



ISMD2017, Tlaxcala city, Mexico

**Measurements of the
Vector boson production
with the ATLAS Detector**

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on behalf of the ATLAS experiment

11 September 2017

Motivation

➤ W and Z boson production:

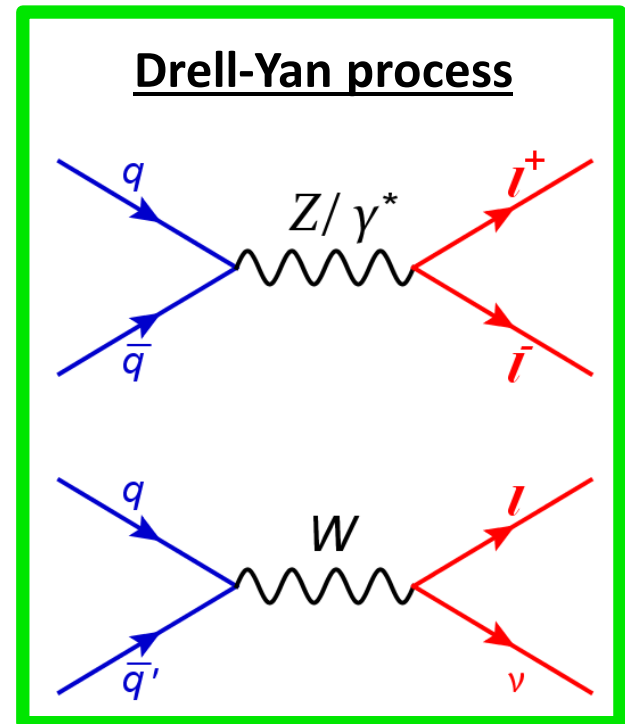
- clear signature
- large statistics
- small background contamination

➤ W and Z boson are background to:

- SM measurements
- Higgs measurements
- new physics searches

➤ Precision measurements of W and Z boson production useful to:

- test SM and extract SM parameters → m_W , $\sin^2\theta_W$, etc.
- probe the proton structure → constrain PDFs
- test perturbative QCD → probe state-of-the-art theory predictions



Outline

Selection of recent results obtained with 7, 8 and 13 TeV ATLAS data

Measurement	Energy	7 TeV
W & Z cross section	7 TeV	Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 367
W & Z cross section	13 TeV	Phys. Lett. B 759 (2016) 601
tt/Z cross section ratio	7, 8, 13 TeV	JHEP 02 (2017) 117
Z+jets production	13 TeV	Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 361
3D Z cross section	8 TeV	https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PAPERS/STDM-2016-04/
Angular coefficients of Z leptons	8 TeV	JHEP 08 (2016) 159
Anti-k _t algorithm splitting scales	8 TeV	JHEP 08 (2017) 026

Public ATLAS Standard Model results available at:

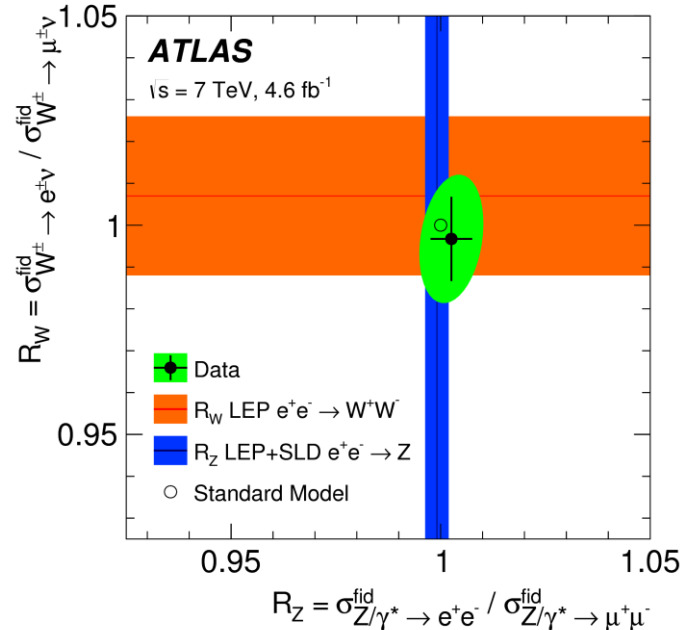
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/StandardModelPublications>



W & Z cross section @ 7 TeV

[Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\)](#)

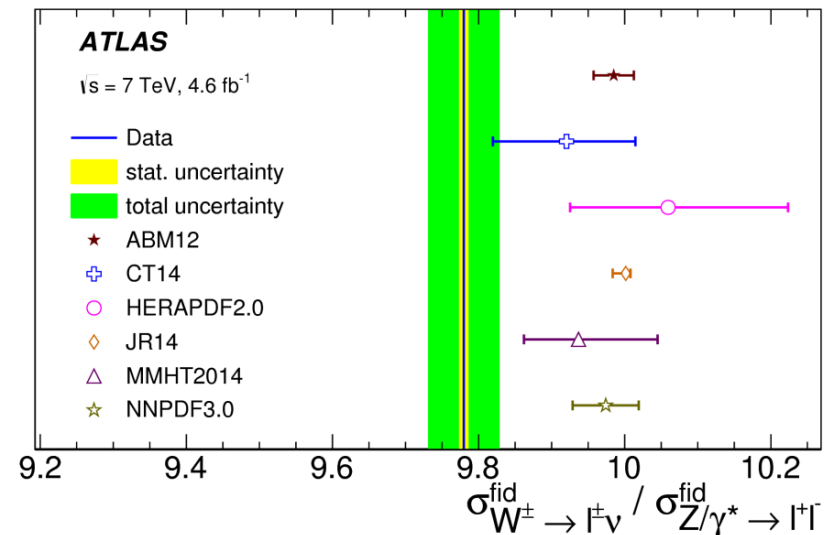
W & Z cross section @ 7 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\)](#)



- $W(\rightarrow e\nu)/W(\rightarrow \mu\nu)$ & $Z(\rightarrow ee)/Z(\rightarrow \mu\mu)$
- High precision measurements (few %)
- Good agreement between data and SM
- In agreement with lepton universality
- W boson measurement:
 - As precise as previous best measurement
 - Higher precision than LEP combined

➤ $W(\rightarrow l\nu)/Z(\rightarrow ll)$

- High precision measurement:
 - Possibility to check agreement with predictions of different PDFs
- All predictions higher than data:
 - Need for improvement in the proton description

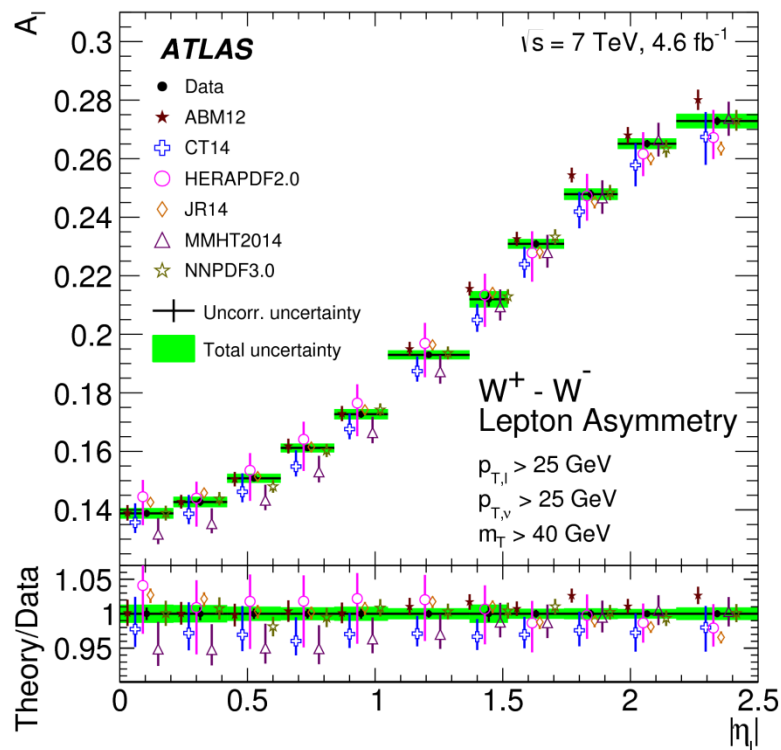


W & Z cross section @ 7 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\)](#)

➤ W charge asymmetry

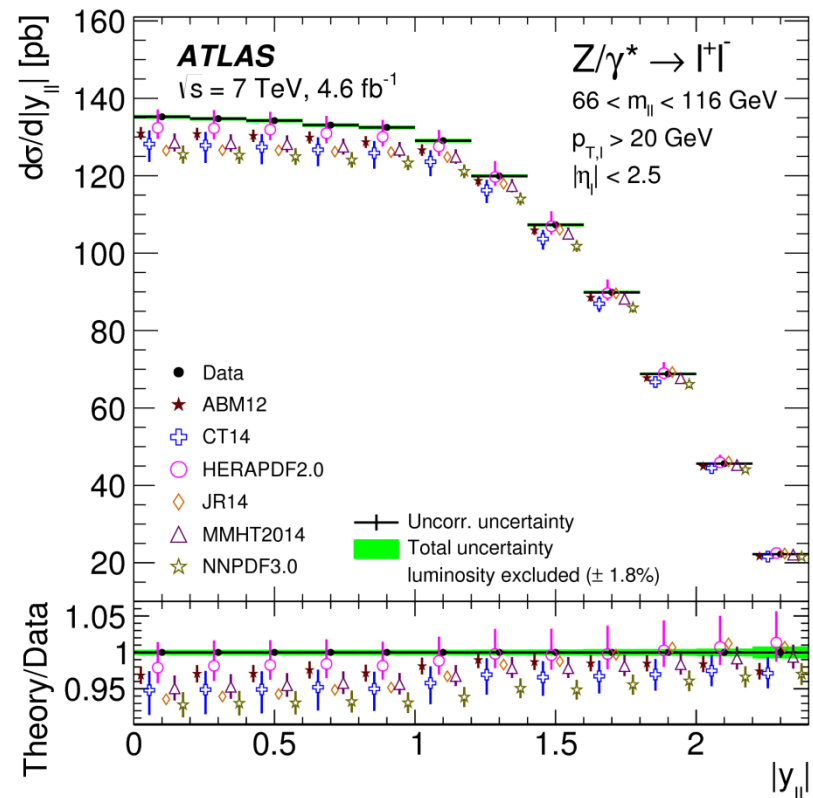
- Good agreement with theory predictions
- Experimental accuracy at the <1% level

$$A_\ell = \frac{d\sigma_{W^+}/d|\eta_\ell| - d\sigma_{W^-}/d|\eta_\ell|}{d\sigma_{W^+}/d|\eta_\ell| + d\sigma_{W^-}/d|\eta_\ell|}$$



➤ Z cross section vs rapidity $|y_{||}$

- Good agreement for $|y_{||}| > 1$
- General disagreement for $|y_{||}| < 1$
- Discrepancy can be interpreted as enhanced strangeness PDFs



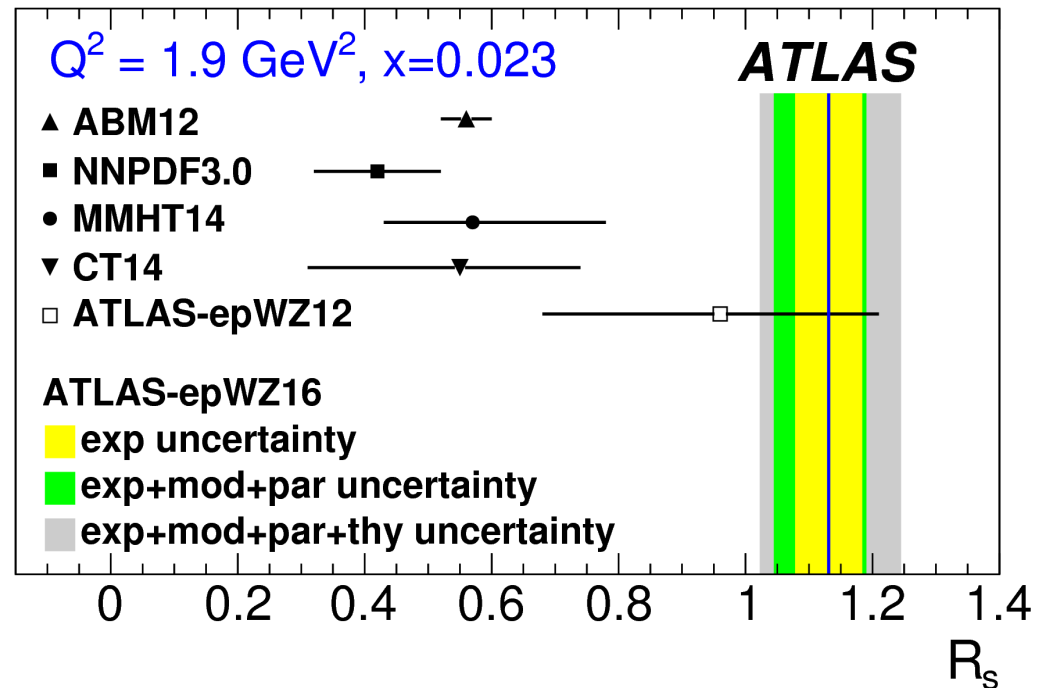
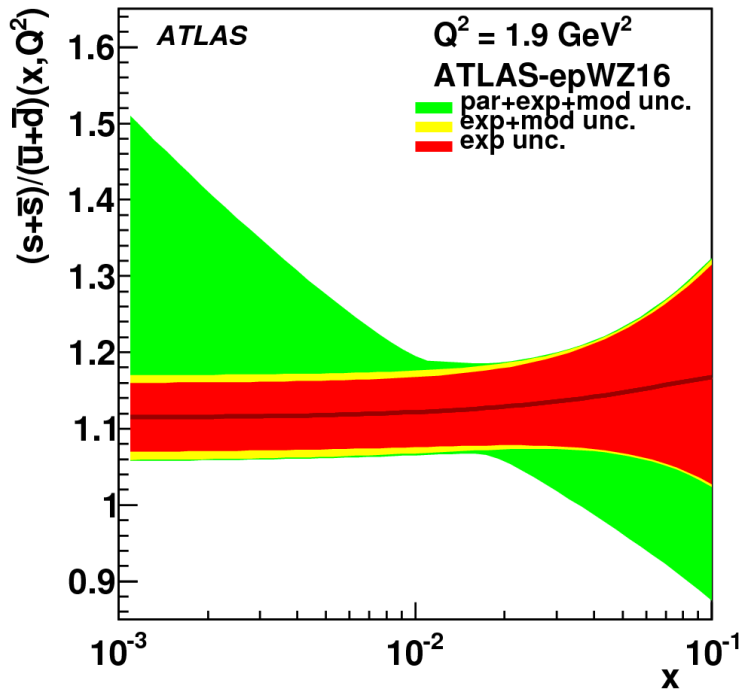
W & Z cross section @ 7 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\)](#)

➤ Exploiting results of this measurement:

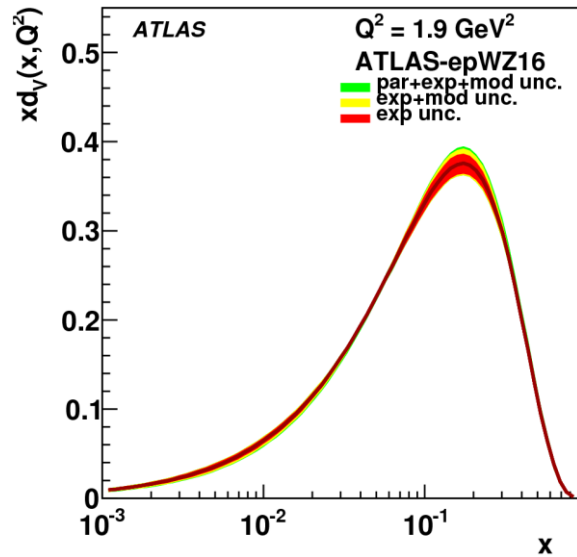
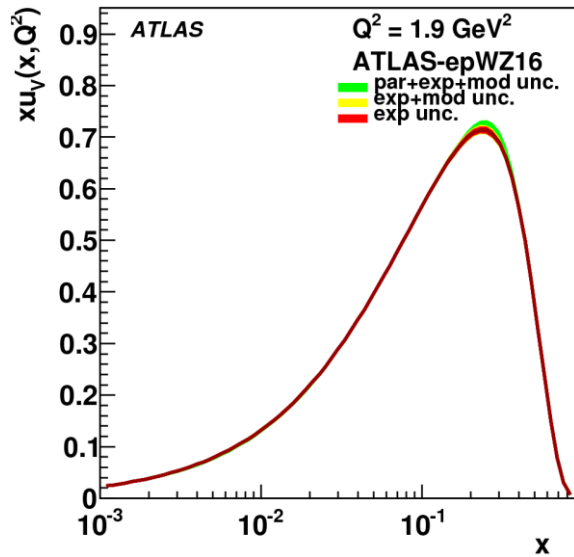
- New ATLAS PDF: [ATLAS-epWZ16](#)
- Constrain strange quark PDF (most sensitive region: $Q^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$, $x = 0.023$)
- R_s compatible with unsuppressed strangeness at low x

$$R_s = \frac{s + \bar{s}}{\bar{u} + \bar{d}}$$

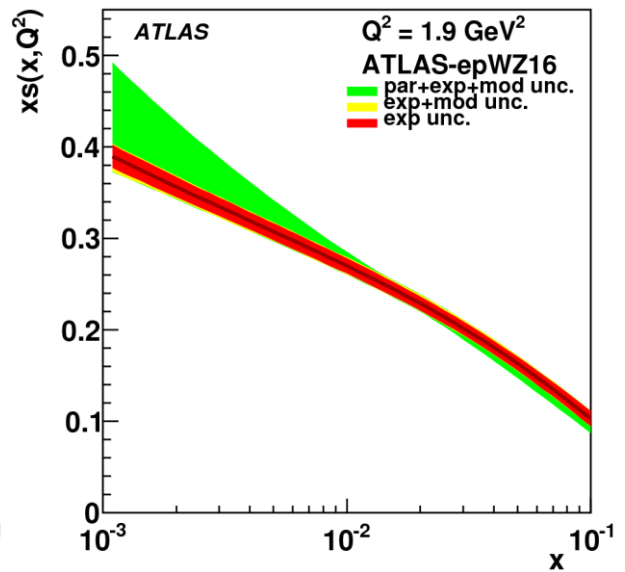
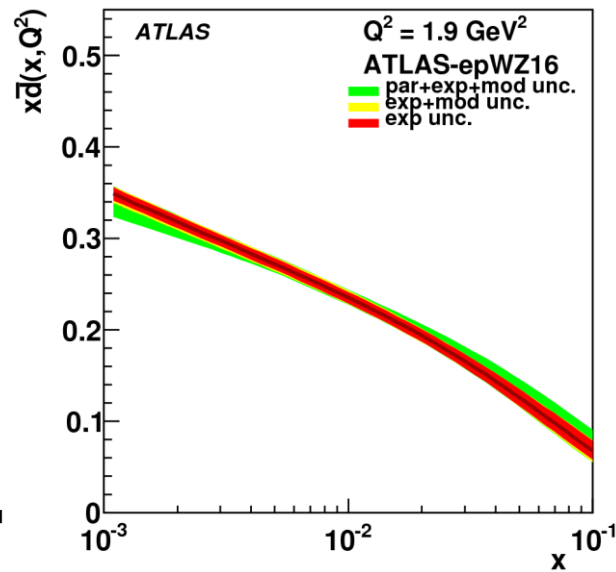
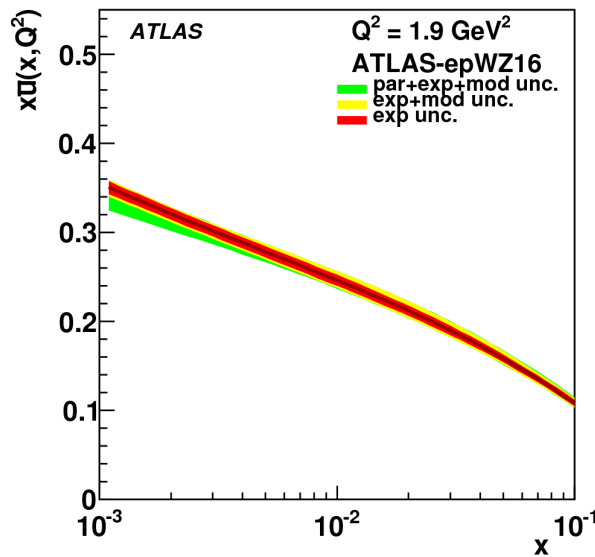
$$R_s = \frac{s + \bar{s}}{\bar{u} + \bar{d}} = 1.13 \pm 0.05 \text{ (exp)} \pm 0.02 \text{ (mod)} \begin{matrix} +0.01 \\ -0.06 \end{matrix} \text{ (par)}$$



W & Z cross section @ 7 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\)](#)



- W/Z ratio is sensitive to strange quark PDF
- Definitely accessing the proton structure
- New PDF developed: *ATLAS-epWZ16*
- Smaller uncertainties than ATLAS-epWZ12



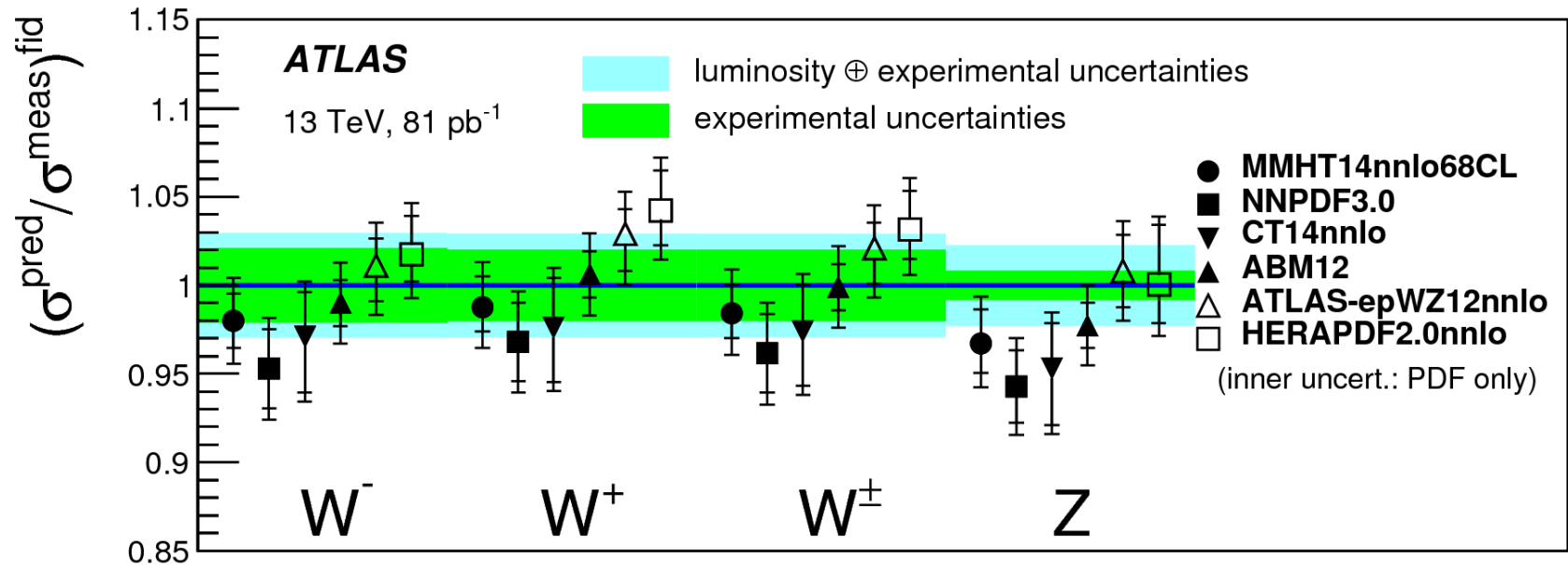


W & Z cross section @ 13 TeV

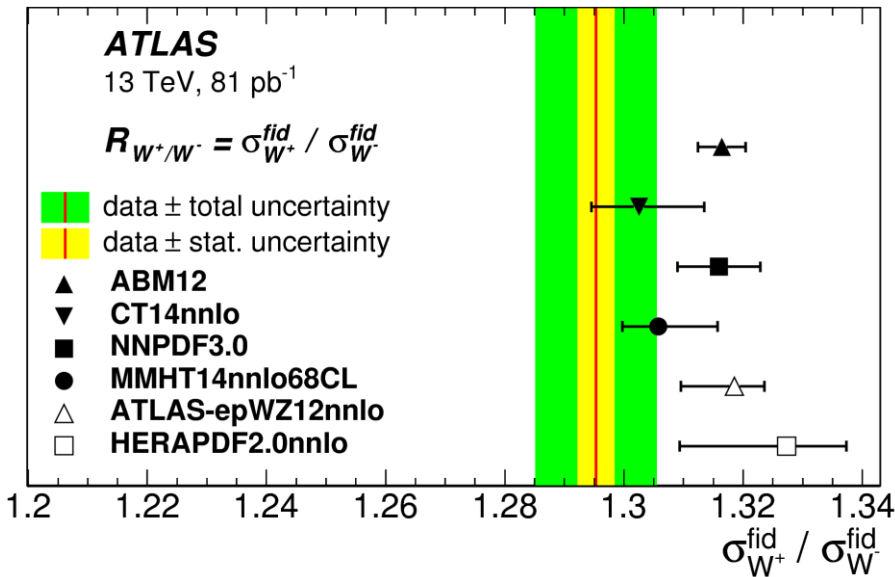
[Phys. Lett. B 759 \(2016\) 601](#)

W & Z cross section @ 13 TeV [Phys. Lett. B 759 \(2016\) 601](#)

- W^+ , W^- , W^\pm , Z separate cross sections
- High precision measurements:
 - Z: 1% ($\pm 2.1\%$ luminosity)
 - W: 2% ($\pm 2.1\%$ luminosity)
- Theoretical predictions uncertainty:
 - dominated by PDF (Z: 7%, W: 6%)
- Possible to constrain PDFs!



W & Z cross section @ 13 TeV [Phys. Lett. B 759 \(2016\) 601](#)

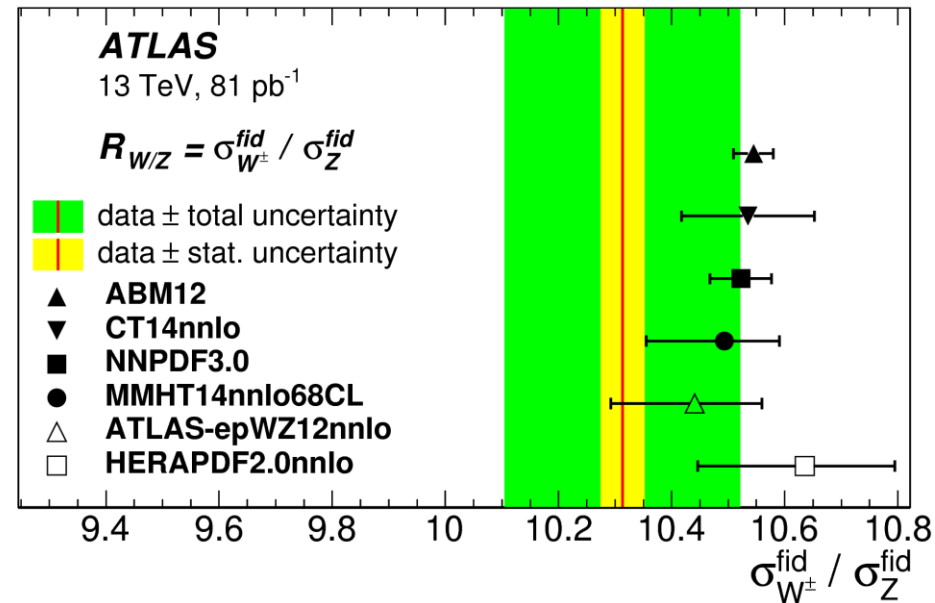


➤ W⁺/W⁻ ratio

- High precision measurement (< 1%)
- Luminosity uncertainty canceled in ratio
- Discriminate among PDFs
 - CT14 & MMHT14: best description

➤ W/Z ratio

- Luminosity uncertainty canceled in ratio
- Results compatible with all PDFs (within uncertainties)
- ATLAS-epWZ12 (based on ATLAS data fits) gives the best description

