



CORSIKA

A tool for air-shower simulations

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OUTLINE INTRODUCTION

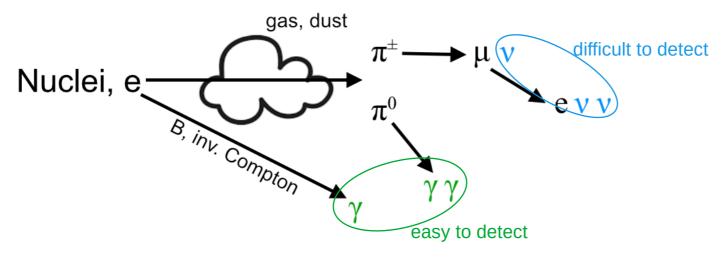
Energy range of astroparticle physics: From few GeV up to ~100 EeV.

High energy cosmic rays detection techniques: Indirect measurement (Extensive Air Showers).

Identify the primary particle by measuring the shower:

Extensive Air Showers (EAS): result of many inter-dependent sub processes.

Energy shower size
Direction arrival timing
Type shape and particle contents



multi-messengers astophysics:

CR, gamma and neutrinos likely from same sources.

Neutral particle point back to sources but huge background.

OUTLINE SIMULATIONS

Computer simulation: reproduction of the behavior of a system using a computer to simulate the outcomes using a model associated to the system.

Complex problems (EAS simulations) broken down in smaller sub-problems.

Mathematical model: description of a system using mathematical concept and language.

used when is impractical to do a full simulation.

Models are based on simplifications, assumptions and approximations.

More simplifications lead to smaller "confidence level" (more verification needed).

Monte Carlo Techniques: algorithms that rely on repeated random sampling to obtain numerical results. Their essential idea is using randomness to solve problems.

OUTLINE CORSIKA

Cosmic Ray Simulation for KASCADE

KASKADE: experiment to measure cosmic rays composition in Karlsruhe

consistent results in different experiments.

references: CORSIKA physics manual user guide

Models:

