

ATLAS results on diffraction and exclusive production



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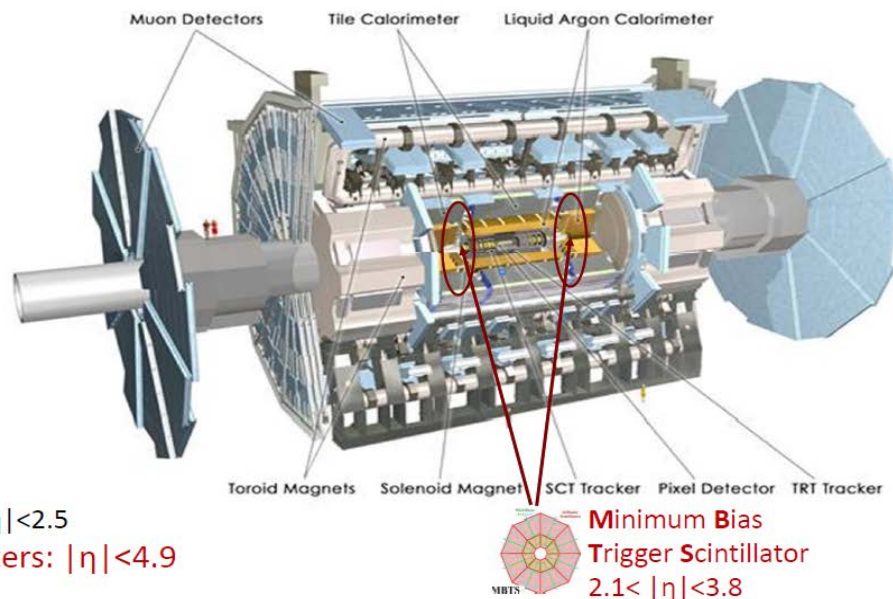
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On behalf of the ATLAS collaboration

MPI@LHC 2016, San Cristobal de las Casas, Mexico - Nov 28 - Dec 02 2016

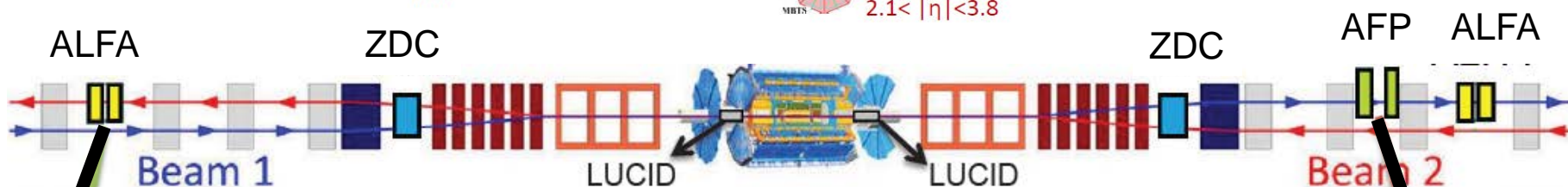
- 1) Diffractive dijets
- 2) Exclusive l^+l^-
- 3) Exclusive W^+W^-

ATLAS detector and its forward subdetectors



Trackers: $|\eta| < 2.5$

Calorimeters: $|\eta| < 4.9$



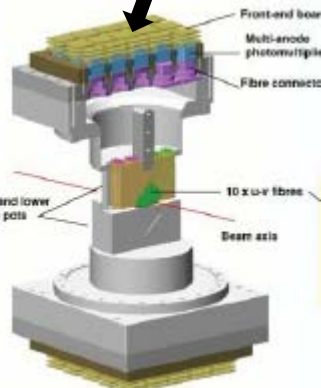
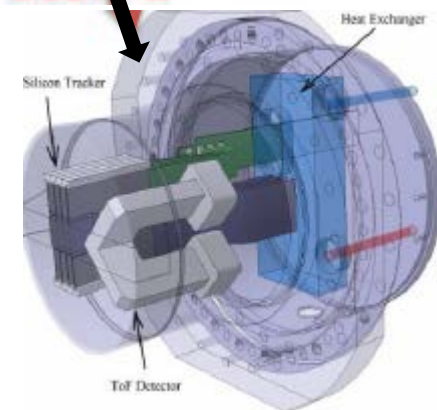
ATLAS forward proton detectors ALFA & AFP not used in diffraction and exclusive event measurements shown in this presentation. But stay tuned.

ALFA:

Elastic protons:
See Christian's talk

AFP:

Diffractive protons:
AFP took first data
this year!
See Grzegorz's talk

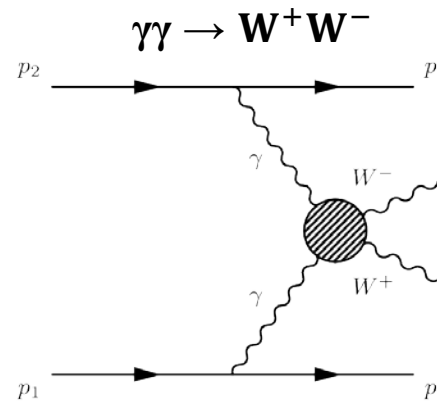
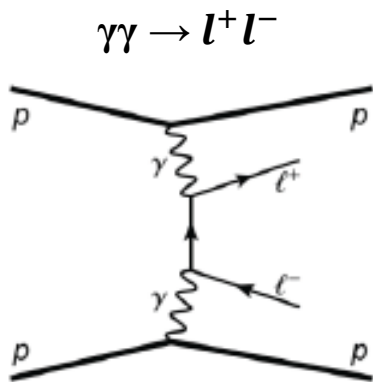