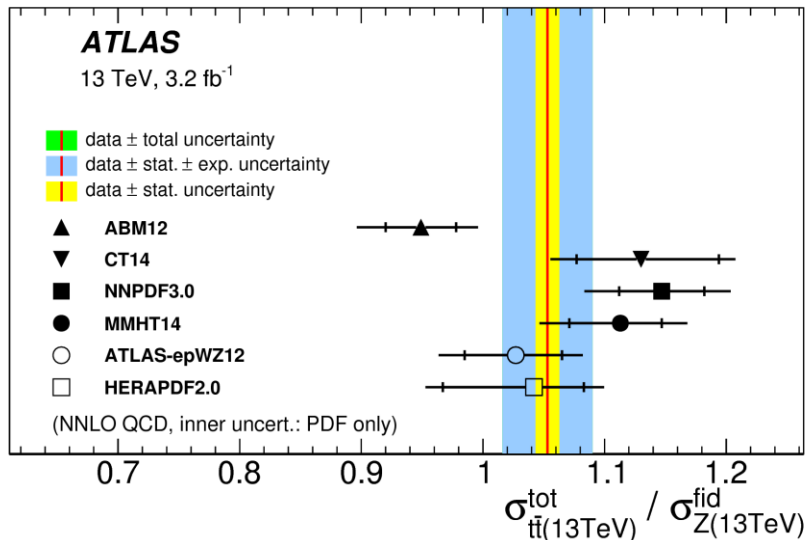
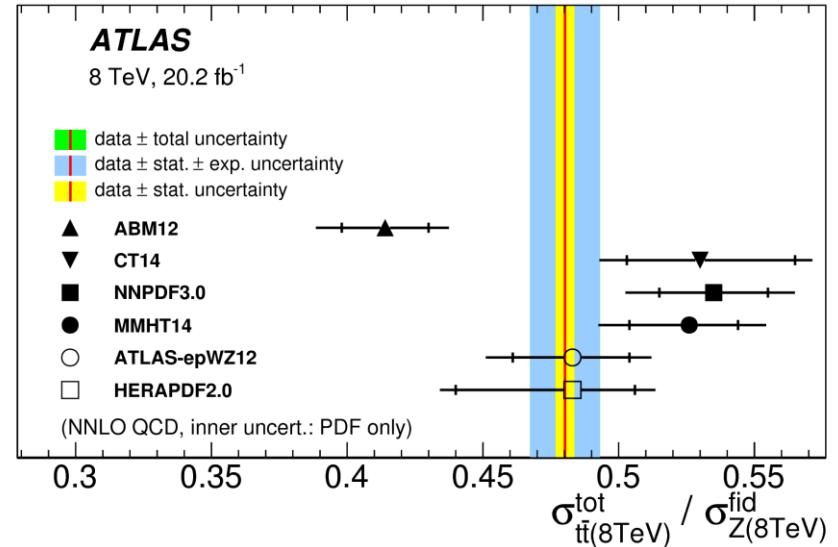
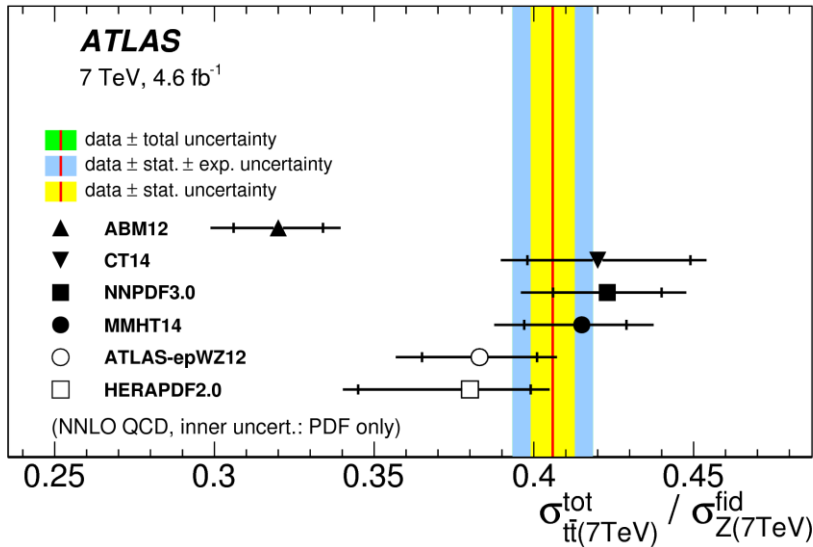




tt/Z cross section ratio @ 7, 8, 13 TeV

[JHEP 02 \(2017\) 117](#)

tt/Z cross section ratio @ 7, 8, 13 TeV [JHEP 02 \(2017\) 117](https://arxiv.org/abs/1607.08954)

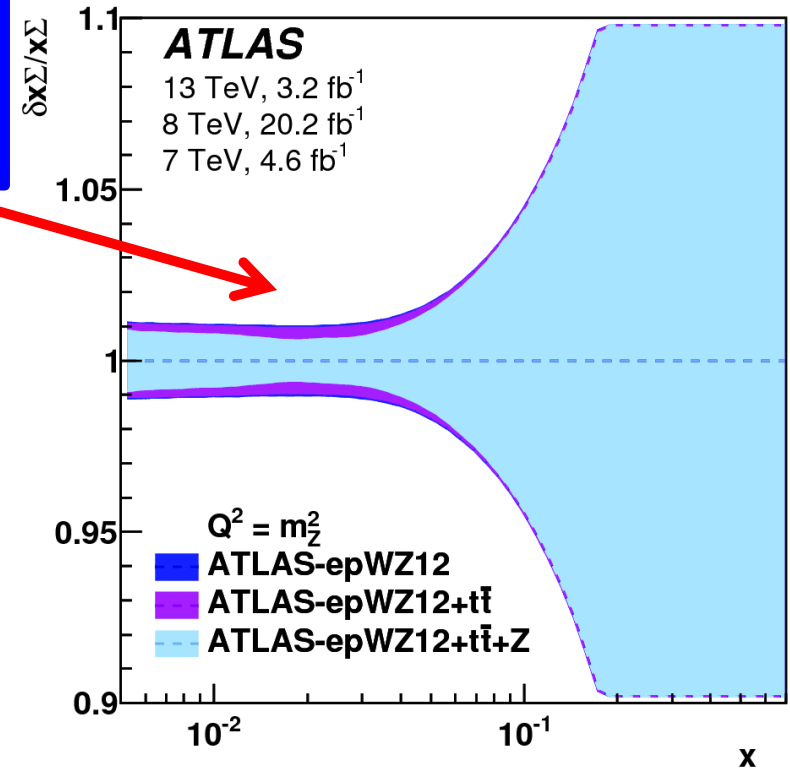
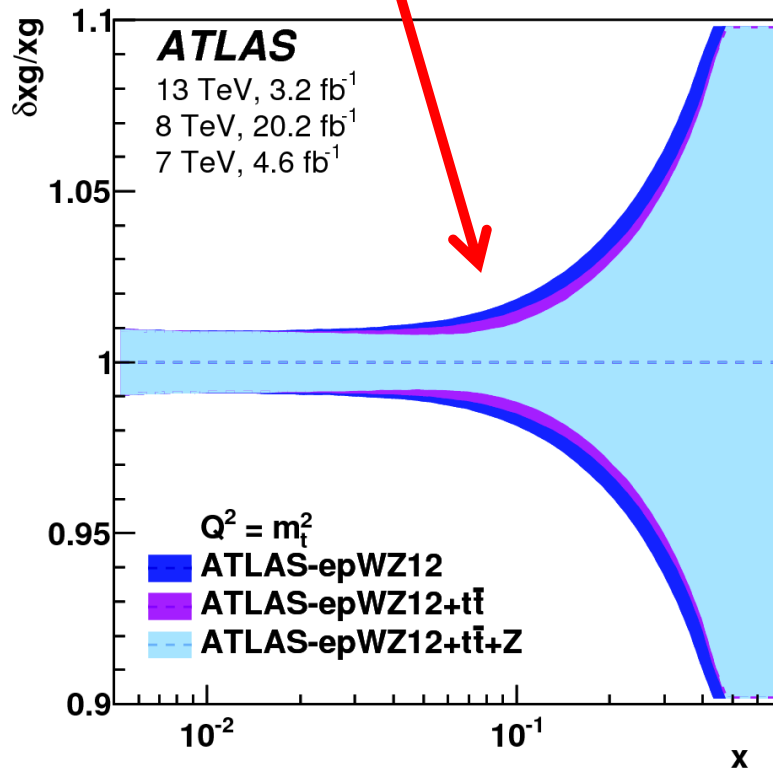


$$R_{t\bar{t}/Z} = \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{0.5(\sigma_{Z \rightarrow ee} + \sigma_{Z \rightarrow \mu\mu})}$$

- Systematics cancel out in the ratio
- Results more precise than prediction!
- Good agreement with different PDF
- Best sensitivity at 8 and 7 TeV
- Measured also tt/Z double ratio
 - 13/8 TeV, 13/7 TeV, 8/7 TeV

tt/Z cross section ratio @ 7, 8, 13 TeV [JHEP 02 \(2017\) 117](#)

- Exploiting the tt/Z results:
 - Profile ATLAS-epWZ12 to constrain:
 - light sea quark PDF
 - gluon PDF

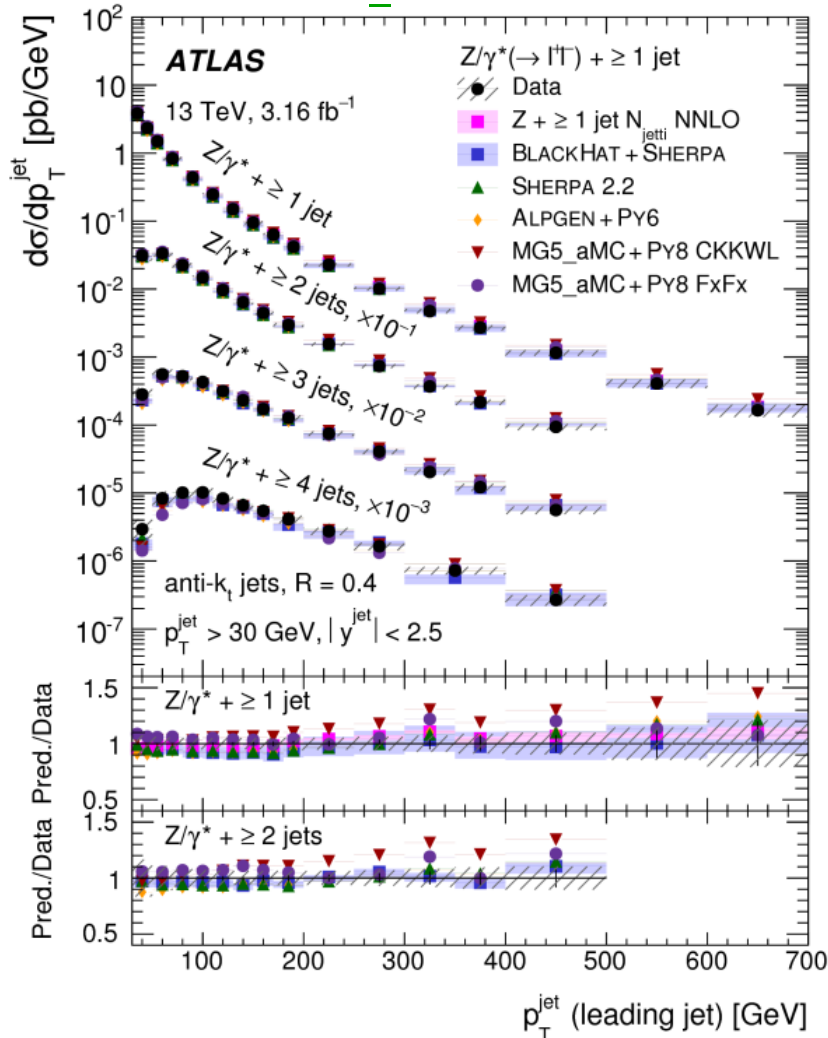




Z+jets cross section @ 13 TeV

[Eur. Phys. J. C77 \(2017\) 361](#)

Jet p_T spectrum



➤ Z+jets cross section

➤ State-of-the-art predictions:

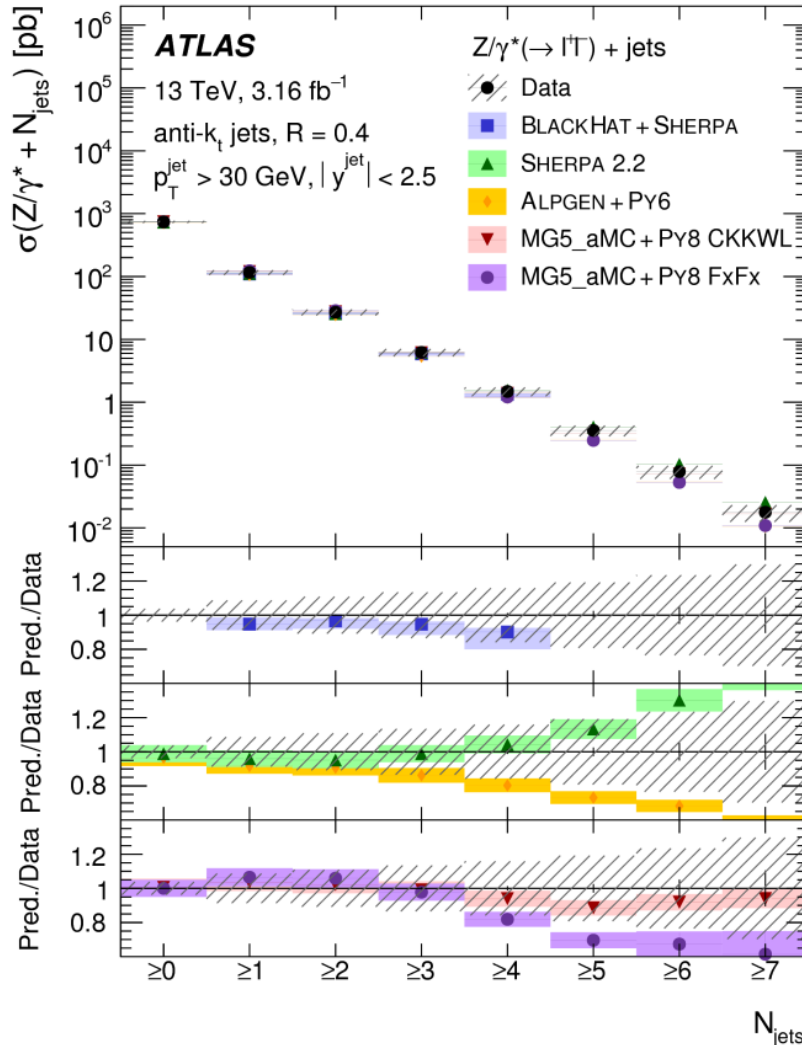
- NNLO ($Z + \geq 1$ jet N_{jet})
- NLO (BlackHat+Sherpa)
- LO (various)

- LO MG5_aMC+PY8 CKKWL & FxFx too hard jet p_T spectrum
- LO Alpgen+PY6, NLO Sherpa 2.2, NLO BlackHat+Sherpa, NNLO N_{jet}, show good agreement with data

- LO predicts too hard jet spectrum ($p_T > 200$ GeV)

Z+jets cross section @ 13 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C77 \(2017\) 361](#)

Jet multiplicity



➤ Z+jets cross section

➤ State-of-the-art predictions:

- ~~NNLO (Z+≥1jet Njetti)~~
- NLO (BlackHat+Sherpa)
- LO (various)

- Reasonable agreement up to 3 jets
- LO MG5_aMC+PY8 CKKWL seems OK
- LO Alpgen+PY6, NLO Sherpa 2.2, NLO MG5_aMC+PY8 FxFx systematic trend deviating from data

- Mismodeling for high jet multiplicity (N_{jets} ≥ 4)



3D Z cross section @ 8 TeV

[https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/
PHYSICS/PAPERS/STDM-2016-04/](https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PAPERS/STDM-2016-04/)

3D Z cross section @ 8 TeV [to be published soon](#)

➤ Triple differential Z boson cross section as a function of: m_{ll} , $|y_{ll}|$, $\cos \theta^*$