EGS4 e.m. : low-E hadronic: **FLUKA** UrQMD **GHFISHA**

high-E hadronic: **QGSJET EPOS-LHC** DPMJET SIBILL

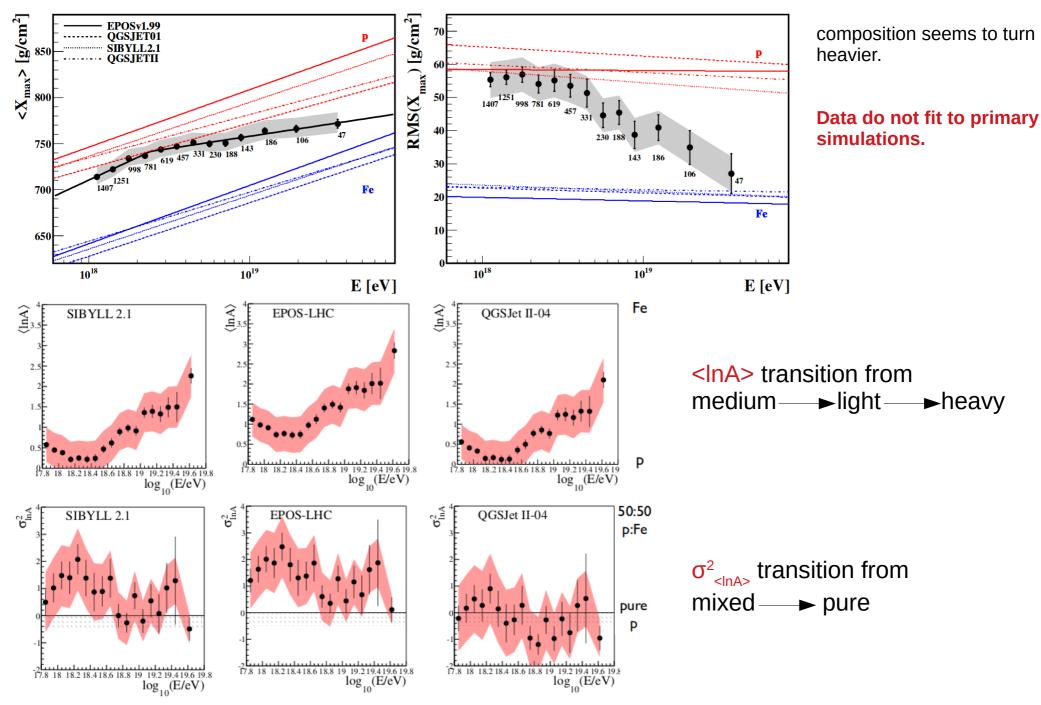
recommended

Models tuned at collider energies then extrapolated in the energy range considered

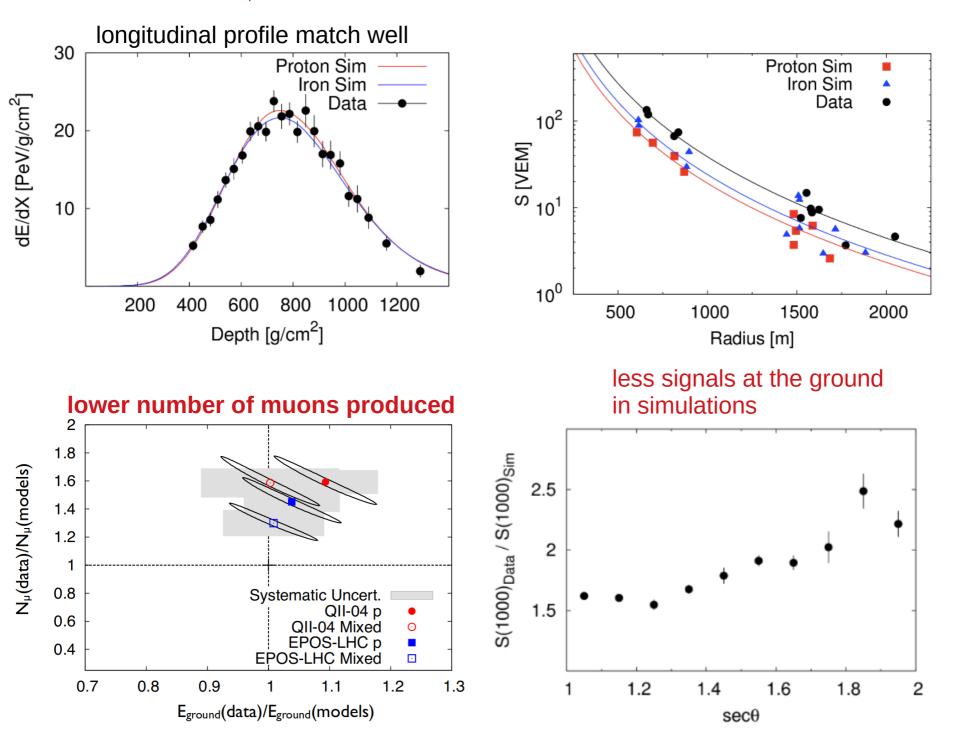
Fair agreement from 10¹² to 10²⁰ eV.

much better agreement at low energies where data constrains extrapolations. At highest energies considerable extrapolation needed (high uncertainties).

OUTLINE CORSIKA LIMITATIONS I



OUTLINE CORSIKA LIMITATIONS II



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OUTLINE THE FUTURE

CORSIKA is a prime tool of astroparticle physics.

references: CORSIKA physics manual user guide

CORSIKA is needed for the future experiments. An upgrade is underway:

Next generation CORSIKA

INSTALLATION LET'S START

Download*:

- 1. ftp corsika76900.tar.gz from here;
- 2. use login and password from CORSIKA mailing list;

Unpack:

- 1. tar zxvf corsika76900.tar.gz
- 2. change directory into corsika/corsika-76900

Compile:

Linux: ./coconut

Different compiler: standard \$F77, \$FFLAGS, \$CC, ...

