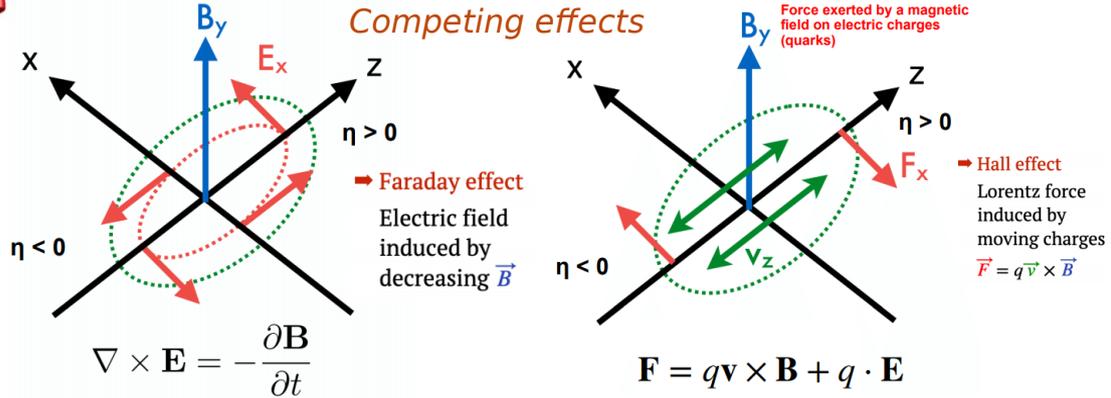


- Insights into initial **tilt** of matter and strong **EM field** in non-central HI collisions

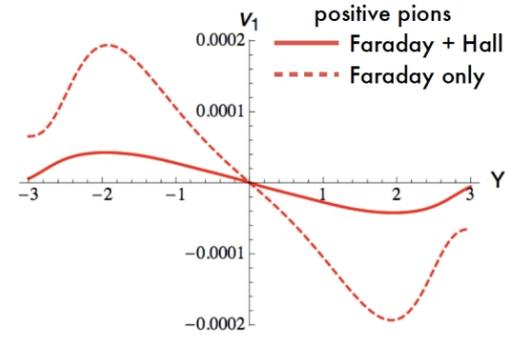
$$v_1 = \langle \cos(\phi_p) \rangle = \langle p_x/p_T \rangle$$



EM field
Charged-dependent v_1 ,
Sensitive to QGP conductivity



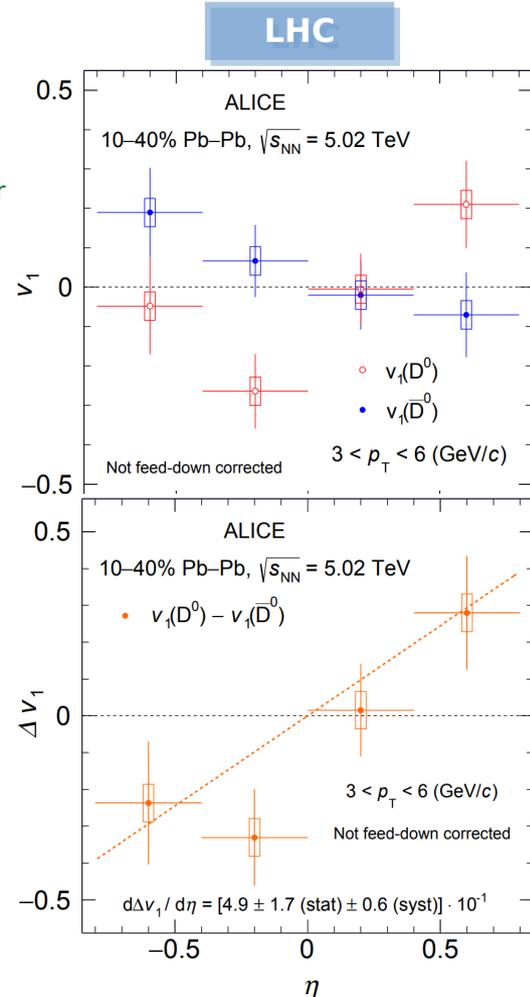
- v_1 : sensitivity to the three-dimensional spatial profile of initial conditions and pre-equilibrium early time dynamics in the evolution
- Heavy-quarks:
 - produced early, shifted from the bulk
 - formation time comparable to when B is maximum