Introduction

Intact proton (or large rapidity gaps) in the final state = colorless exchange

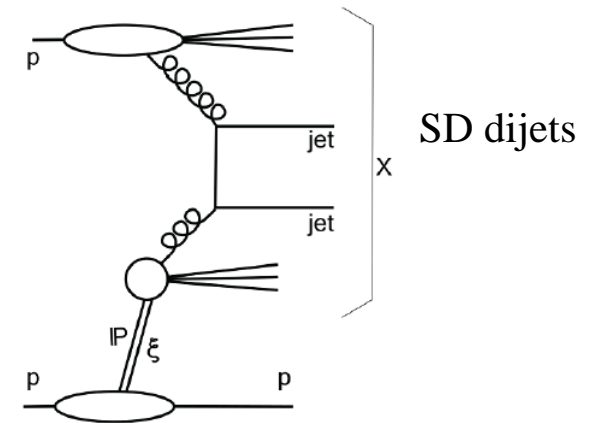
Photon-induced processes: calculated via QED

- ❖ QED Diffraction: SD, DD
- ❖ QED exclusive production (l^+l^- , W^+W^-):
 - Underlying process $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow X$ can be calculated with acc. $\sim 2\%$ (Based on Equivalent Photon Approach, EPA)
 - Proton absorptive corrections can reach up to 20%



Parton-induced processes: calculated via QCD

- ❖ QCD diffraction: SD, DD, DPE (Single Dissociation, Double Dissociation, Double Pomeron Exchange)
- At hadron colliders: need to consider process-dependent soft survival probabilities
- ❖ QCD exclusive production not discussed here



□ The three presented ATLAS analyses have similar final states: large rapidity gaps

In the absence of forward proton detectors, 2 approaches to suppress backgrounds

- 1) **Large rapidity gaps**: concentrate on low pile-up & measure large x- section processes
- 2) **No tracks and vertices around lepton vertex**: large pile-up & low x-section processes

Motivation

- Understand better diffraction and exclusive processes since both are often backgrounds to many LHC analyses.
- Both measured at HERA and Tevatron but cross sections are still known with a limited precision at LHC. Especially QCD (Pomeron-induced) diffraction and QCD exclusive processes need urgently an input.
- These measurements may be used in various MC tunes

- 1) **Diffractive dijets:** - Provide cross sections and compare with existing models
at 7 TeV - Estimate of soft survival probability
($\mathcal{L}=6.8 \text{ nb}^{-1}$)

PLB 754 (2016) 214

- 2) **Exclusive leptons:** - Standard candle (simple final state)
at 7 TeV - Luminosity calibration at LHC
($\mathcal{L}=4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) - Alignment/Calibration of forward proton detectors (AFP, CT-PPS)

PLB 749 (2015) 242

- 3) **Exclusive WW→leptons:** - Can profit from measurement of exclusive leptons
at 8 TeV - Estimate of anomalous quartic gage coupling (aQGC) $\gamma\gamma WW$

PRD 94 (2016) 032011

Exclusive (QCD) Higgs →WW→leptons: - Collecting first exclusive Higgs candidates

at 8 TeV

($\mathcal{L}=20.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

fully-leptonic channel:

- least background but requires most statistics
- lowest systematics

Processes involved

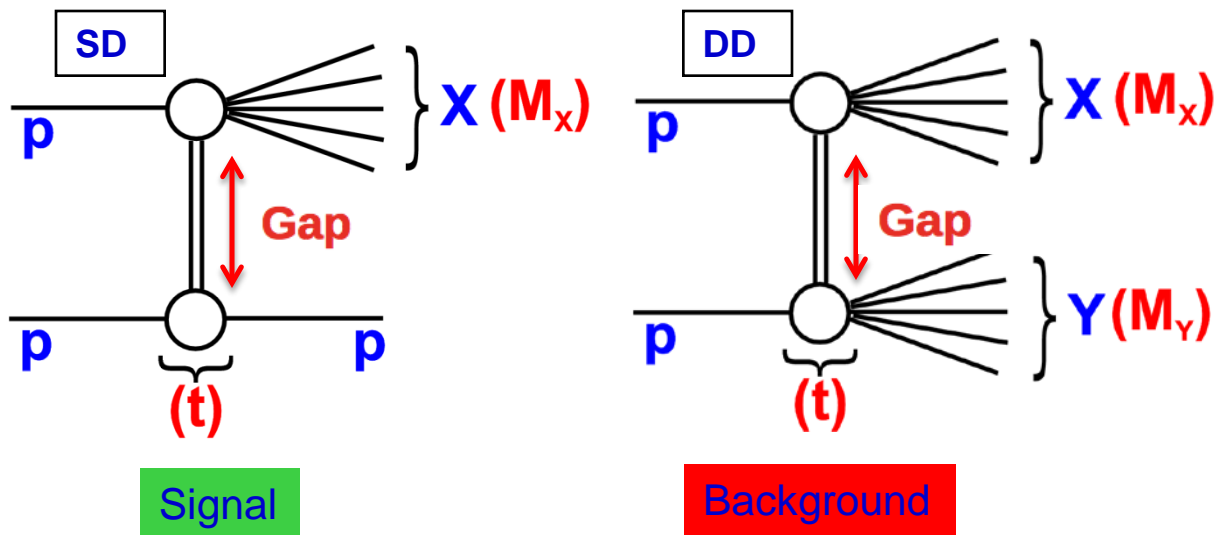
Analysis	Final state \ Exchange	SD	DD	DPE	Exclusive	ND / inclusive
Diffraction dijets	IP-exchange	p jj X	X jj Y	X' jj Y'	jj	jj X
Exclusive l^+l^-	γ -exchange	p l^+l^- X	X l^+l^- Y	X' l^+l^- Y'	l^+l^-	l^+l^- X
Exclusive W^+W^-	γ -exchange	p W^+W^- X	X W^+W^- Y	X' W^+W^- Y'	W^+W^-	W^+W^- X