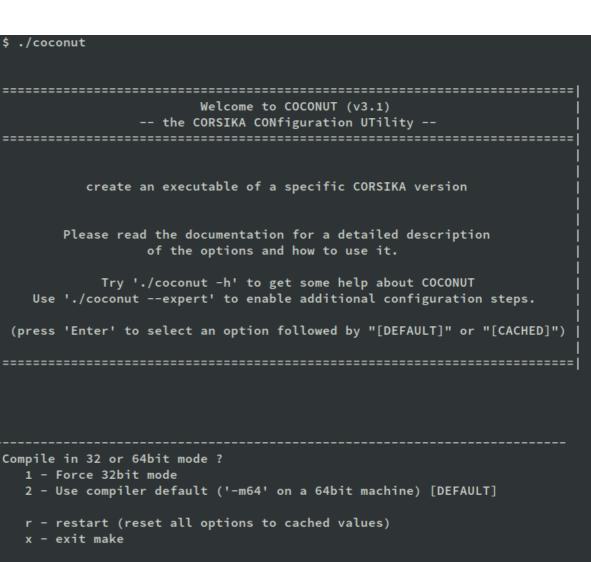
* not needed for the school. A tarball is on your virtual machine.

INSTALLATION COMPATIBILITY MODE

Choose compilation mode of the machine:

[2] if you don't care about compatibility

Must be the same used for FLUKA or ROOT if used



(only one choice possible):

INSTALLATION MODEL SELECTION

```
Which high energy hadronic interaction model do you want to use ?
    1 - DPMJET-III (2017.1) with PHOJET 1.20.0
    2 - EPOS LHC
    3 - NEXUS 3.97
    4 - QGSJET 01C (enlarged commons) [DEFAULT]
    5 - QGSJETII-04
    6 - SIBYLL 2.3c
    7 - VENUS 4.12
    r - restart (reset all options to cached values)
    x - exit make
    (only one choice possible):
```

HIGH-E Hadronic

Up to date: EPOS-LHC, QGSJetII-04, Sybill2.3c (DPMJETIII to come)

Reference: QGSJet01

Others for special use.

LOW-E Hadronic

GHEISHA: too old (only for test)

FLUKA(recommended): can be installed defining **\$FLUPRO** to point to the fluka installation path. Subscription to FLUKA needed.

```
Which low energy hadronic interaction model do you want to use ?

1 - GHEISHA 2002d (double precision) [DEFAULT]

2 - FLUKA

3 - URQMD 1.3cr

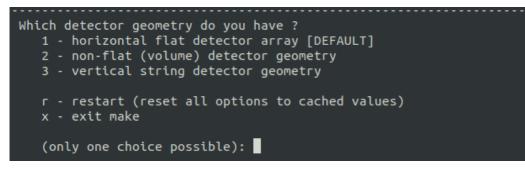
r - restart (reset all options to cached values)

x - exit make

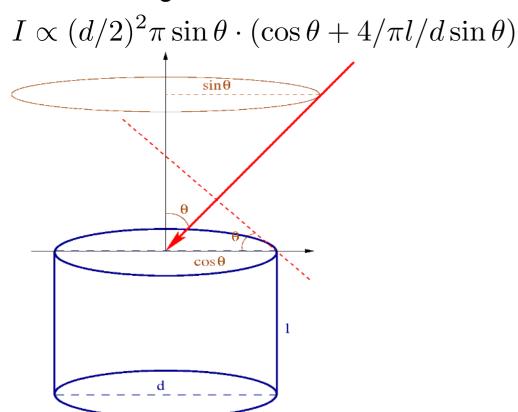
(only one choice possible):
```

INSTALLATION GEOMETRY

Detector geometry only change the angular distribution of showers.