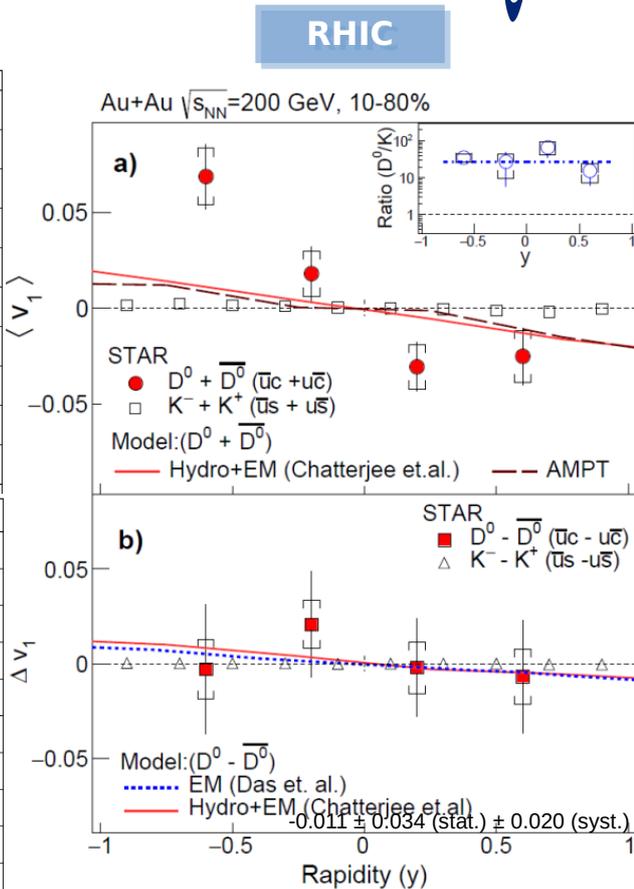
D⁰ directed flow, v₁



- **Large D⁰ directed flow v₁ vs y**
- **dv₁/dy slope:**
 - RHIC: Negative, similar for D⁰ and D^{0bar}
 - LHC: Positive for D⁰ and negative for D^{0bar}
- **dΔv₁/dy(D⁰-D^{0bar}) slope: negative at RHIC, positive and larger at LHC**
- Larger B than the induced E at LHC ?
- Tilt dominance at RHIC ?
- Trend compatible with hydrodynamic model with EM, but larger v₁ magnitude
- **Interplay between effects of the rapidly decreasing magnetic field and the initial tilt of the source**
- **Constraints on QGP conductivity**

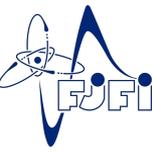


ALICE: Phys. Rev. Lett. 125, 022301 (2020)

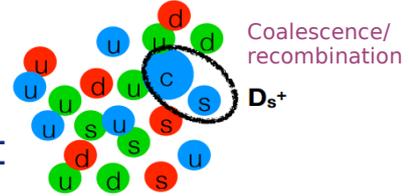


STAR: Phys. Rev. Lett. 123, 162301 (2019)