Signal

Background

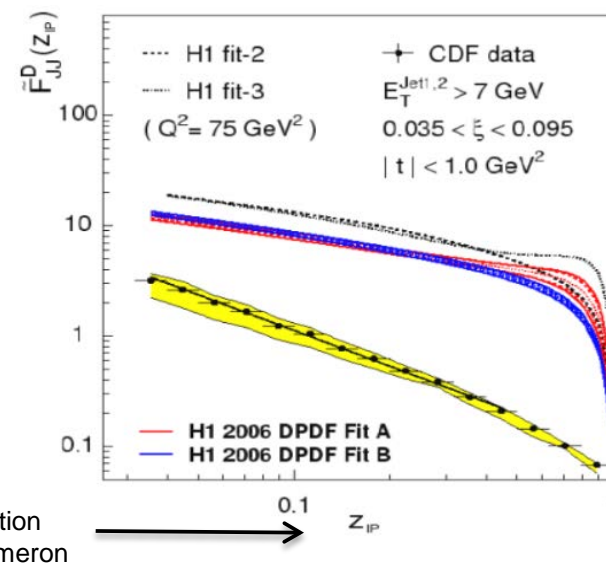
Backgrounds from γ (IP)-exchange to IP (γ)-exchange were found to be negligible.

Diffractive dijets: Motivation



Gap survival probability (S^2):

➤ Introduced to explain a big disagreement between CDF measurement and theory predictions based on measured HERA diffractive PDFs (factor of 10).



➤ Discrepancy usually explained by rescattering of dissociated system with intact protons

What S^2 is in diffractive dijets at the LHC?

Key diffractive characteristics: rapidity gap $\Delta\eta^F$

- Exchange of color singlet (Pomeron) → only remnants of Pomerons and dissociated protons, soft QCD radiation in large areas of η suppressed
- However: gaps observed also in **non-diffractive** events (explained by fluctuations in hadronization process)

Background

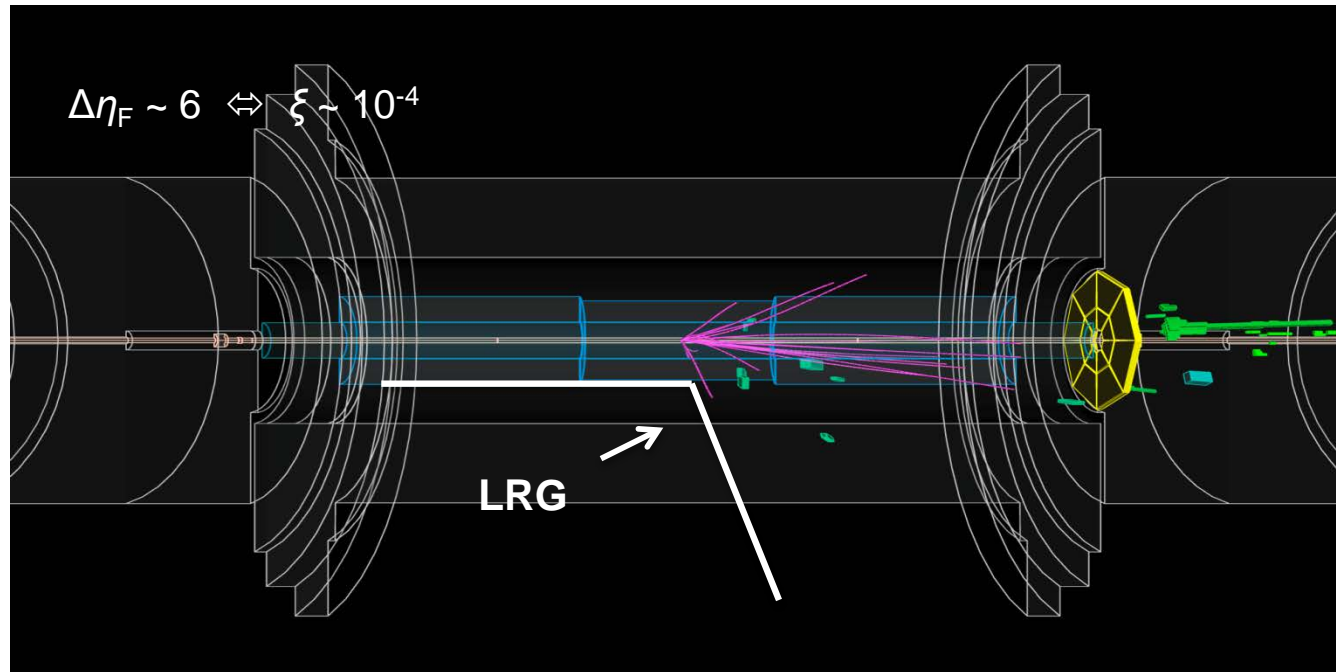
Kinematic variables

- invariant mass of the dissociated system M_X (M_Y)
- fractional momentum loss ξ of the scattered proton:

$$\xi = (\mathbf{p}_Z^{\text{In}} - \mathbf{p}_Z^{\text{Out}}) / \mathbf{p}_Z^{\text{In}} \quad (\xi_X = M_X^2/s)$$