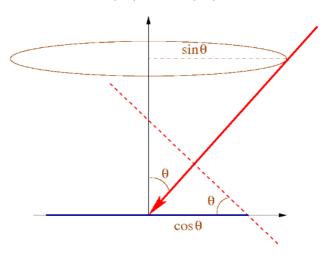


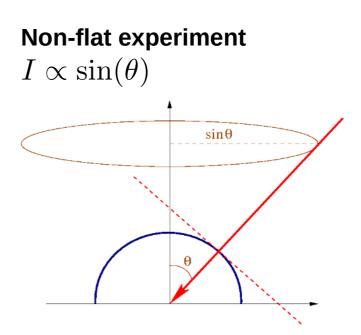
Vertical string detector



Flat experiment

 $I \propto \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)$





INSTALLATION OPTIONS

Which additional CORSIKA program options do you need ? 1a - Cherenkov version 1b - Cherenkov version using Bernlohr IACT routines (for telescopes) 1c - apply atm. absorption, mirror reflectivity & quantum eff. 1d - Auger Cherenkov longitudinal distribution 1e - TRAJECTory version to follow motion of source on the sky 2 - LPM-effect without thinning (2a) - THINning version (includes LPM) 2b - MULTIPLE THINNING VERSION (includes LPM) 3 - PRESHOWER version for EeV gammas 4 - NEUTRINO version 4a - NUPRIM primary neutrino version with HERWIG 4b - ICECUBE1 FIFO version 4c - ICECUBE2 gzip/pipe output 5 - STACK INput of secondaries, no primary particle 6 - CHARMed particle/tau lepton version with PYTHIA 6a - TAU LEPton version with PYTHIA 7 - SLANT depth instead of vertical depth for longi-distribution 7a - CURVED atmosphere version 7b - UPWARD particles version 7c - VIEWCONE version 8a - shower PLOT version (PLOTSH) (only for single events) 8b - shower PLOT(C) version (PLOTSH2) (only for single events) 8c - ANAlysis HISTos & THIN (instead of particle file) 8d - Auger-histo file & THIN 8e - MUON-histo file 9 - external atmosphere functions (table interpolation) (using bernlohr C-routines) 9a - EFIELD version for electrical field in atmosphere 9b - RIGIDITY Ooty version rejecting low-energy primaries entering Earth-magnetic field 10a - DYNamic intermediate particle STACK 10b - Remote Control for Corsika a)- CONEX for high energy MC and cascade equations b - PARALLEL treatment of subshowers (includes LPM) c - CoREAS Radio Simulations d1 - Inclined observation plane e - interaction test version (only for 1st interaction) f - Auger-info file instead of dbase file g - COMPACT particle output file h - MUPROD to write decaying muons h2 - prEHISTORY of muons: mother and grandmother k - annitest cross-section version (obsolete) 1 - hit Auger detector (steered by AUGSCT) v - *** Reset selection *** z - *** Finish selection *** [DEFAULT] r - restart (reset all options to cached values)

x - exit make

no additional option will be used for the exercises.

2 useful options will be described.

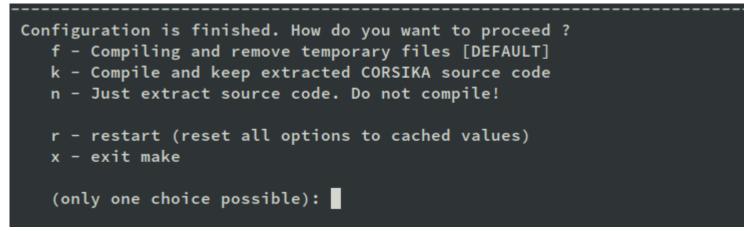
Ask to the tutors, check ISAPP 2018 LHC school, or check the manual to know more.

2a) THINNING: save time computation by reducing the number of particles; a particle randomly selected carry a weight related to all particles produced at the same time to conserve energy.

a) CONEX: use cascade equations to reduce simulation time.

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INSTALLATION COMPILATION



source not saved by default. using "k" source can be saved to check what is used in the code.