D_s production in AA



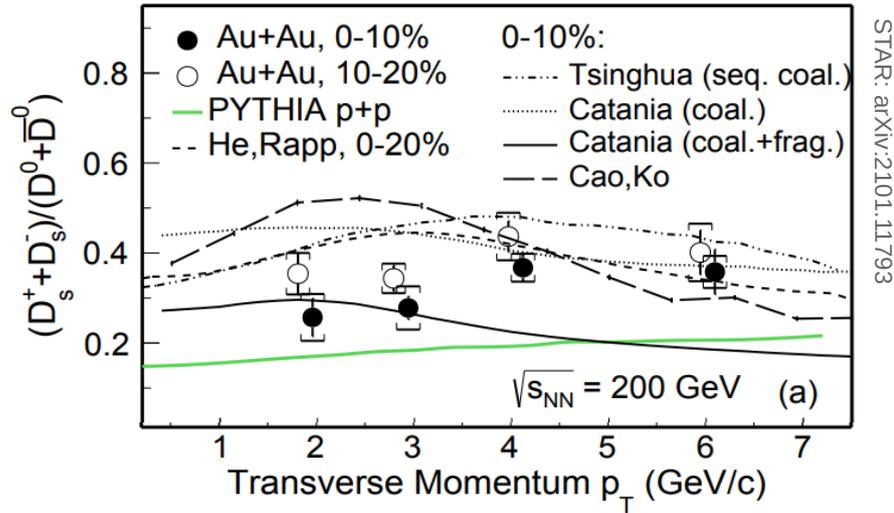
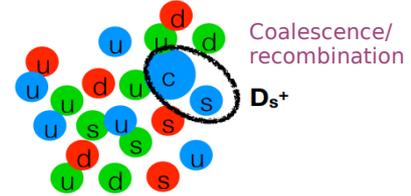
- Probes of hadronization: fragmentation vs coalescence
- Recombination: modification of p_T -dependent charm hadro-chemistry
- Recombination: s quarks abundant in the QGP $\rightarrow D_s(B_s)/D(B)$ enhancement



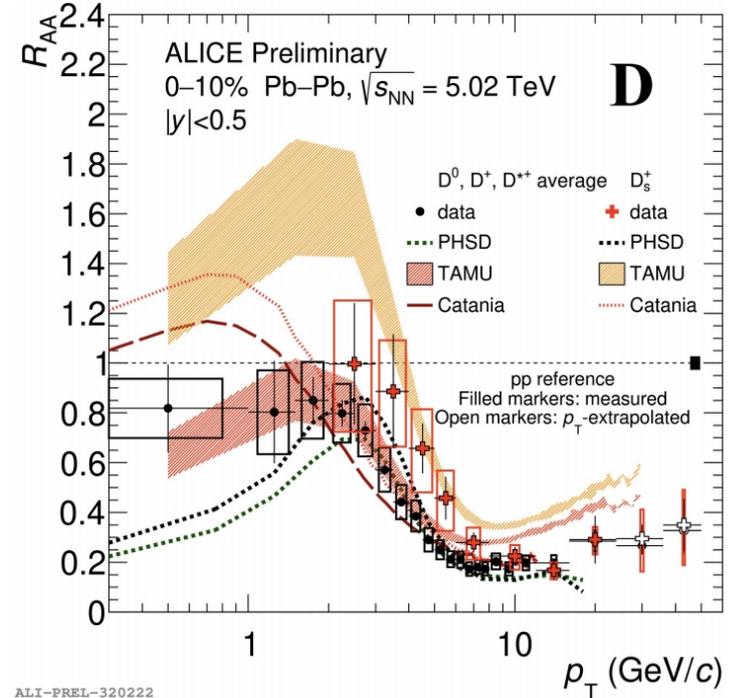
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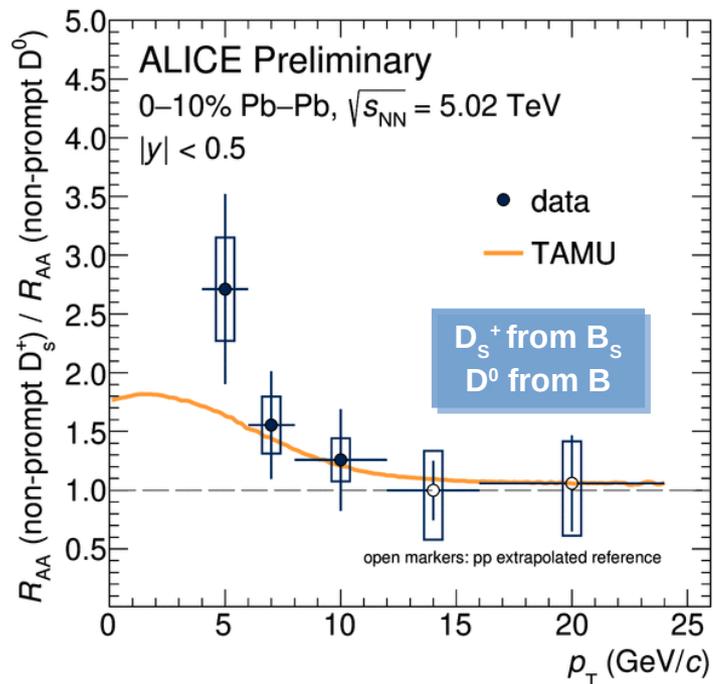
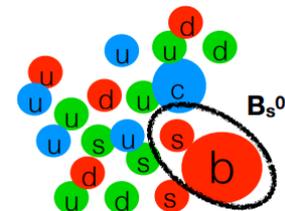
- **Enhancement in D_s⁺/D⁰ ratio** compared to PYTHIA
- **Smaller suppression of D_s⁺ than D⁰** at p_T < 10 GeV
- Consistent with models including **strangeness enhancement and charm quark coalescence + frag.**