Rapidity gaps in ATLAS detector

- **Large Rapidity Gap (LRG)** : $\Delta\eta \sim -\log \xi_x \rightarrow \text{small } \xi_x (M_x) \sim \text{big gap}$
Region in η devoid of hadronic activity due to the exchange of colorless object (Pomeron)
 - **Detector-level LRG definition** : $\Delta\eta^F$
Largest region in η (starting at the edge of the detector $\eta = \pm 4.8$) absent of clusters and tracks
 - Non-pileup environment optimal since multiple soft pp interactions could fill the gap
- Events from early runs of 2010 ($\langle \text{Nr of pile-up interactions} / \text{bunch crossing} \rangle$, $\langle \mu \rangle \sim 0.044 - 0.144$) used in the analysis



Event selection

❖ Basic cuts & kinematic cuts

- Good primary vertex ($n_{\text{tracks}} > 4$)
- Jets: $p_T^{\text{jet } 1} > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $p_T^{\text{jet } 2} > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta^{\text{jets}}| < 4.4$, anti- k_T $R = 0.6$ and 0.4

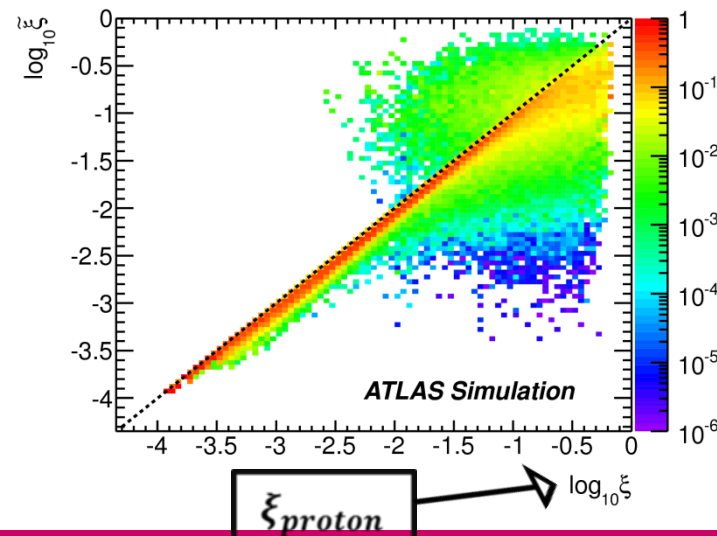
❖ Pile-up suppression cut, focus on 2010 data with low pile-up [$\mathcal{L} \sim 6.8 \text{ nb}^{-1}$]

- no PU vertices (having $n_{\text{tracks}} > 1$): removes $\sim 5\%$ of events (correction factors applied)

❖ Forward gap definition ($\Delta\eta_F$)

- η -region devoid of activity (starting at either $\eta = -4.8$ or $\eta = +4.8$)
 - detector-level definition: tracks with $p_T^{\text{track}} > 200 \text{ MeV}$
Clusters with cell significance $E_{\text{cell}}/\sigma_{\text{noise}} > S_{\text{thr}}(\eta)$ (~ 5.5)
 - particle-level definition: $p_{\text{ch}(n)}^{\text{particle}} > 500 \text{ (200) MeV OR } p_T > 200 \text{ MeV}$

PYTHIA 8 SD



Fractional momentum loss

$$\xi_{\text{proton}} = (3.5 \text{ TeV} - p_Z(\text{proton}))/3.5 \text{ TeV}$$

ξ estimator closer to exper.

observability:

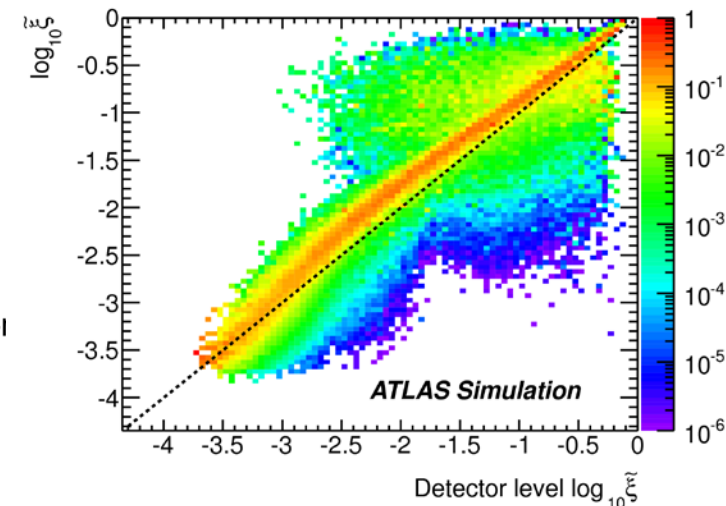
$$\tilde{\xi} = \sum p_T e^{\pm y}/3.5 \text{ TeV}$$