> checking parallel computation with MPI... (cached) no checking do not compile binaries, just extract CORSIKA compilefile... (cached) no checking to keep the CORSIKA compilefile... (cached) no checking that generated files are newer than configure... done configure: creating ./config.status config.status: creating Makefile config.status: creating baack/Makefile config.status: creating bernlohr/Makefile config.status: creating conex/Makefile config.status: creating dpmjet/Makefile config.status: creating dpmjet/Makefile config.status: creating pythia/Makefile

incompatible option or missing declaration reported here

INSTALLATION RUNNING

if no compilation error this output should appear:

- --> "corsika76400Linux_EPOS_gheisha" successfully installed in : /storage/gpfs_data/auger/psavina/Software/hands_onISAPP/corsika-76400/run/
- --> You can run CORSIKA in /storage/gpfs_data/auger/psavina/Software/hands_onISAPP/corsika-76400/run/ using for instance : ./corsika76400Linux_EPOS_gheisha < all-inputs-epos > output.txt

CORSIKA installed in the run subdirectory.

EXERCISE WHAT WE WILL DO

- Install CORSIKA from tar file.
- \cdot Produce different binaries.
- \cdot Edit a steering card.
- \cdot Run a simulation.
- \cdot Analyze the output.

EXERCISE INSTALL

- Start the Virtual Machine
- Run <setup corsika>
- \cdot Go to the work directory
- · type tar -zxvf corsika-76900.tar.gz
- · Go to "corsika-76900"
- · Type ./coconut
- Choose the following options: QGSJetII-04 (High energy model)
 UrQMD* (Low energy model)

Flat detector

EXERCISE RUN

to run (general case): ./corsika_executable < datacard

our case ./corsika76900Linux_QSJII_urqmd < all-inputs

two files generated:

DAT000002 → binary containing particles at obs. lev.

DAT00002.long – longitudinal distribution

EXERCISE STEERING CARD

RUNNR	2
EVTNR	1
NSHOW	1
PRMPAR	14
ESLOPE	-2.7
ERANGE	1.E4 1.E4
THETAP	20. 20.
PHIP	-180. 180.
SEED	1 0 0
SEED	2 0 0
OBSLEV	110.E2
FIXCHI	Θ.
MAGNET	20.0 42.8
HADFLG	0 0 0 0 2
ECUTS	0.3 0.3 0.003 0.003
MUADDI	т
MUMULT	т
ELMFLG	тт
STEPFC	1.0
RADNKG	200.E2
LONGI	T 10. T T
ECTMAP	1.E4
MAXPRT	1
DIRECT	•/
USER	you
DEBUG	F 6 F 100000
EXIT	

run number

number of first shower event number of showers to generate particle type of prim. particle slope of primary energy spectrum energy range of primary particle range of zenith angle (degree) range of azimuth angle (degree) seed for 1. random number sequence seed for 2. random number sequence observation level (in cm) starting altitude (g/cm**2) magnetic field centr. Europe flags hadr.interact.&fragmentation energy cuts for particles additional info for muons muon multiple scattering angle em. interaction flags (NKG,EGS) mult. scattering step length fact. outer radius for NKG lat.dens.distr. longit.distr. & step size & fit & out cut on gamma factor for printout max. number of printed events output directory user debug flag and log.unit for out terminates input

EXERCISE EDIT THE STEERING CARD

copy the example steering card: cp all-inputs exercise.inp

edit exercise.inp with the editor you prefer. change the options:

RUNNR 1 NSHOW 50 ESLOPE -1 ERANGE 1E2 1E4 THETAP 20. 70. OBSLEV 410000

then run CORSIKA using the new data card: ./corsika76400Linux_QJSII_urqmd < exercise.inp

EXERCISE READ OUTPUT I (COAST)

git repository here:

git clone https://gitlab.com/psavina_public_projects/corsika-hands_on /home/isapp/hand-on

2	output files	created:

- DAT000001

- DAT000001.long

move the files to the work directory: /home/isapp/hands-on compile coast:

go under corsika-76900/coast and then: make make install

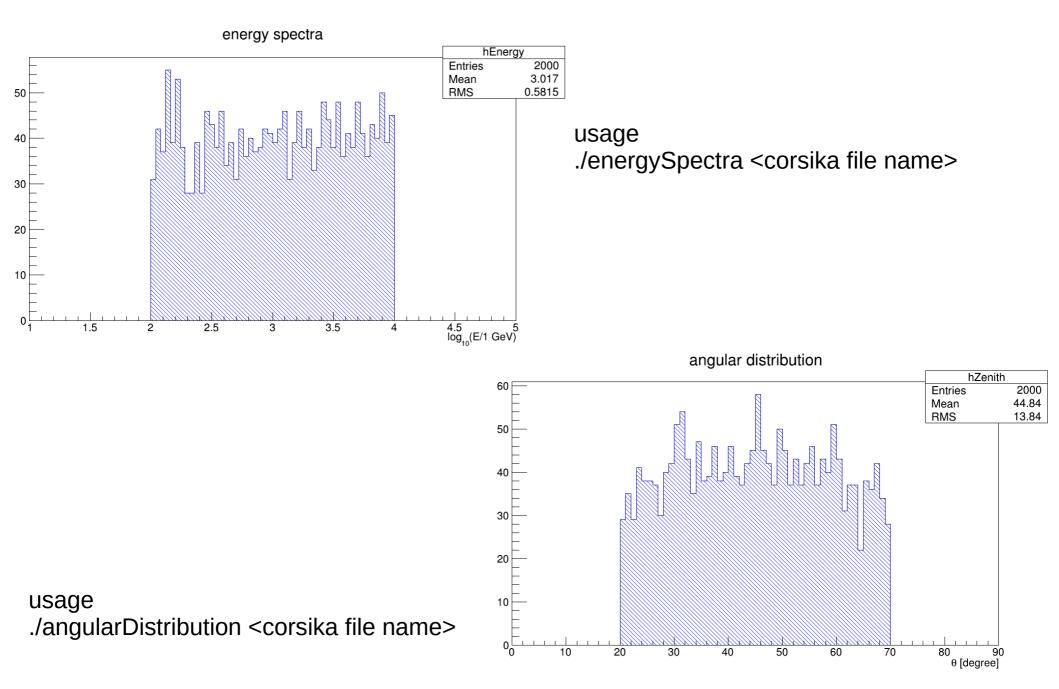
different examples to read the output files:

- energySpectra.cc
 energy spectrum of the generated showers

- footprint.cc
 plot the footprint*
- dummySim.cc
 simulation of a over-simplified detector*

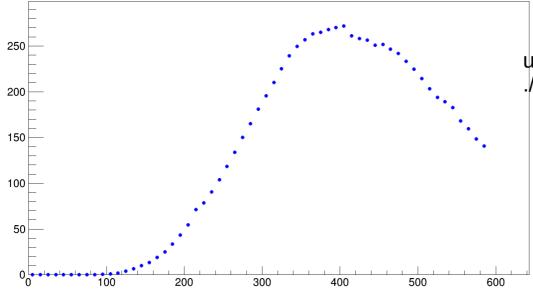
longReader.cc
 plot of the longitudinal development of the shower*
 Compile
 type: make
 * only for a chosen shower

EXERCISE READ OUTPUT II (COAST)



EXERCISE READ OUTPUT II (COAST)