$B_S R_{AA}$ in AA



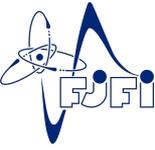
- Hint of enhancement of the B_S^0 in PbPb w.r.t pp at low $p_T \rightarrow$ beauty-quark hadronisation via coalescence



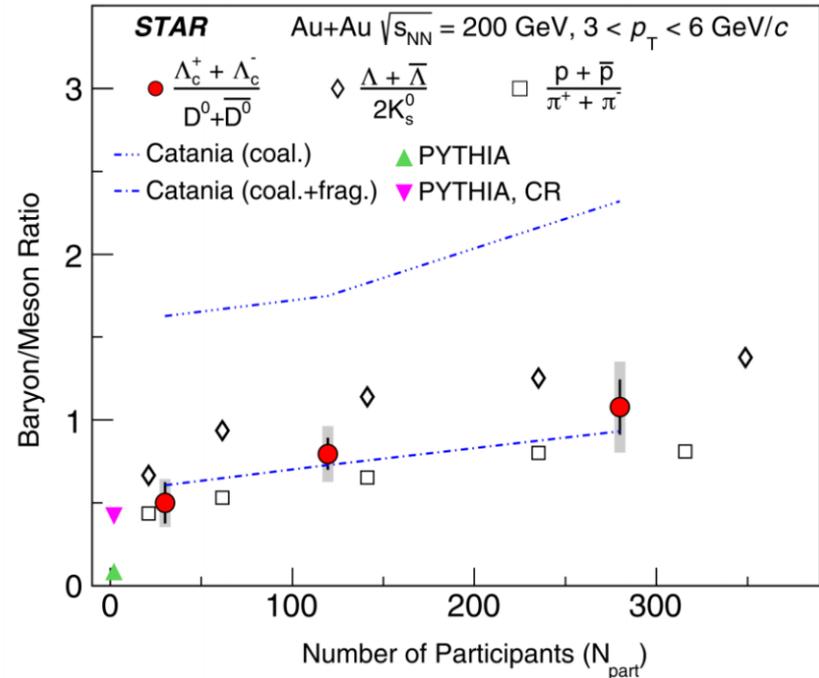
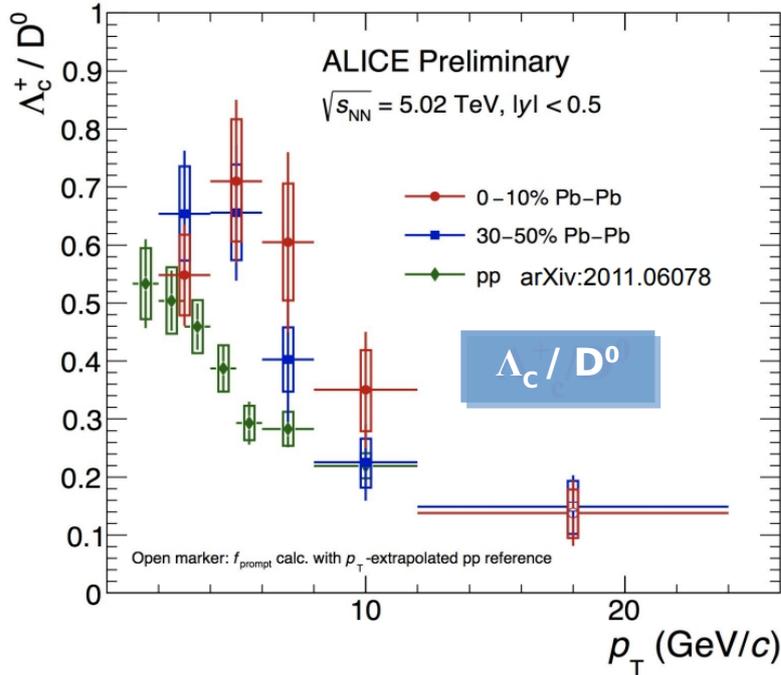
ALI-PREL-486723