Performs well for $\xi < 0.01$

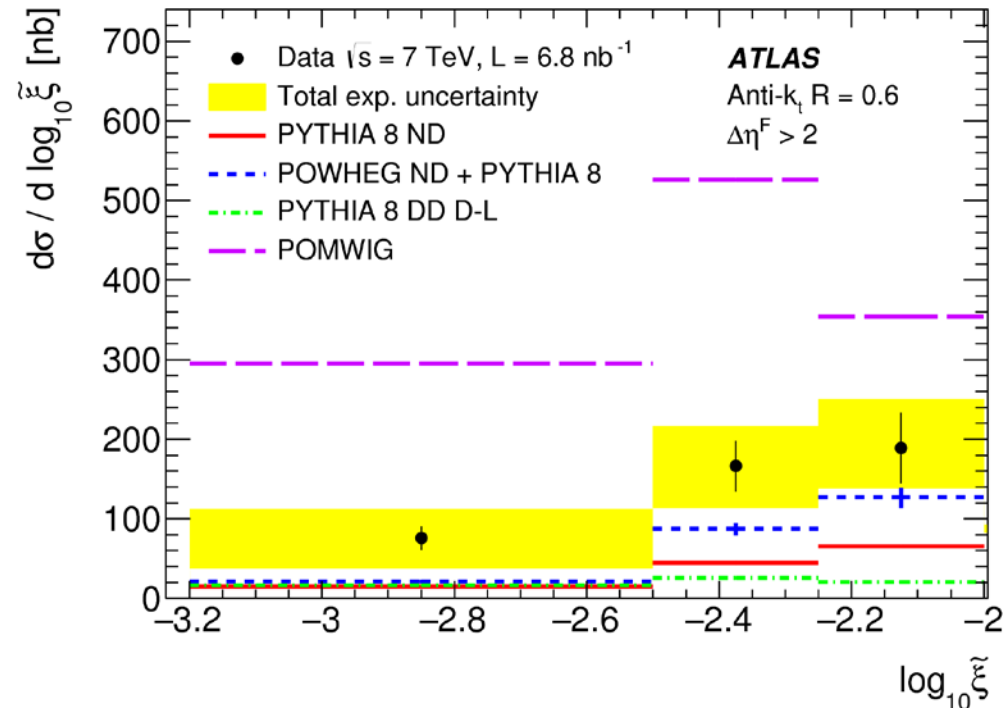
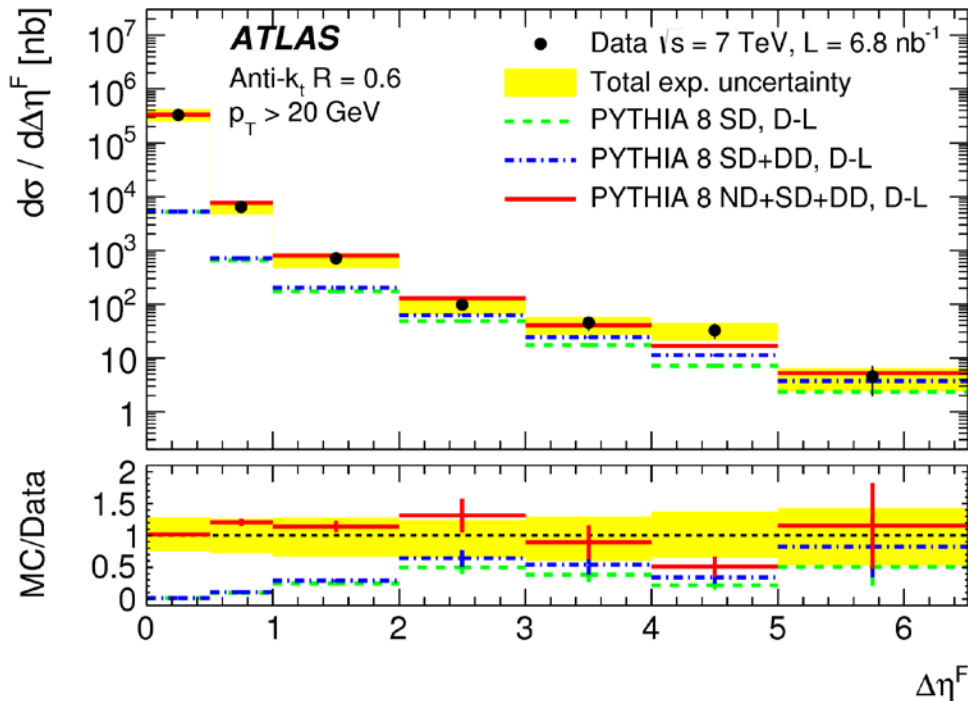
□ $\tilde{\xi}$ definition

- strong particle-reco level correlation with limited resolution
- non-diagonality \rightarrow limited detector sensitivity to low energy particles