- Collin-Soper frame:
 - rest frame of the (Z boson) di-lepton system
- lepton $\cos \theta^*$: measured from z-axis, symmetric to the 2 incoming partons

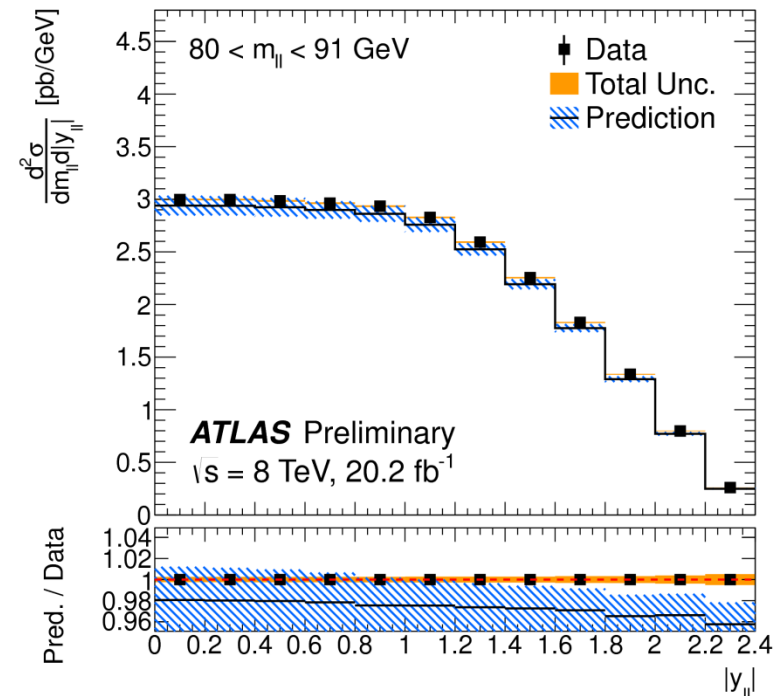
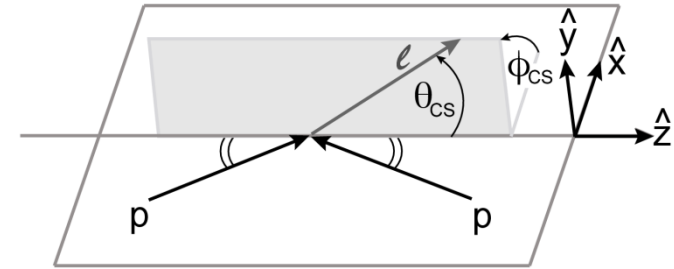
$$\cos \theta^* = \frac{p_{Z, ll}}{m_{ll} |p_{Z, ll}|} \frac{p_1^+ p_2^- - p_1^- p_2^+}{\sqrt{m_{ll}^2 + p_{T, ll}^2}}$$

- A_{FB} (forward-backward asymmetry)
 - related to weak mixing angle $\sin^2 \theta_W$
 - change sign at m_Z
 - increase with y_{ll}

$$A_{FB} = \frac{d^3 \sigma(\cos \theta^* > 0) - d^3 \sigma(\cos \theta^* < 0)}{d^3 \sigma(\cos \theta^* > 0) + d^3 \sigma(\cos \theta^* < 0)}$$

- Overall good agreement with Powheg+Pythia8
- Precision: 0.5% ($\pm 1.9\%$ luminosity)
- Prediction tends to underestimate data

Z boson rest frame (Collins-Soper)



3D Z cross section @ 8 TeV to be published soon

- A_{FB} change signs at m_Z :
- from positive...

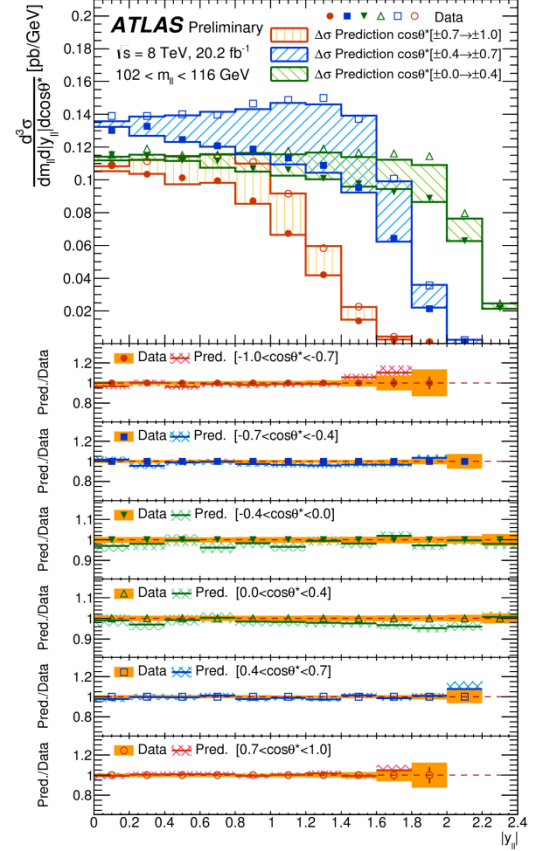
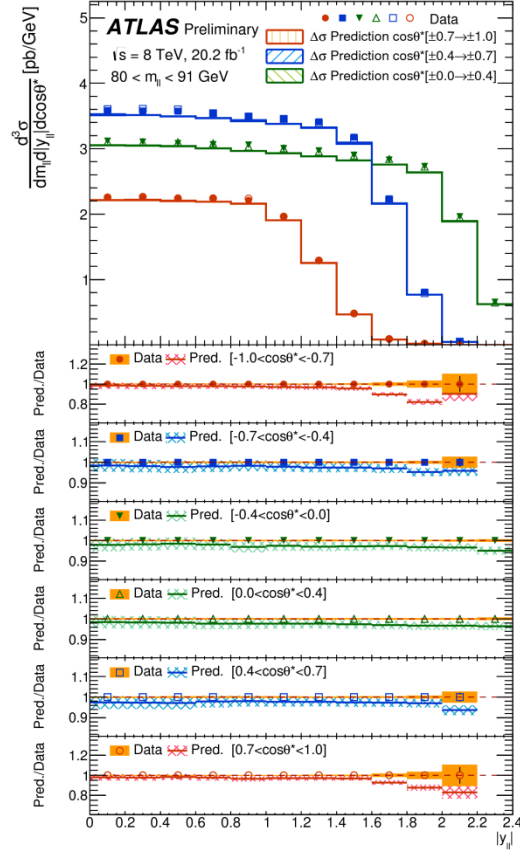
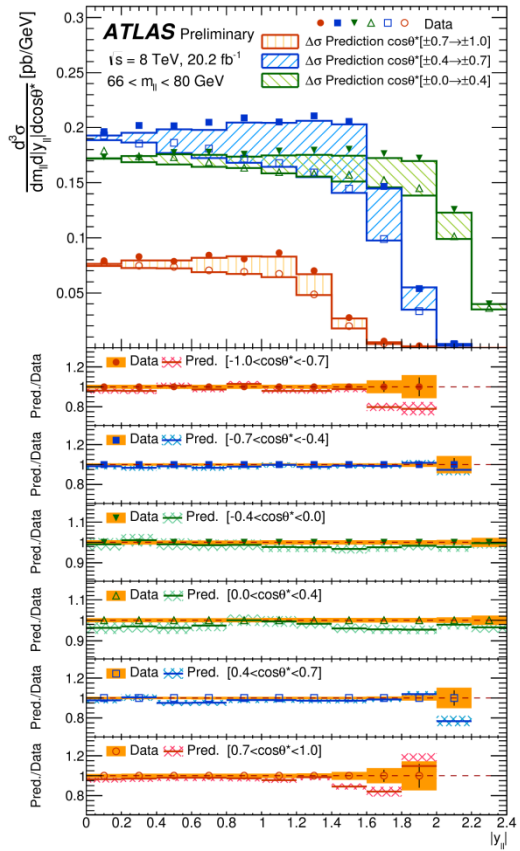
... to == 0 ...

... then negative!

- $m_{||}$: 66-80 GeV
- $\cos \theta^* > 0$ ● ▲ ■
- $\cos \theta^* < 0$ ○ △ □

- $m_{||}$: 80-91 GeV
- $\cos \theta^* > 0 \approx \cos \theta^* < 0$
- ● ▲ ■ \approx ○ △ □

- $m_{||}$: 102-116 GeV
- $\cos \theta^* < 0$ ○ △ □
- $\cos \theta^* > 0$ ● ▲ ■





Z leptons angular coefficients @ 8 TeV

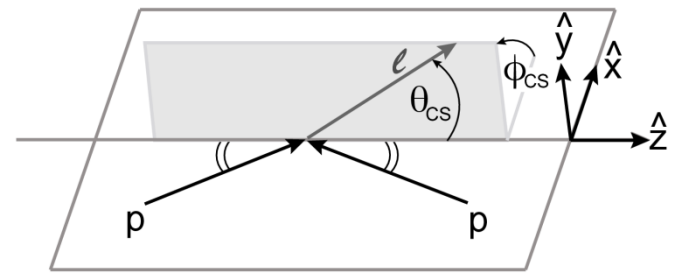
[JHEP 08 \(2016\) 159](#)

Z leptons angular coefficients @ 8 TeV [JHEP 08 \(2016\) 159](#)

DY leptons angular correlations (θ and ϕ)

- described by angular coefficients $A_0 \dots A_7$
- A_i measured in 3 Y_Z bins and integrated in Y_Z
- Results:
 - Evidence for higher than zero $A_0 - A_2$
 - Evidence for non zero $A_{5,6,7}$

Z boson rest frame (Collins-Soper)



$$\langle \frac{1}{2}(1 - 3 \cos^2 \theta) \rangle = \frac{3}{20}(A_0 - \frac{2}{3});$$

$$\langle \sin 2\theta \cos \phi \rangle = \frac{1}{5}A_1;$$

$$\langle \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi \rangle = \frac{1}{10}A_2;$$

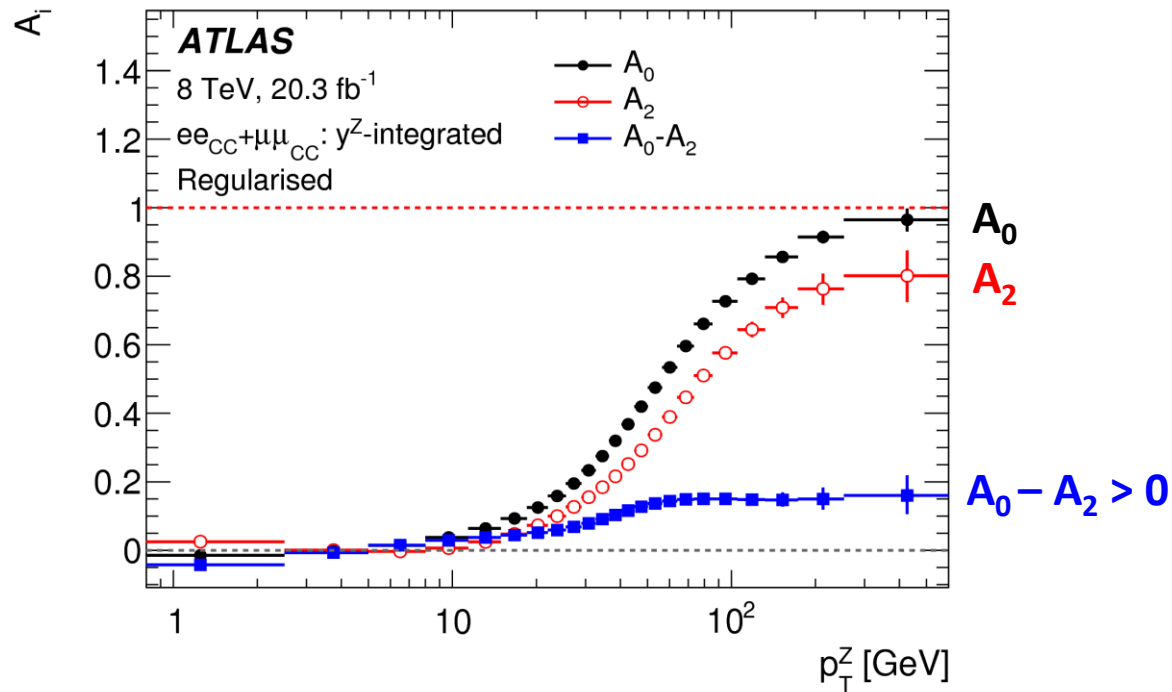
$$\langle \sin \theta \cos \phi \rangle = \frac{1}{4}A_3;$$