- Upcoming LHC Run3,4 will provide more information on beauty quark hadronization

Λ_c production in AA

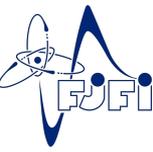


- Recombination: enhanced production of baryon w.r.t. mesons
- **Enhancement of Λ_c/D^0** w.r.t. pp collisions → recombination with light quarks, radial flow push ?
- Centrality dependence described by model with **fragmentation and coalescence**



STAR: Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 172301, (2020)

Summary



- Strong coupling of heavy-flavour quarks with the medium from 54.4 GeV up to 5.02 TeV
 - Large low p_T elliptic flow, R_{AA} flow bump
- Heavy-flavour energy loss, indications of flavour dependence at intermediate p_T
 - High p_T elliptic flow > 0 , $R_{AA} < 1$
- Evidence of charm quark hadronization via coalescence at low p_T , fragmentation at high p_T
 - Strange/non-strange meson and baryon/meson enhancement
 - Hadronization in pp still an open question
- Measurements are getting more precise and differential → constraints on theoretical models and extraction of the medium properties
- More precise results still to be expected, especially in the beauty sector, with the upcoming LHC Run3,4

Thank you !

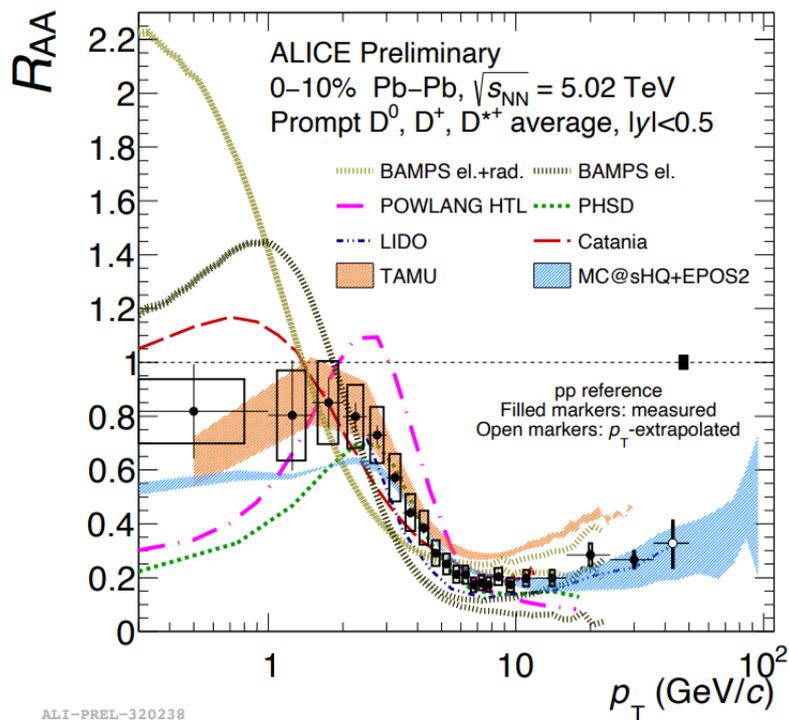
*This work was supported by grant from The Czech Science Foundation,
grant number: GJ20-16256Y*