Pythia8 ND+SD+DD



Corrected data compared to various models



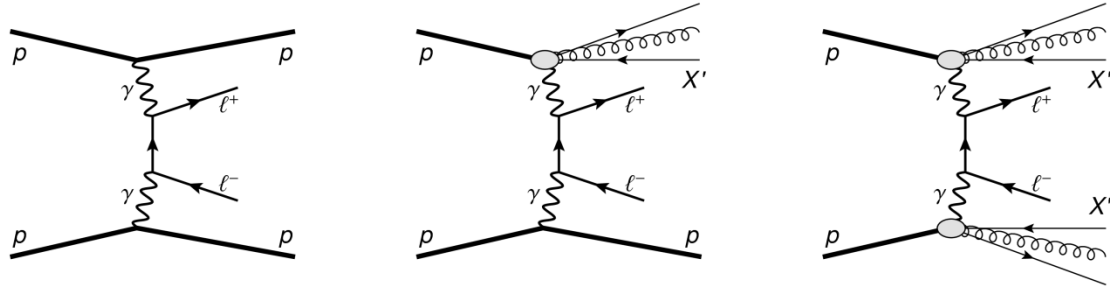
- PYTHIA8 describes data well with no need for Gap Survival factor after normalizing ND in first $\Delta\eta^F$ bin to match data and taking default SD and DD
 - Pythia8 is not a standard factorisable pomeron model
- ND contribution extends to fairly large gaps and small ξ
- No gap plateau as observed in the inclusive gap analysis (EPJC 72 (2012) 1926)

- ξ distribution after $\Delta\eta^F > 2$ cut: ND contribution suppressed to 20% level acc. to all available models
- Data compared to Pomwig after subtracting ND & DD from data (based on Pythia 8 D-L model) to estimate Gap Survival factor ($\rightarrow S^2$ is a model dependent number):

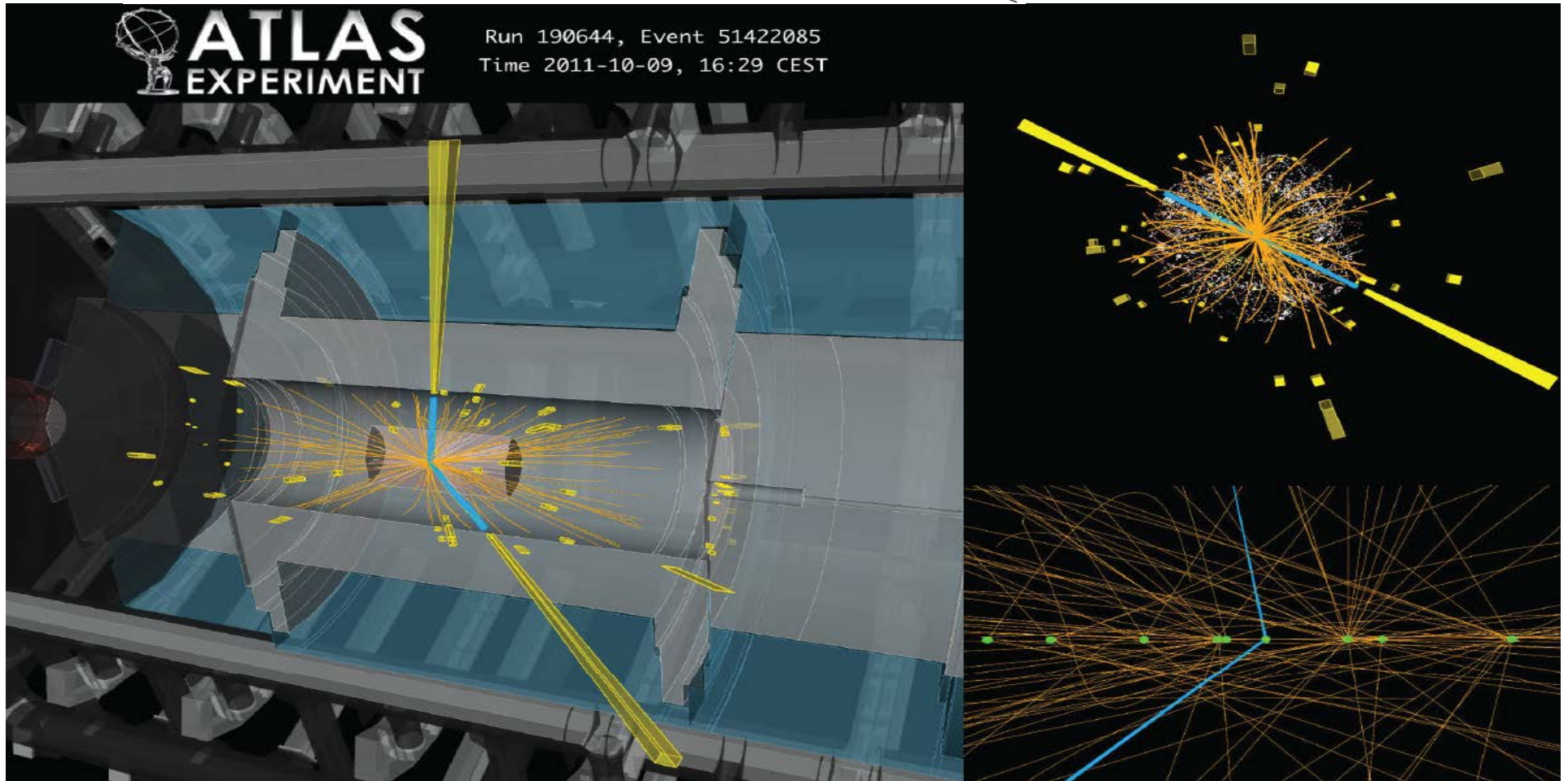
$$S^2 = 0.16 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst.})$$