$$\langle \cos \theta \rangle = \frac{1}{4}A_4;$$

$$\langle \sin^2 \theta \sin 2\phi \rangle = \frac{1}{5}A_5;$$

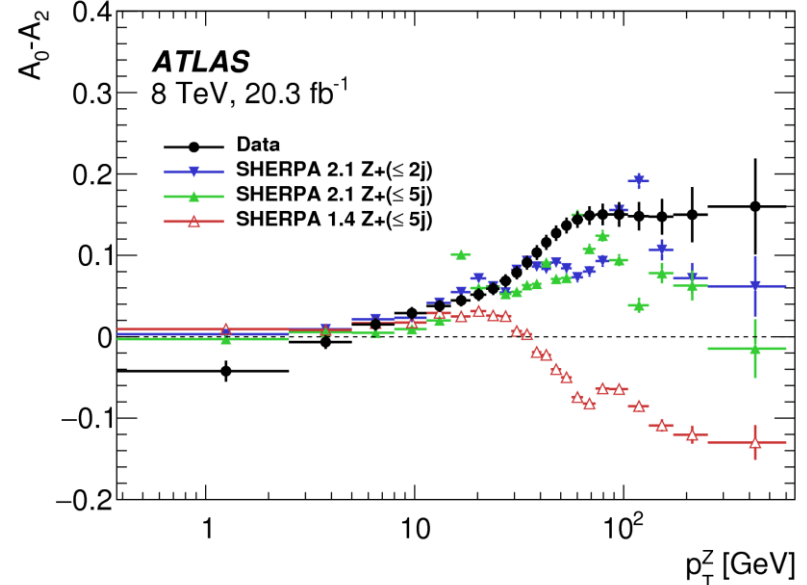
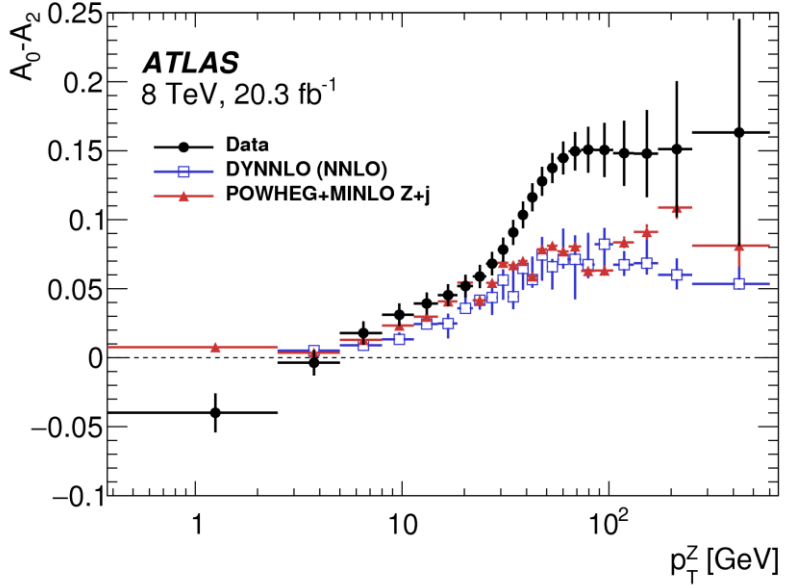
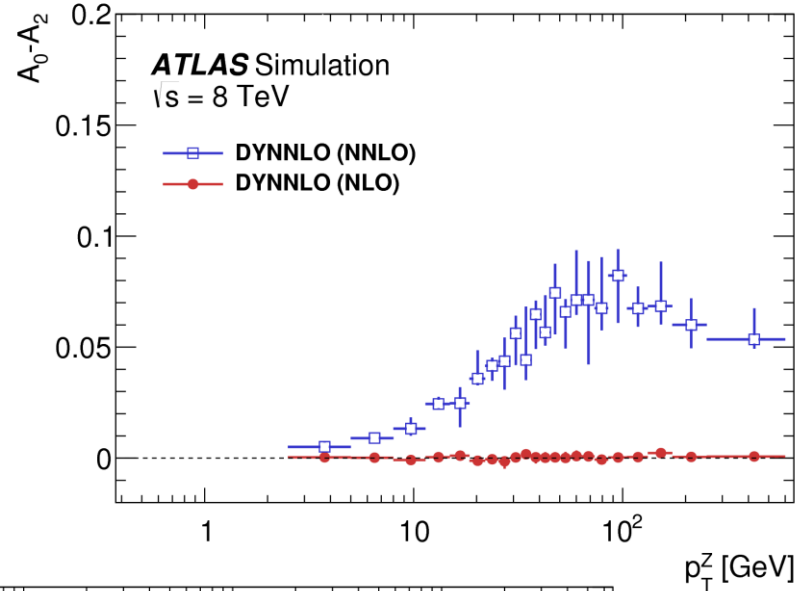
$$\langle \sin 2\theta \sin \phi \rangle = \frac{1}{5}A_6;$$

$$\langle \sin \theta \sin \phi \rangle = \frac{1}{4}A_7.$$



Z leptons angular coefficients @ 8 TeV [JHEP 08 \(2016\) 159](#)

- Lam-Tung relation broken: $A_0 - A_2 > 0$
- Confirm needs for higher order corrections
- Data almost factor 2 larger than predictions:
 - pQCD calculations: **DYNNLO (NNLO)**
 - MC's at V+j NLO: **POWHEG+MINLO Z+j**
 - **Sherpa 2.1** better than **Sherpa 1.4**
- Several recently published predictions:
 - improve data/MC comparison
 - do not fully explain $A_0 - A_2$ at high p_T





anti- k_t splitting scales @ 8 TeV

[JHEP 08 \(2017\) 026](#)

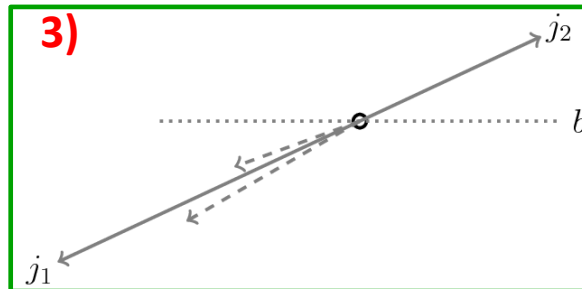
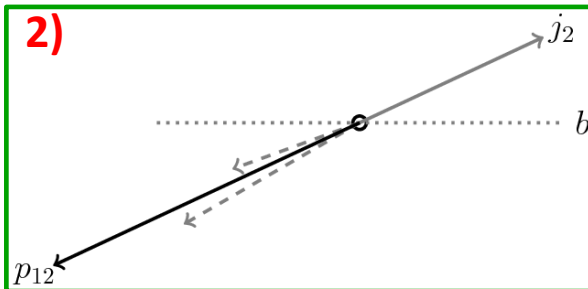
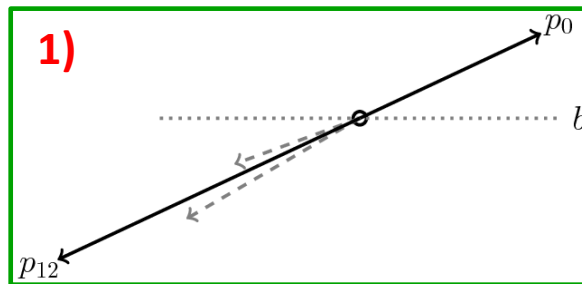
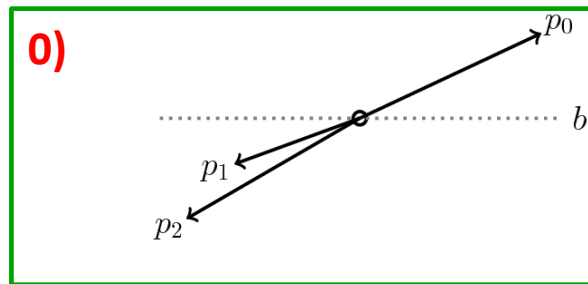
anti- k_t splitting scales @ 8 TeV [JHEP 08 \(2017\) 026](#)

➤ $Z(\rightarrow ll) + \text{jets}$: jet clusterization in steps with anti- k_t algorithm

➤ Inputs: charged particle tracks ($p_T > 400 \text{ MeV}$, $|\eta| < 2.5$)

➤ Associating tracks with minimum distance criteria:

➤ distance between tracks or between tracks and beam axes



Clusterization steps:

0) p_n tracks as input

1) minimum distance between p_1 and p_2 tracks \rightarrow track p_{12}

2) minimum distance between p_0 and axes \rightarrow jet j_2

3) minimum distance between p_{12} and axes \rightarrow jet j_1

$$d_k = \min_{i,j} (d_{ij}, d_{ib})$$

$$d_{ij} = \min(p_{T,i}^2, p_{T,j}^2) \times \frac{\Delta R_{ij}^2}{R^2}$$

$$d_{ib} = p_{T,i}^2,$$

➤ **0th splitting scale** ($\sqrt{d_0}$): p_T of the leading k_t -jet

➤ **Nth splitting scale** ($\sqrt{d_N}$): distance at which an **N-jet** event resolved as **(N+1)**

anti- k_t splitting scales @ 8 TeV [JHEP 08 \(2017\) 026](#)

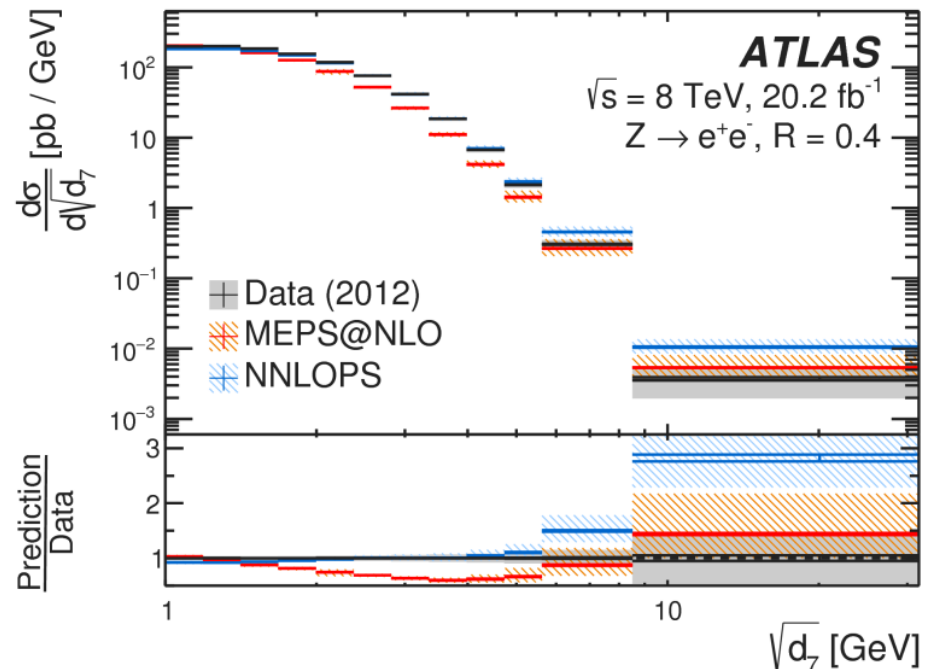
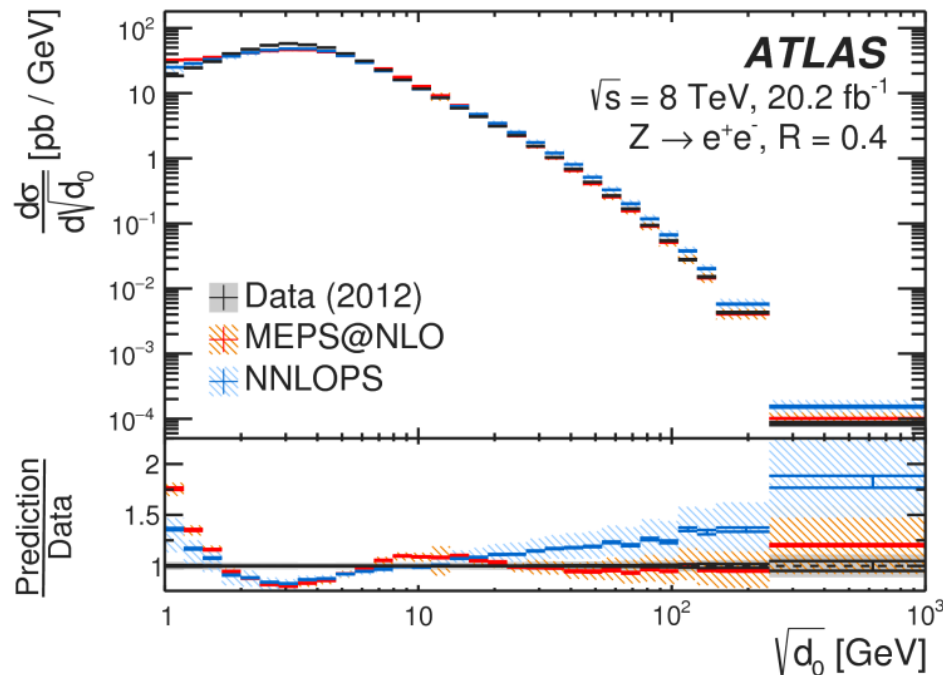
- Theoretical predictions: **Sherpa (MEPS@NLO)**, **Powheg+Pythia8 (NNLOPS)**
- Measurements provided from 0th to 7th splitting scales
- Observe significant differences between measurement and predictions
- Compatible results for: $Z(\rightarrow ee)$ and $Z(\rightarrow \mu\mu)$ channels; $R = 0.4$ and $R = 1.0$

➤ Low splitting scales (0th)

➤ **MEPS@NLO** better from 10 GeV

➤ High splitting scales (7th)

➤ **NNLOPS** better up to 3 GeV





Summary



Summary

- ATLAS precision measurements with 7, 8 and 13 TeV data
 - Very high precision: 1-2%
 - $W(\rightarrow e\nu)/W(\rightarrow \mu\nu)$ ratio: higher precision than LEP combined
- Possibility to cancel out systematics with cross section ratios
 - W^+/W^- ratio, W/Z ratio, $t\bar{t}/Z$ ratio
- Higher precision than theoretical predictions:
 - Improve PDFs not compatible with data results
 - Provide inputs for new PDFs: *new* ATLAS-epWZ16
 - Underline the needs for higher order corrections
- Remaining discrepancies motivate further work to improve modelling and precision

Summary

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- Remaining discrepancies motivate further work to improve modelling and precision
- **ATLAS precision measurements are a powerful mean to improve our understanding of perturbative QCD!**

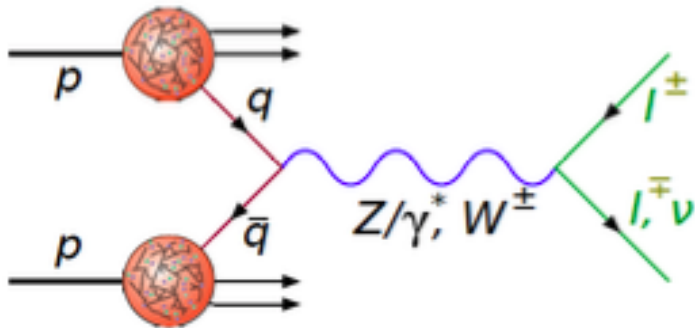
Thanks for your attention!