Backup

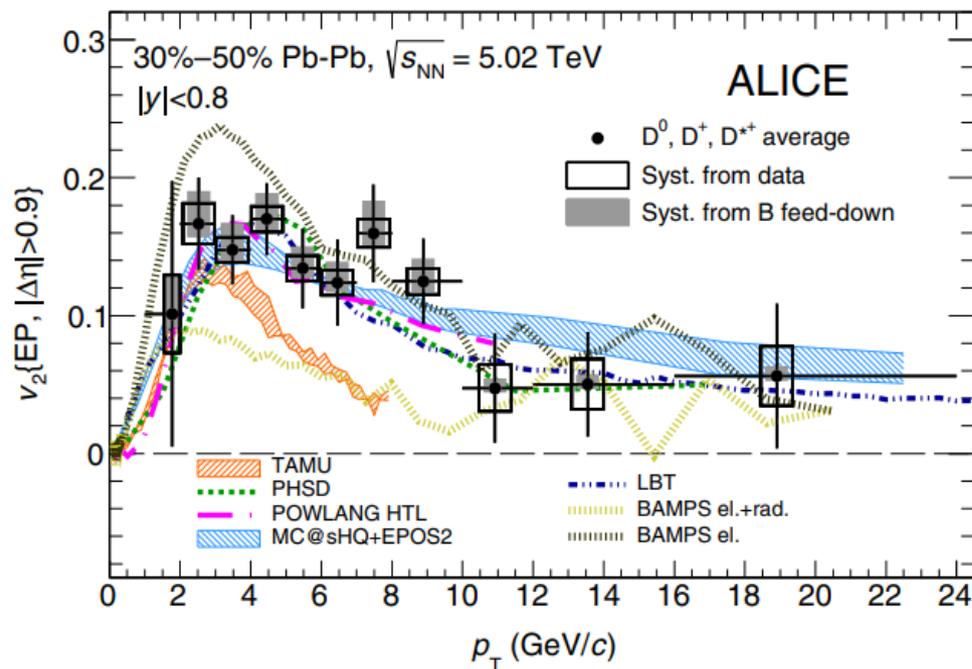
HF Anisotropic Flow in HI



- Further constraints on energy loss mechanism
- Discriminate between different models