(using anti- k_T $R=0.6$)

Exclusive $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l^+l^-$

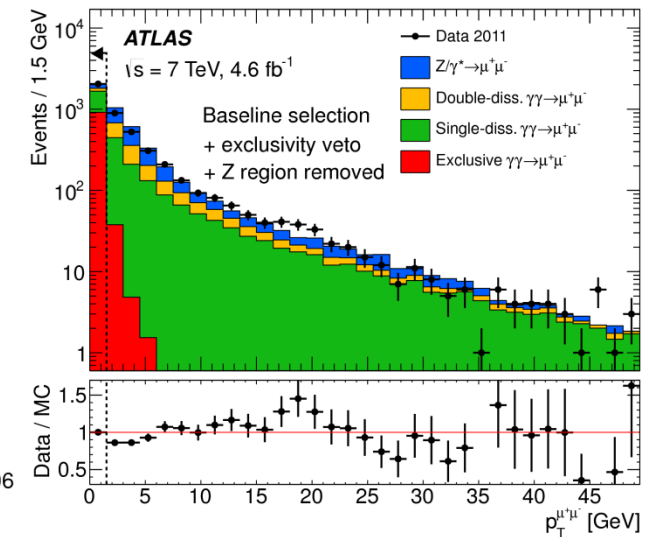
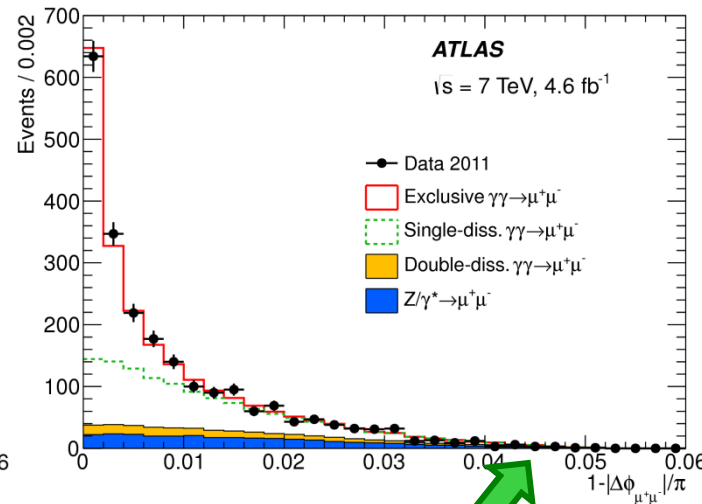
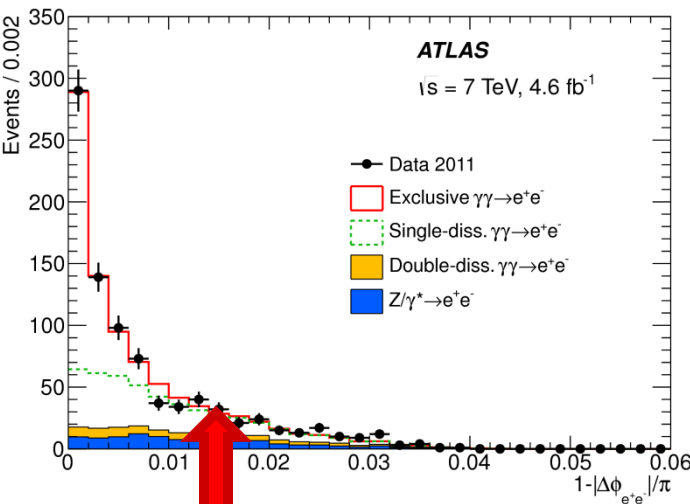
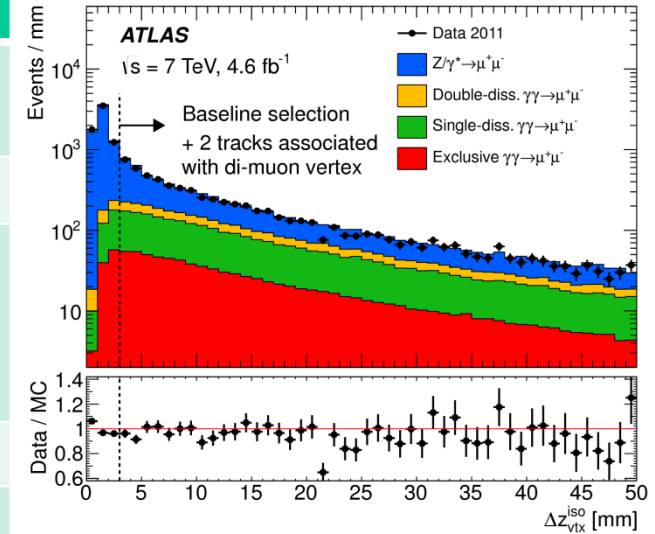