→ BACKUP ←

Drell-Yan production

ATLAS/CMS and LHC-b complementary:

- Probes Bjorken- x in range $10^{-4} < x < 1$
- Low & high x accessed by off-shell data

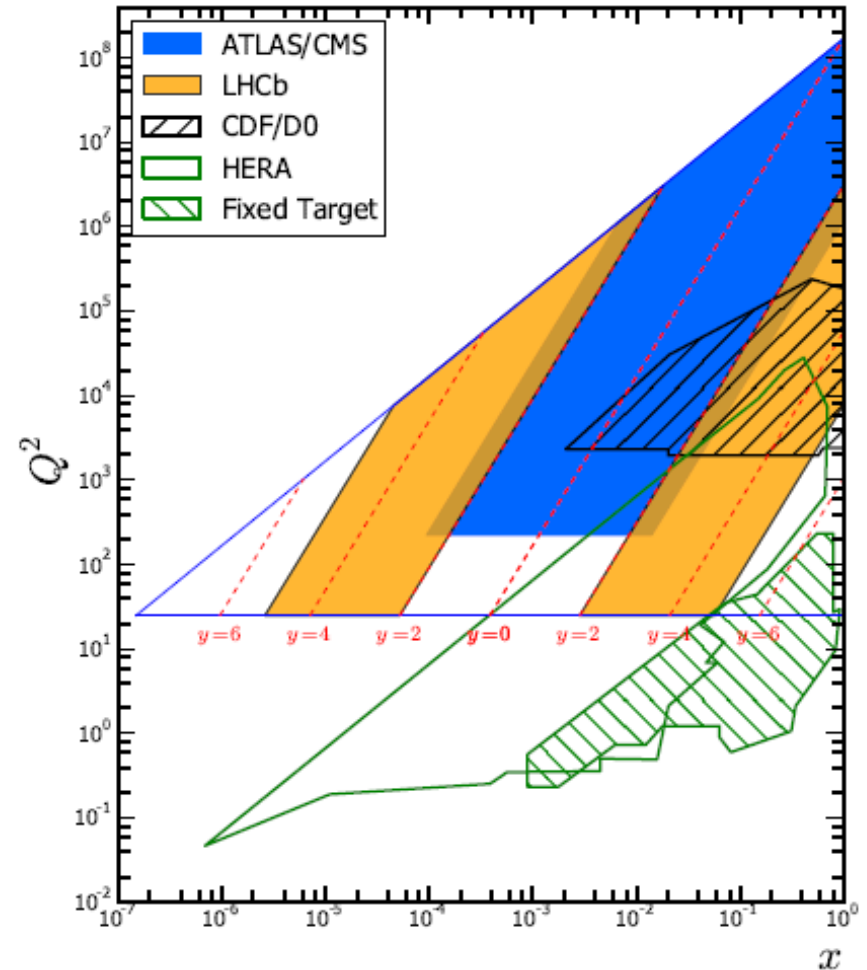


- Total and differential cross-sections in boson (lepton) kinematics (y, p, f^*, \dots)
- Cross-section ratios ($W^+/W^-, W/Z, \dots$)

Excellent detector calibration:

- Typical experimental systematics $\sim 1\%$
- Luminosity systematics (2-3%) and also other contributions cancel in ratios

LHC 13 TeV Kinematics



General information on measurement methods

Total and fiducial cross-section:

$$\sigma_{W/Z}^{fid} = \frac{N^{W/Z} - B^{W/Z}}{C_{W/Z} L_{int}}$$

$N^{W/Z}$ - candidate events in data
 $B^{W/Z}$ - background events
 $C_{W/Z}$ - efficiency correction factor
 L_{int} - luminosity

$$\sigma_{W/Z}^{tot} = \frac{\sigma_{W/Z}^{fid}}{A^{W/Z}}$$

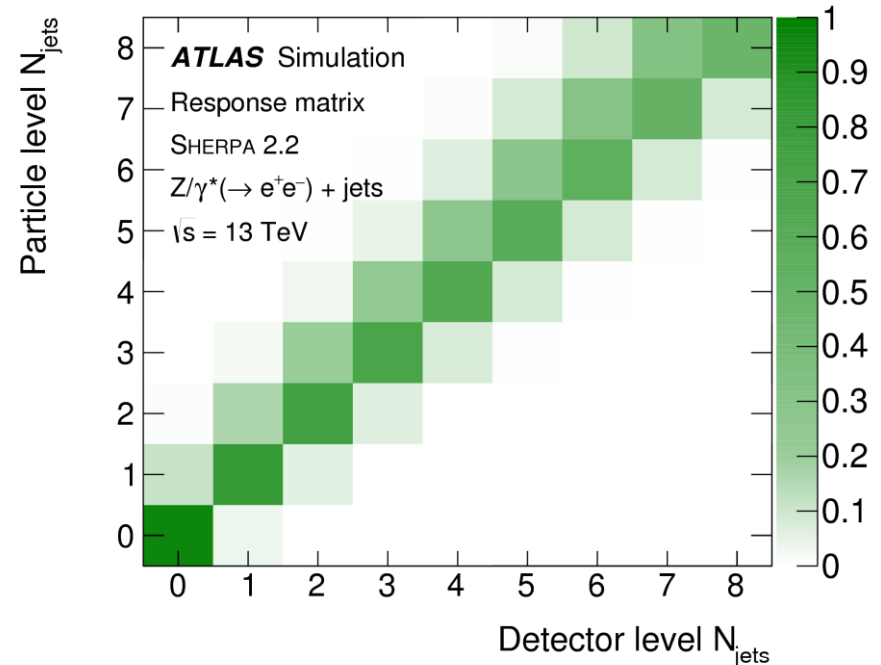
$A^{W/Z}$ - acceptance

“Particle level” measurements:

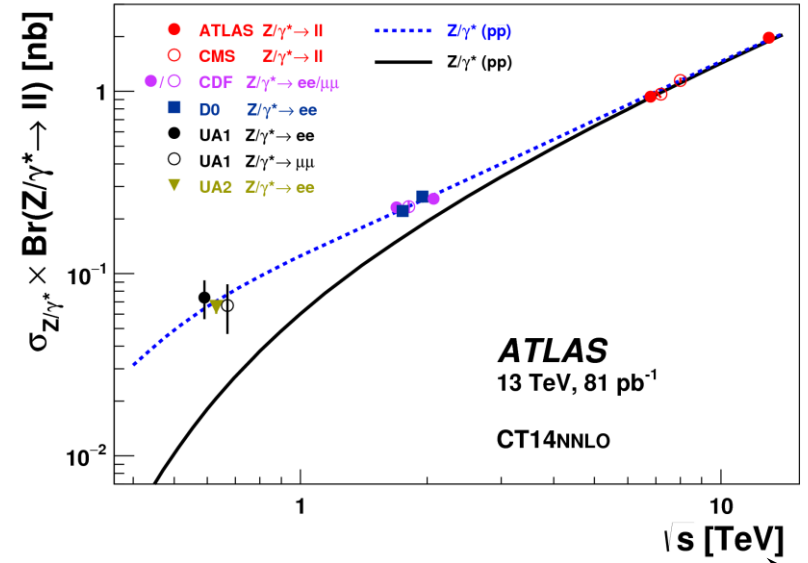
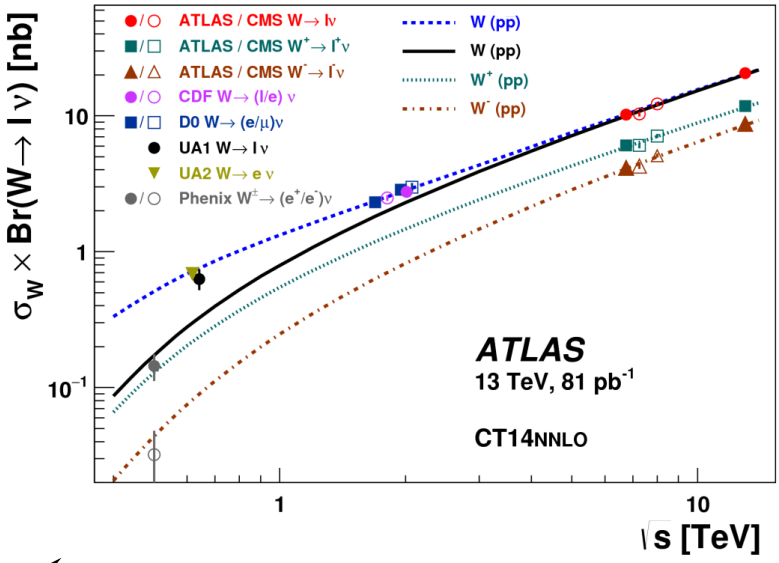
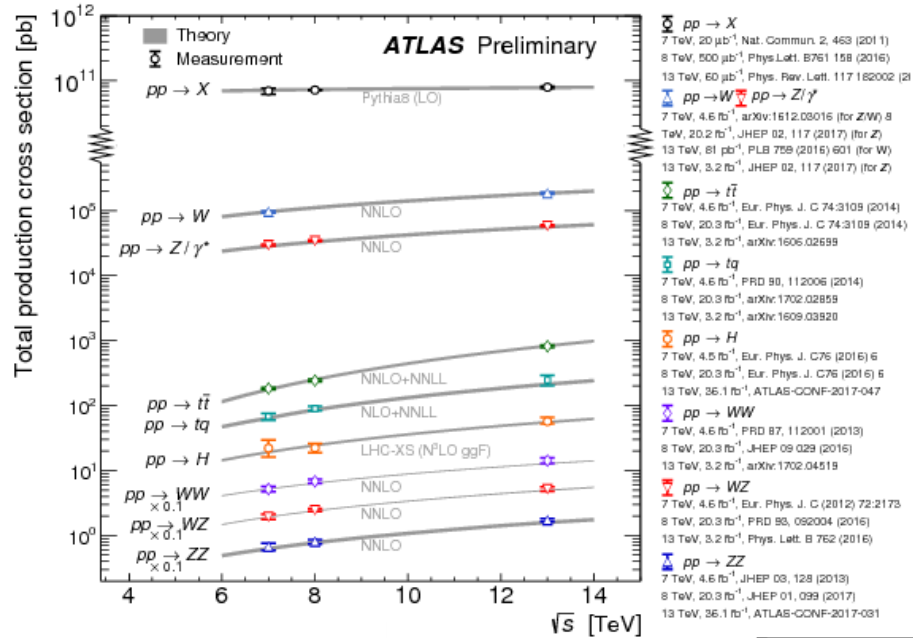
- unfolding with MC corrects
- for detector effects;
- leptons “dressed” with QED FSR

Main systematic uncertainties:

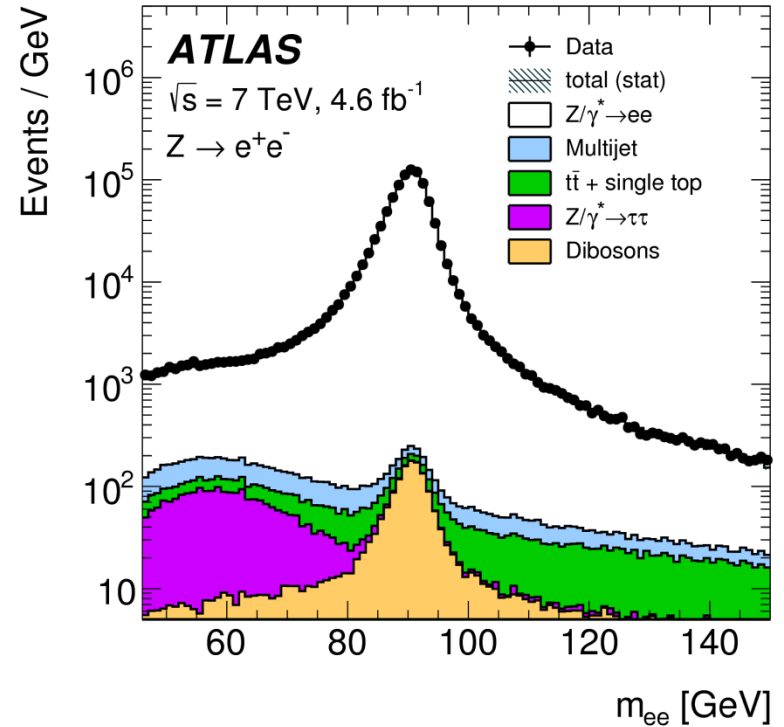
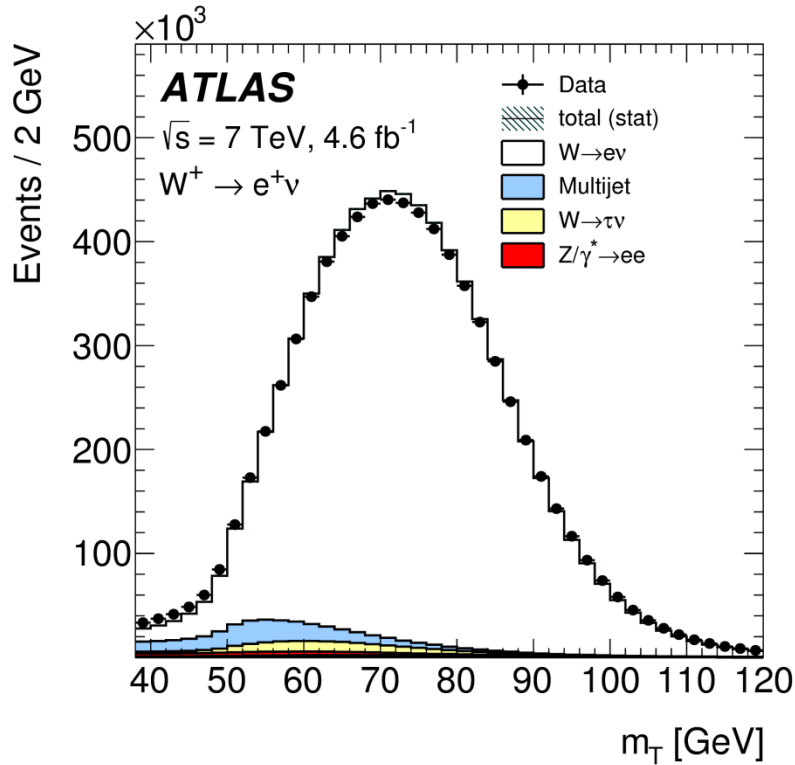
- jet energy scale
- background (on W)
- unfolding



ATLAS W & Z cross sections



W & Z cross section @ 7 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\)](#)



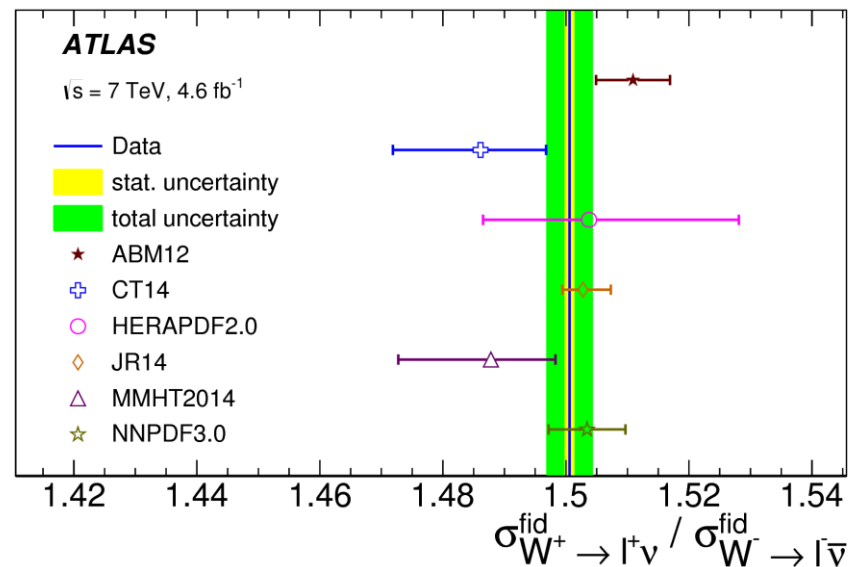
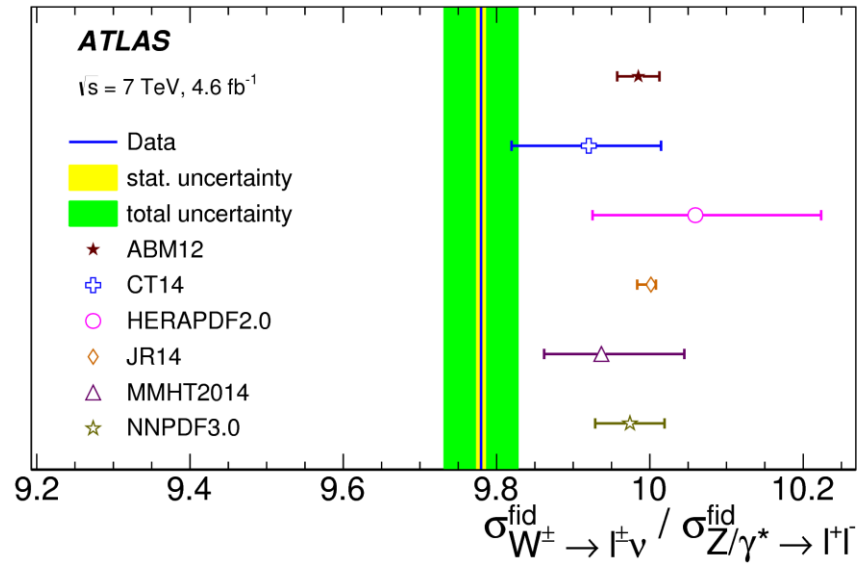
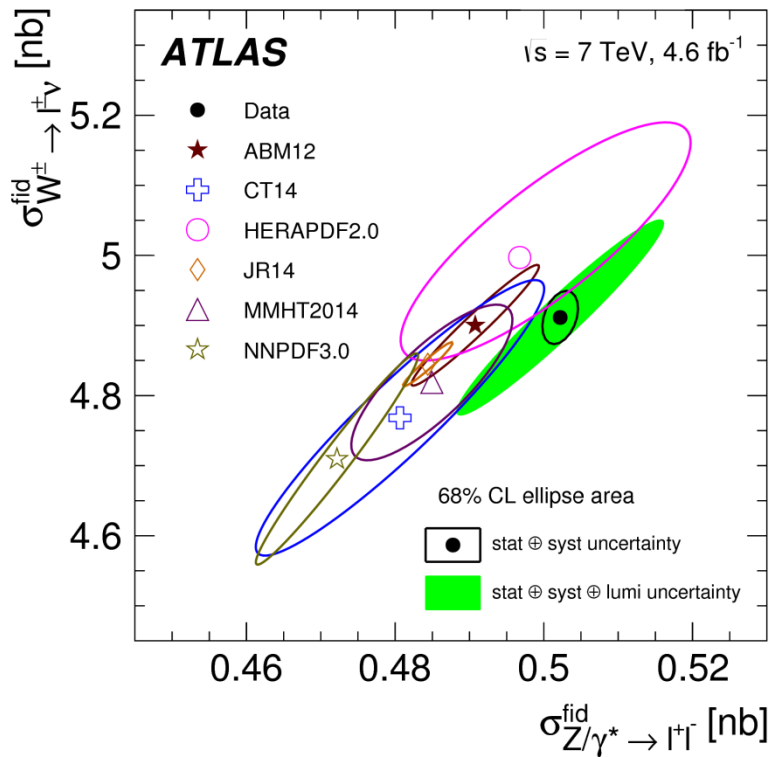
Selected candidates:

$W \rightarrow e \nu$: ~13M
 $W \rightarrow \mu \nu$: ~16M
 $Z \rightarrow ee$: 1M (CC), 320k (CF)
 $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$: 1.6M

Background contamination:

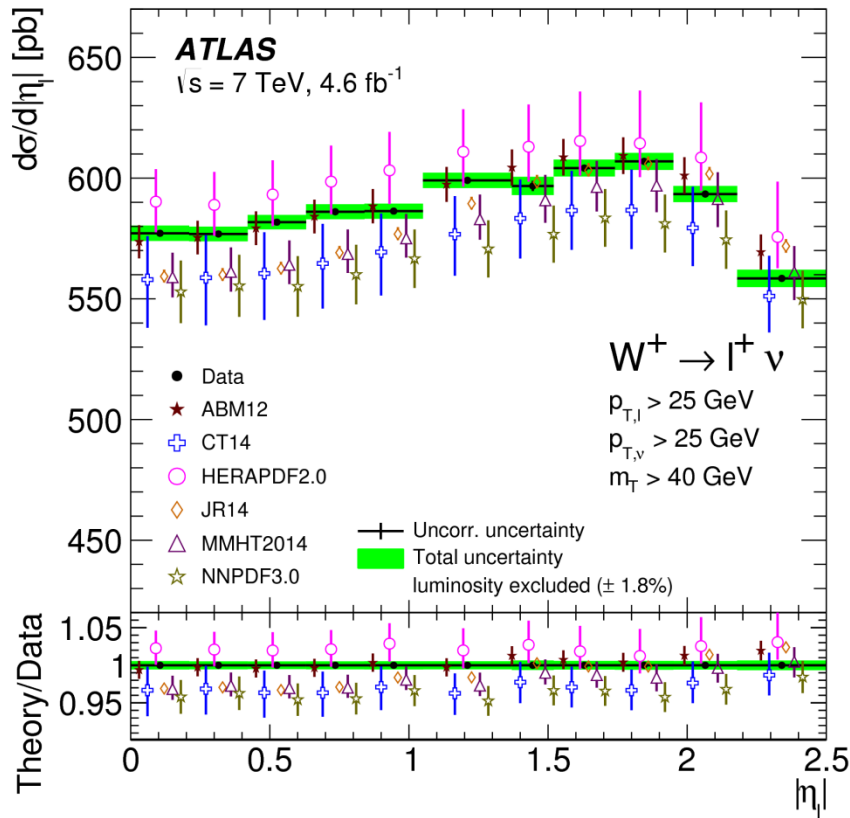
$W \rightarrow l \nu$: ~7-9%
 $Z \rightarrow ll$: ~1-3%

W & Z cross section @ 7 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\)](#)

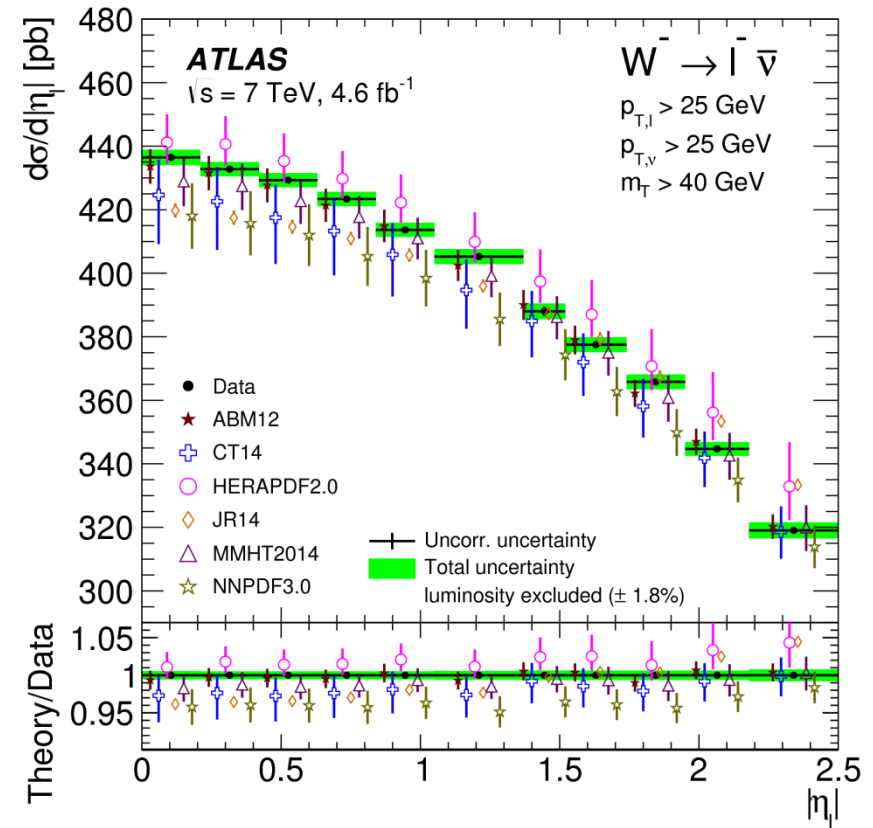


W & Z cross section @ 7 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\)](#)

W⁺ differential

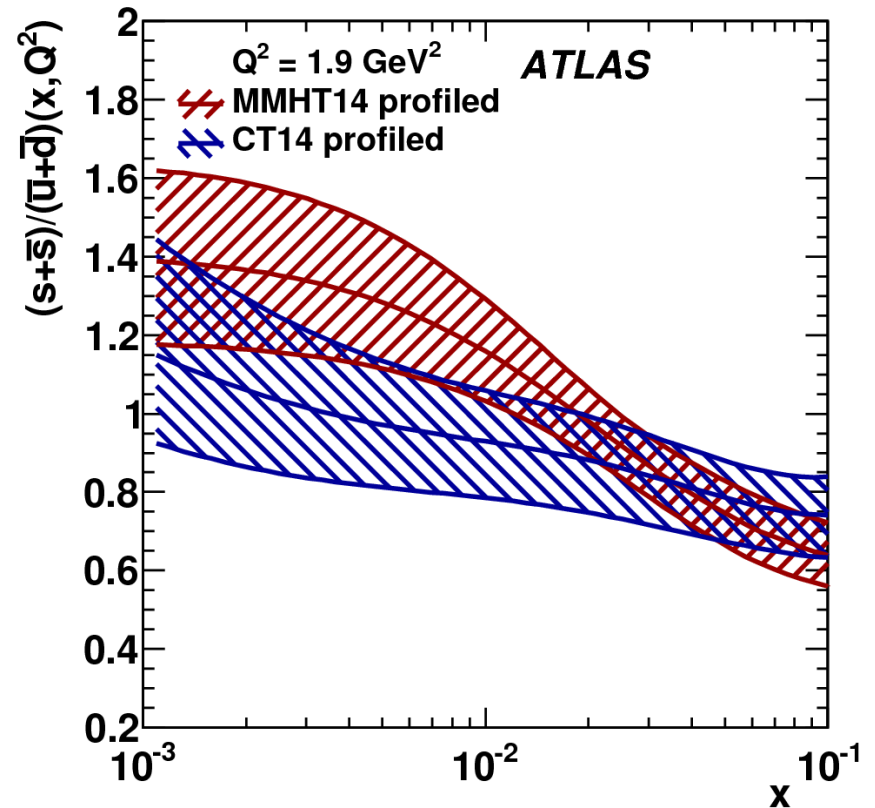
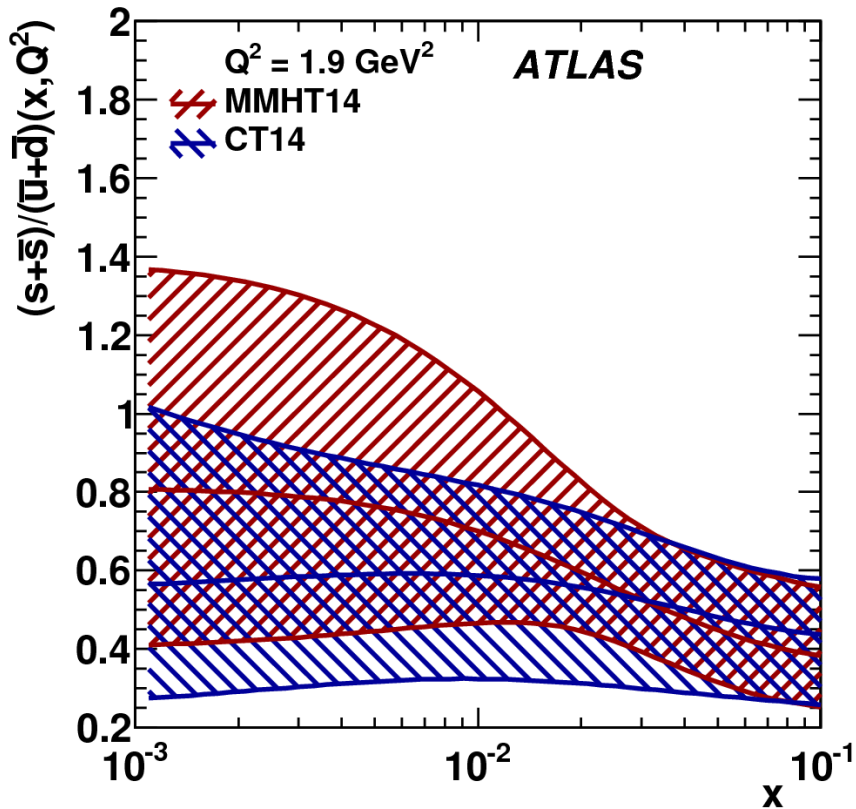


W⁻ differential



- All predictions (but **HERAPDF2.0**) lower than measurements, with large PDF uncertainties
- Large strange-quark component in W production which is theoretically not well constrained
- Uncertainty on measured shape is 0.1-0.2%: discrepancy in shape

W & Z cross section @ 7 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\)](#)



Profiling results:

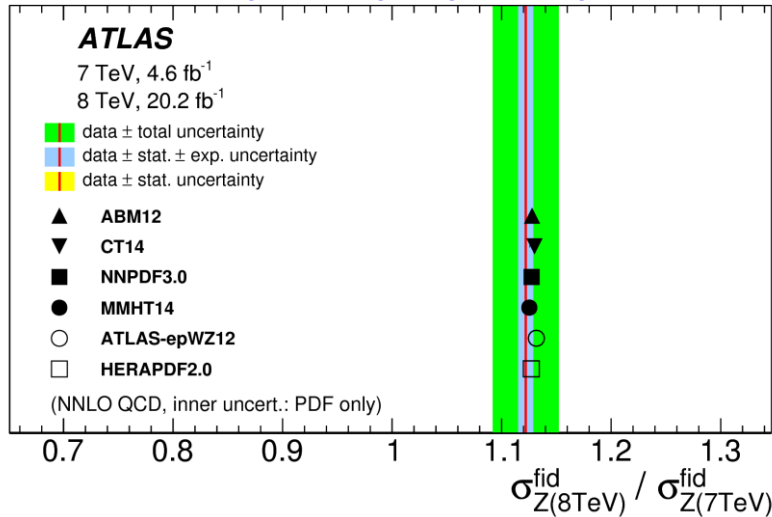
- significantly reduced uncertainties
- central values are increased towards unity

Unsuppressed strange fraction:

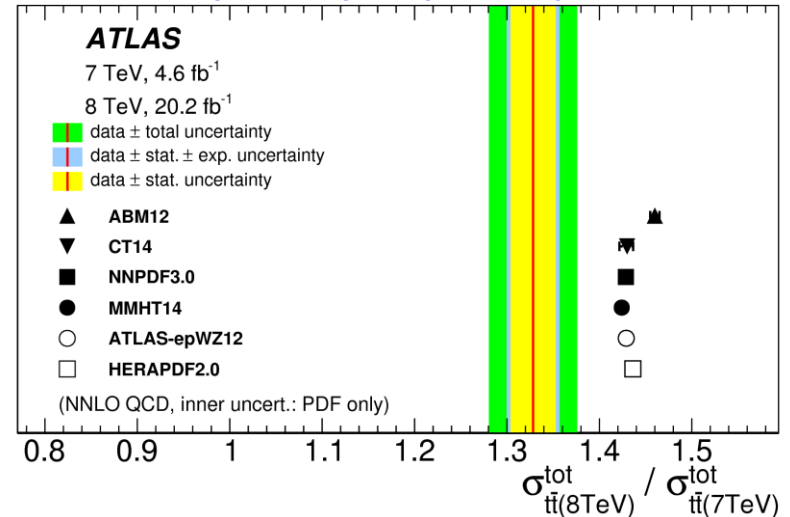
- in contradictions to most contemporary PDF sets (strange fraction around 0.5)
- however: large parametrisation uncertainty

tt/Z cross section ratio @ 7, 8, 13 TeV [JHEP 02 \(2017\) 117](#)