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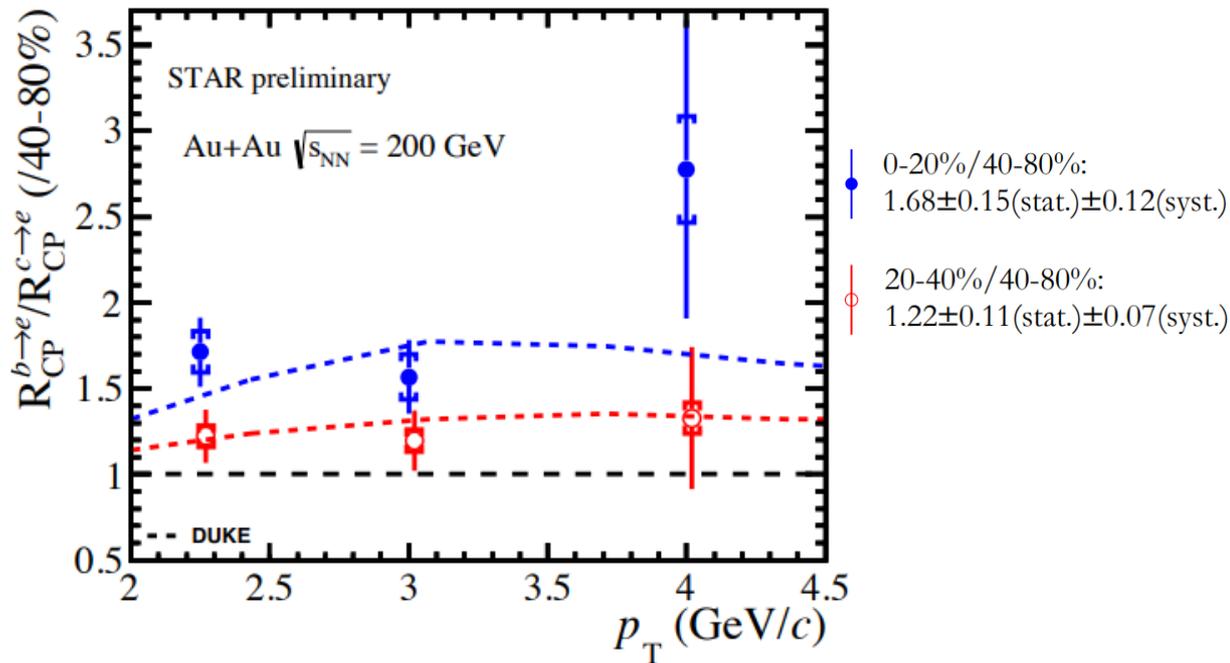
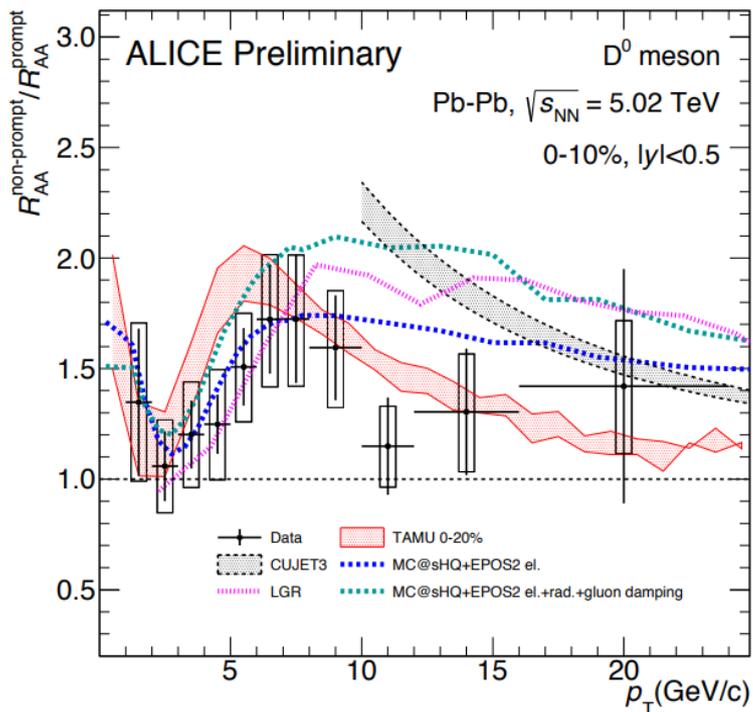


ALICE: PRL 120, 102301 (2018)

R_{AA} - Flavour dependence



- **Beauty $R_{AA} >$ charm R_{AA}** \rightarrow suggesting larger en. loss for charm quarks at intermediate p_T
- Beauty $R_{AA} \sim$ charm R_{AA} at high p_T
- Described by models including dead-cone effect