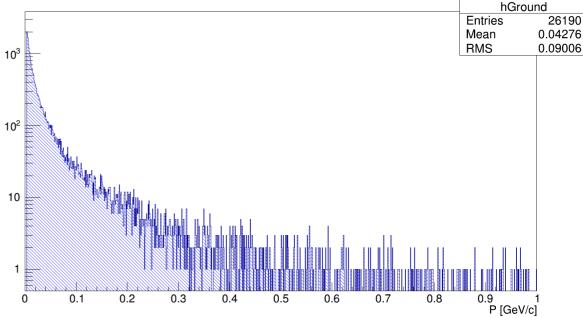
longitudinal development



usage

./groundMomenta -n <#shower> <corsika file name>

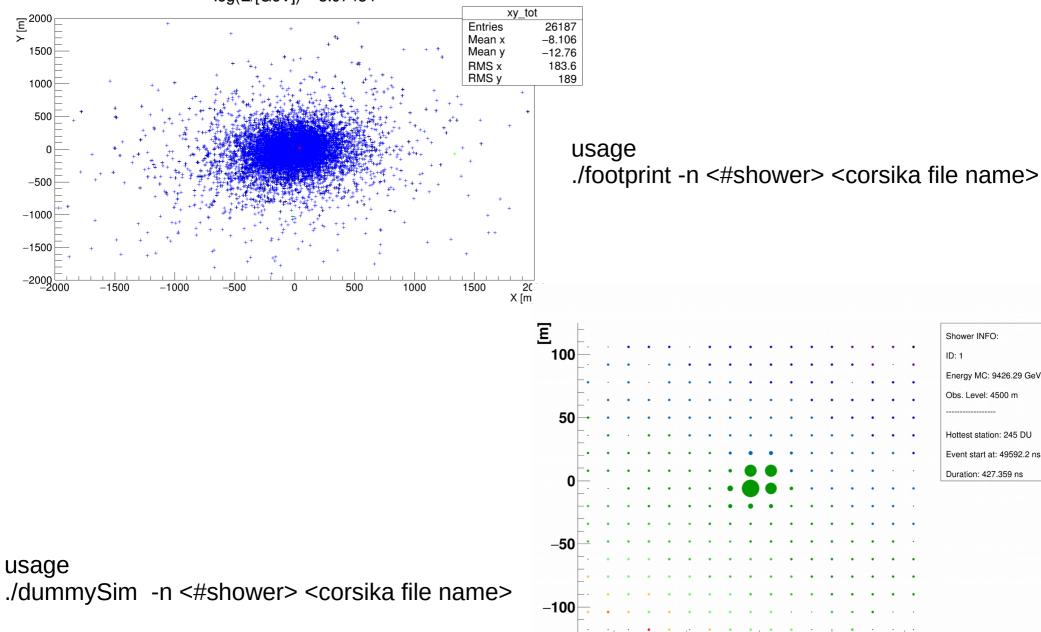
ground particle momentum for shower: 1



usage ./groundMomenta -n <#shower> <corsika file name>

EXERCISE READ OUTPUT III (COAST)

log(E/[GeV]) = 3.97434



Shower INFO:

Energy MC: 9426.29 GeV Obs. Level: 4500 m

Hottest station: 245 DU Event start at: 49592.2 ns Duration: 427.359 ns

ID: 1

50

100

[m]

0

-100

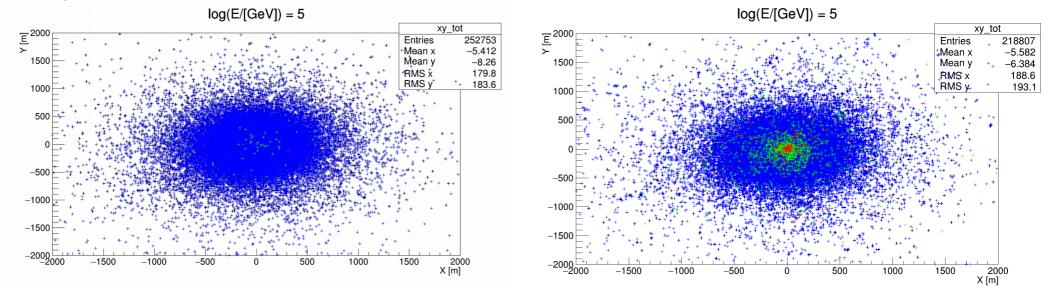
-50

EXERCISE PHOTON vs PROTON

Generate: a photon (PRMPAR 1) a proton (PRMPAR 14)

with: energy 20 TeV zenith 20° add FIXHEI 1500000 0 (to fix the first interaction point) (change also RUNNR to change the output filename)

compare the two showers.



EXERCISE READ OUTPUT I (PYTHON)

git repository from Lukas Nellen at: https://github.com/lukasnellen/corsika_reader

C++ stand-alone and python bindings

already installed on your virtual machine.

export LD_LIBRARY_PATH and PYTHONPATH:

export PYTHONPATH=/home/isapp/corsika/reader-install/lib export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/home/isapp/corsika/reader-install/lib

Some example under:

/home/isapp/corsika/reader-install/share/examples

THANKS FOR THE ATTENTION