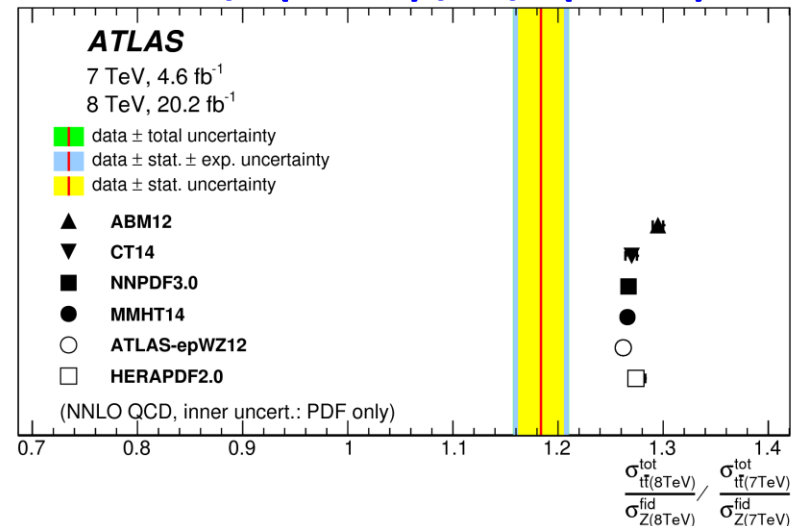
Z(8 TeV)/Z(7 TeV)



tt(8 TeV)/tt(7 TeV)

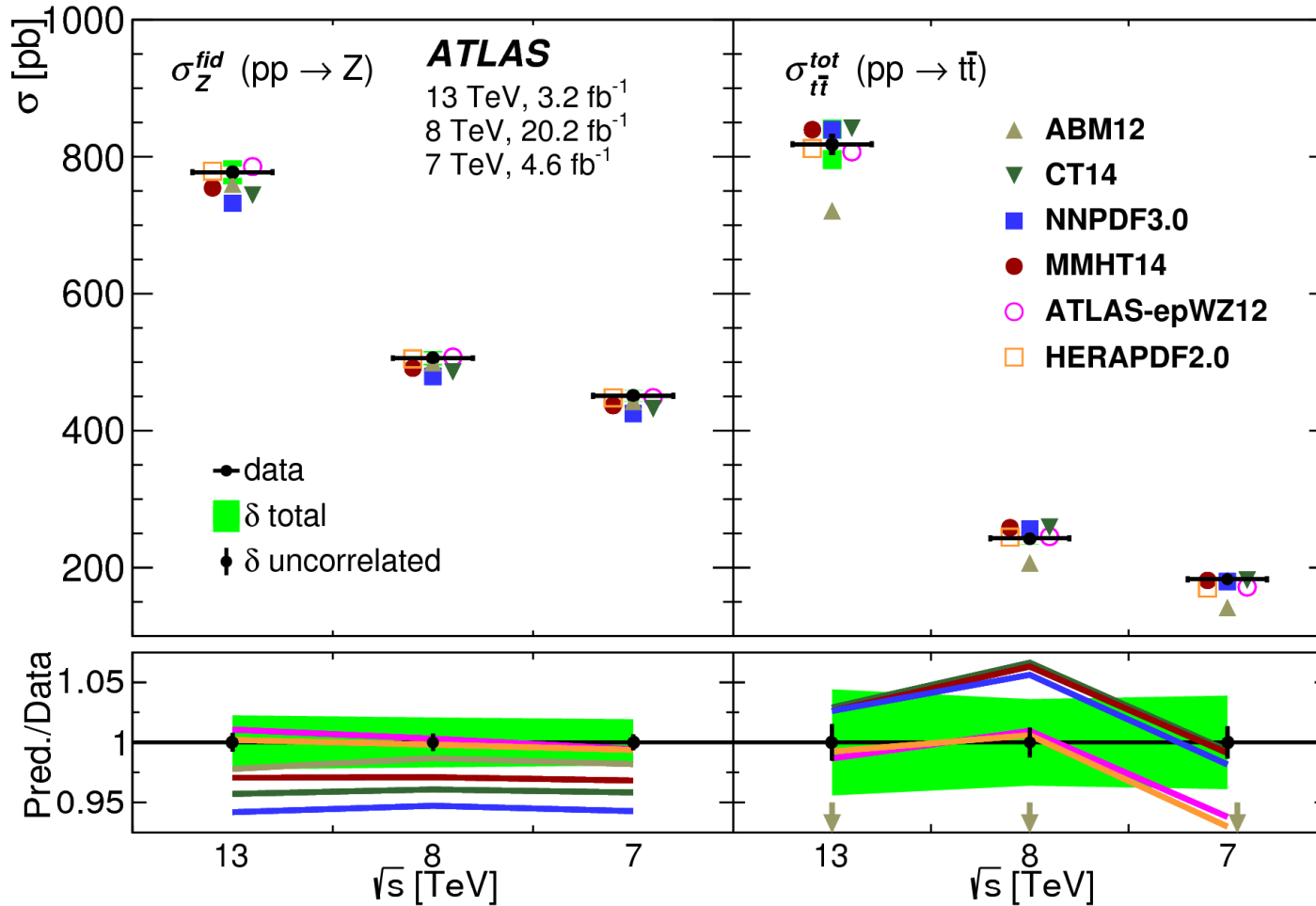


tt/Z(8 TeV) / tt/Z(7 TeV)

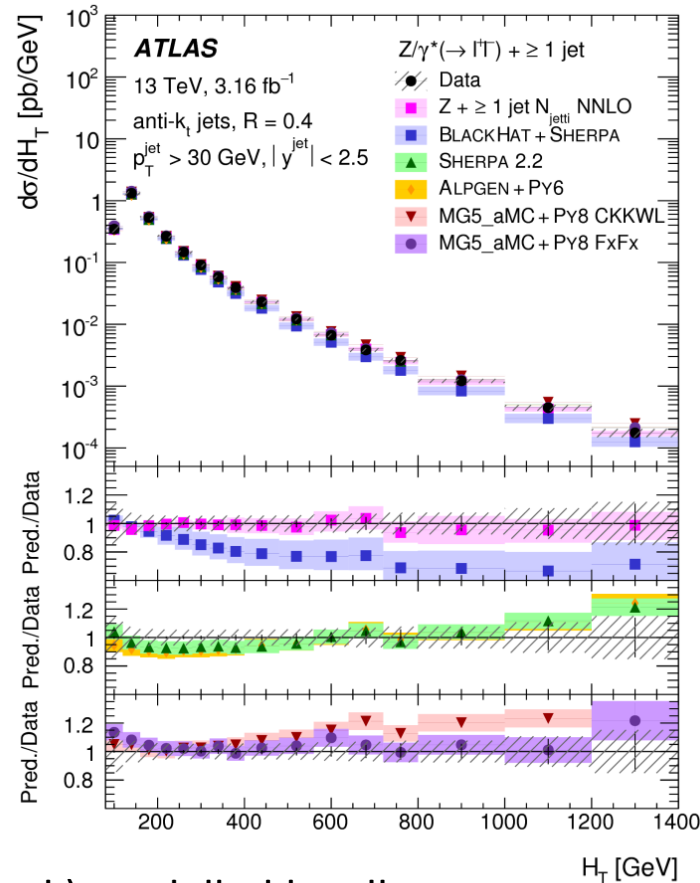
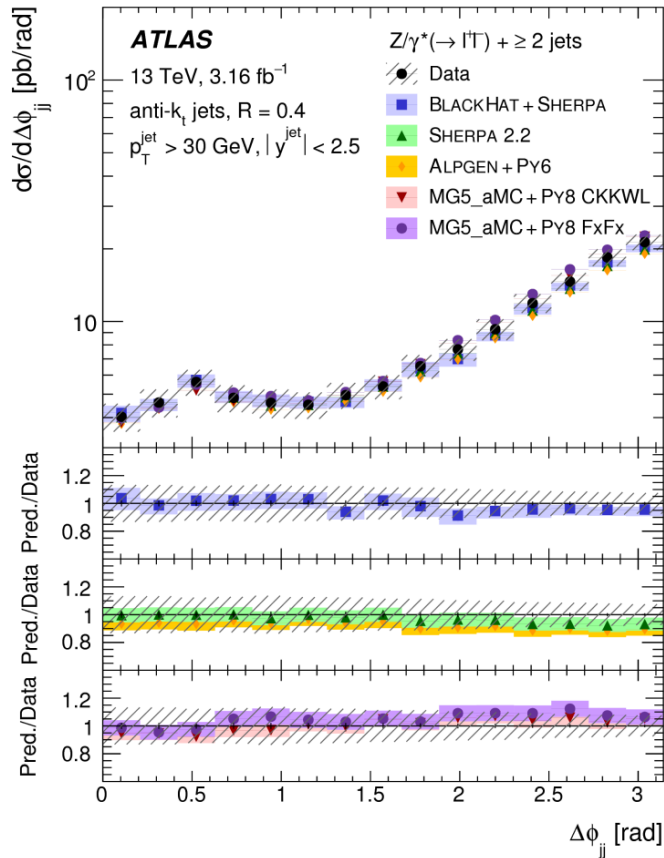


- **tt/Z double ratio measurement**
- 13/8 TeV, 13/7 TeV, 8/7 TeV (this slide)
- Further reduce uncertainties
- Discrepancy between data and MC for 8/7 TeV ratio
- Room for improvements
 - Mainly in the tt cross section

6 cross sections used to profile ATLAS-epWZ12 PDF set



Z+jets cross section @ 13 TeV [Eur. Phys. J. C77 \(2017\) 361](#)



$$H_T = \sum_{\ell, jets} |p_T|$$

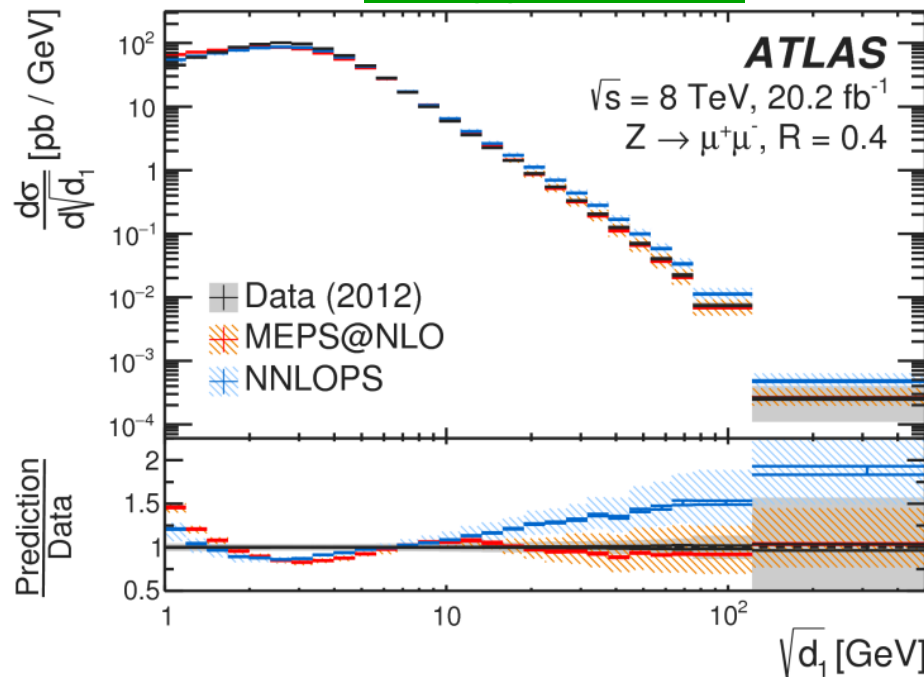
- Relative jet topology (mostly back-to-back) modelled by all
- **MG5_aMC+PY8 CKKW** overestimates contribution at large H_T (hard jets)
- **BlackHat+Sherpa** (fixed order NLO) underestimates at H_T > 300 GeV due to missing contribution from higher parton multiplicities (higher orders in pQCD)
 - solved with **Njetti NNLO**

anti- k_t splitting scales @ 8 TeV [JHEP08 \(2017\) 026](#)

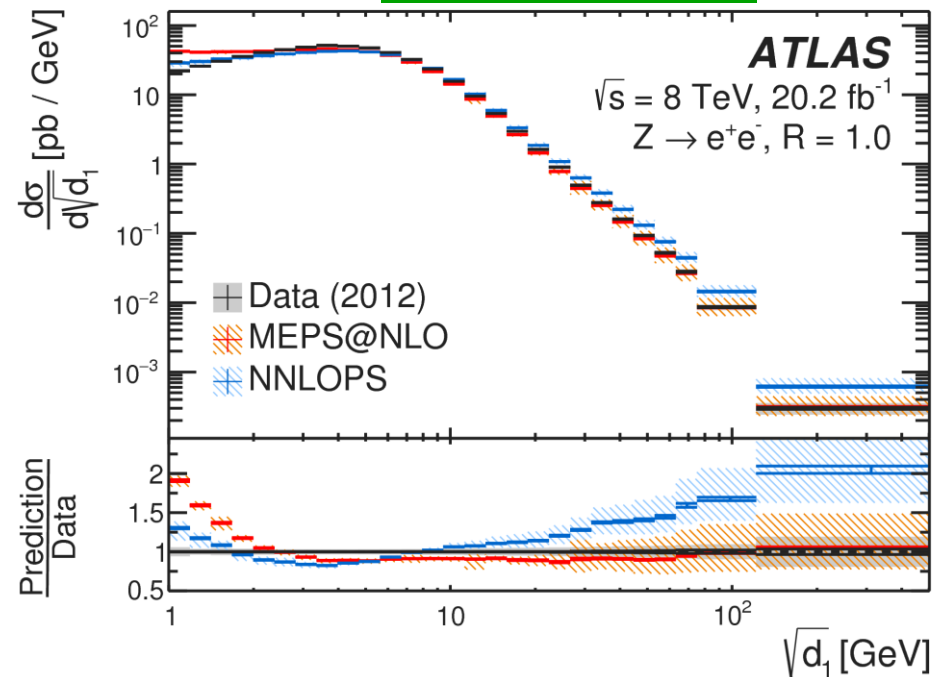
- Measurements provided from 0th to 7th splitting scales
- Observe significant differences between measurement and predictions
- Compatible results for:
 - $Z(\rightarrow ee)$ and $Z(\rightarrow \mu\mu)$ channels
 - $R = 0.4$ and $R = 1.0$

1th splitting scale

$Z(\rightarrow \mu\mu), R = 0.4$



$Z(\rightarrow ee), R = 1.0$



Astonishing precision at 7 TeV (compared to 13 TeV)