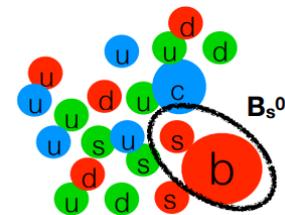
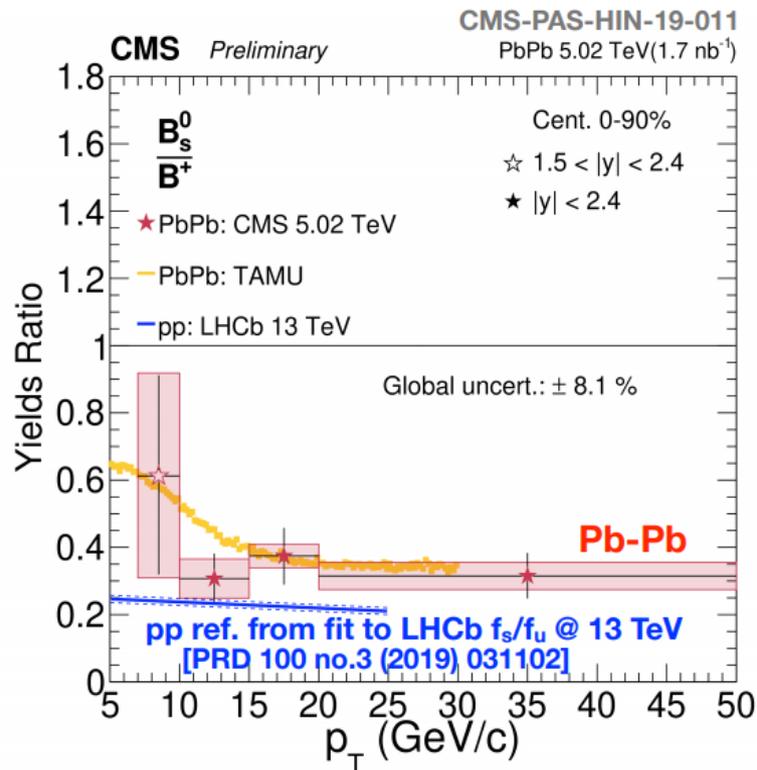
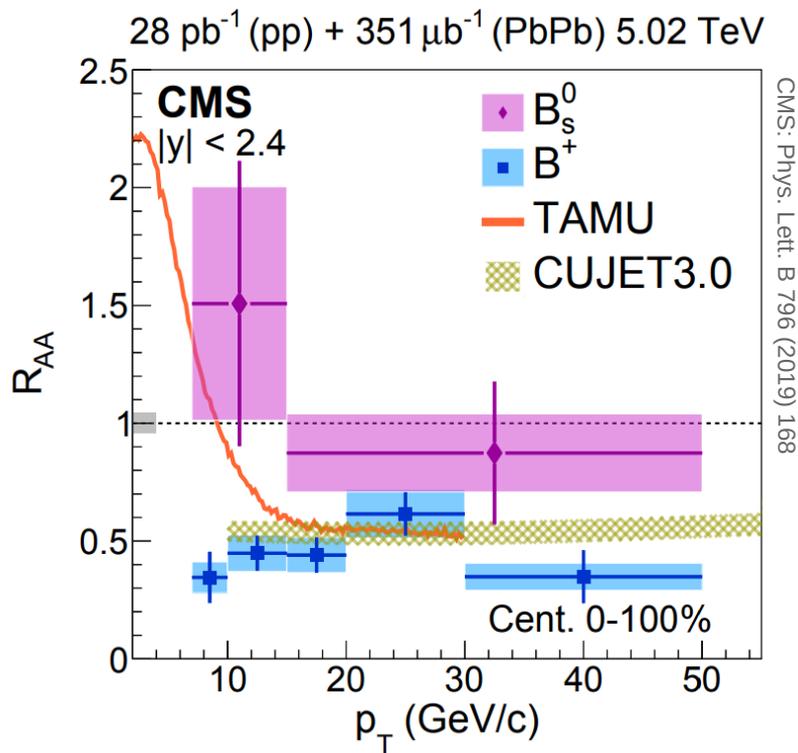


ALI-PREL-332624

B_s, B_c, R_{AA} in AA



- Hint of an enhancement of the B_s^0/B^+ ratio in PbPb w.r.t pp



- Upcoming LHC Run3,4 will provide more information on beauty quark hadronization