QED exclusive l^+l^- production:
Elastic, SD, DD



Event selection & MC scaling

Cut name	Cuts	Reduces
Muons	$p_T > 10$ GeV, $ \eta < 2.4$, $M_{\mu\mu} > 20$ GeV Isolated only	
Electrons	$p_T > 12$ GeV, $ \eta < 2.4$, $M_{ee} > 24$ GeV	
Exclusivity veto	No tracks with $p_T > 0.4$ GeV from $l^+ l^-$ vtx No tracks, vertices within at least 3 mm from longitudinal isolation of $l^+ l^-$ vtx	Multijets, tt, dibosons DY
Z-peak region removed	$70 < M_{ll} < 105$ GeV	DY
Low p_T	$p_T(l^+ l^-) < 1.5$ GeV	SD, DD



Binned maximum-likelihood fit to acoplanarity distribution gives these MC scaling factors:

e^+e^- : **exclusive**: $0.863 \pm 0.070(\text{stat})$; **SD**: $0.759 \pm 0.080(\text{stat})$

$\mu^+\mu^-$: **exclusive**: $0.791 \pm 0.041(\text{stat})$; **SD**: $0.762 \pm 0.049(\text{stat})$

In agreement with KMR [EPJ C76, nr.1 9 (2016)]

[Other processes no scaled]

Results

Measured fiducial x-section for exclusive $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l^+l^-$

MC scaling factor for exclusive x **predicted fiducial x-section for exclusive (based on EPA)**

$$\sigma_{excl}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 0.428 \pm 0.035(\text{stat}) \pm 0.018(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$$

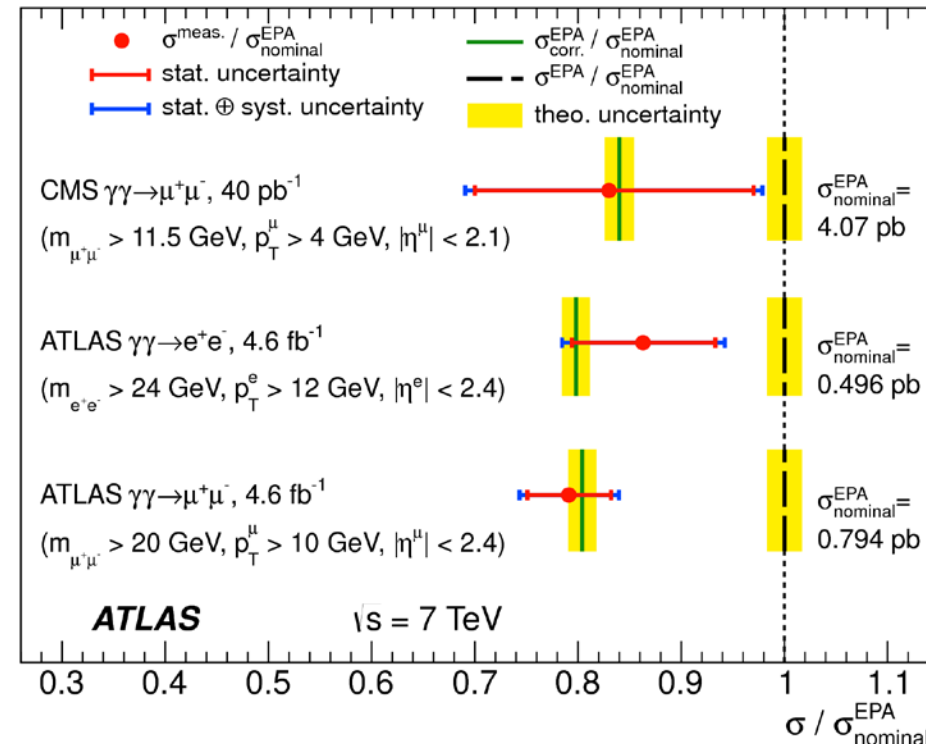
$$\sigma_{excl}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 0.628 \pm 0.032(\text{stat}) \pm 0.021(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$$

Most appropriate is to compare these with x-sections based on EPA and corrected for finite size of proton (absorptive corrections) [PLB 741 (2015) 66] {~20%}:

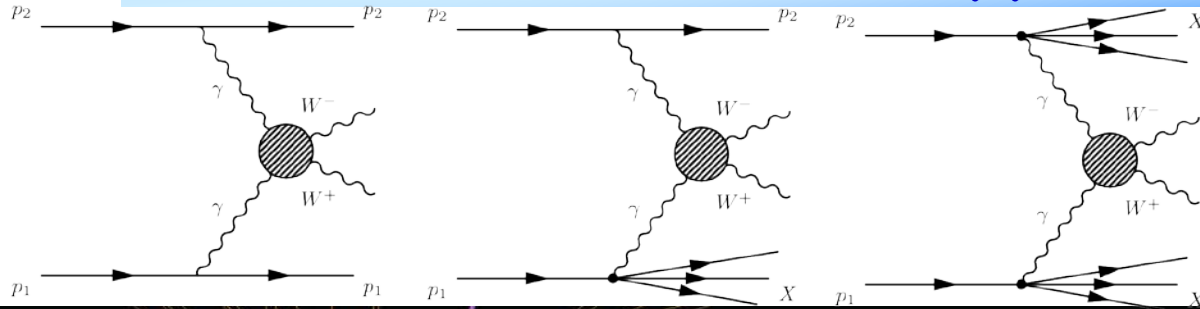
$$\sigma_{excl}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-) (\text{EPA, corr.}) = 0.398 \pm 0.007(\text{theor}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{excl}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) (\text{EPA, corr.}) = 0.638 \pm 0.011(\text{theor}) \text{ pb}$$

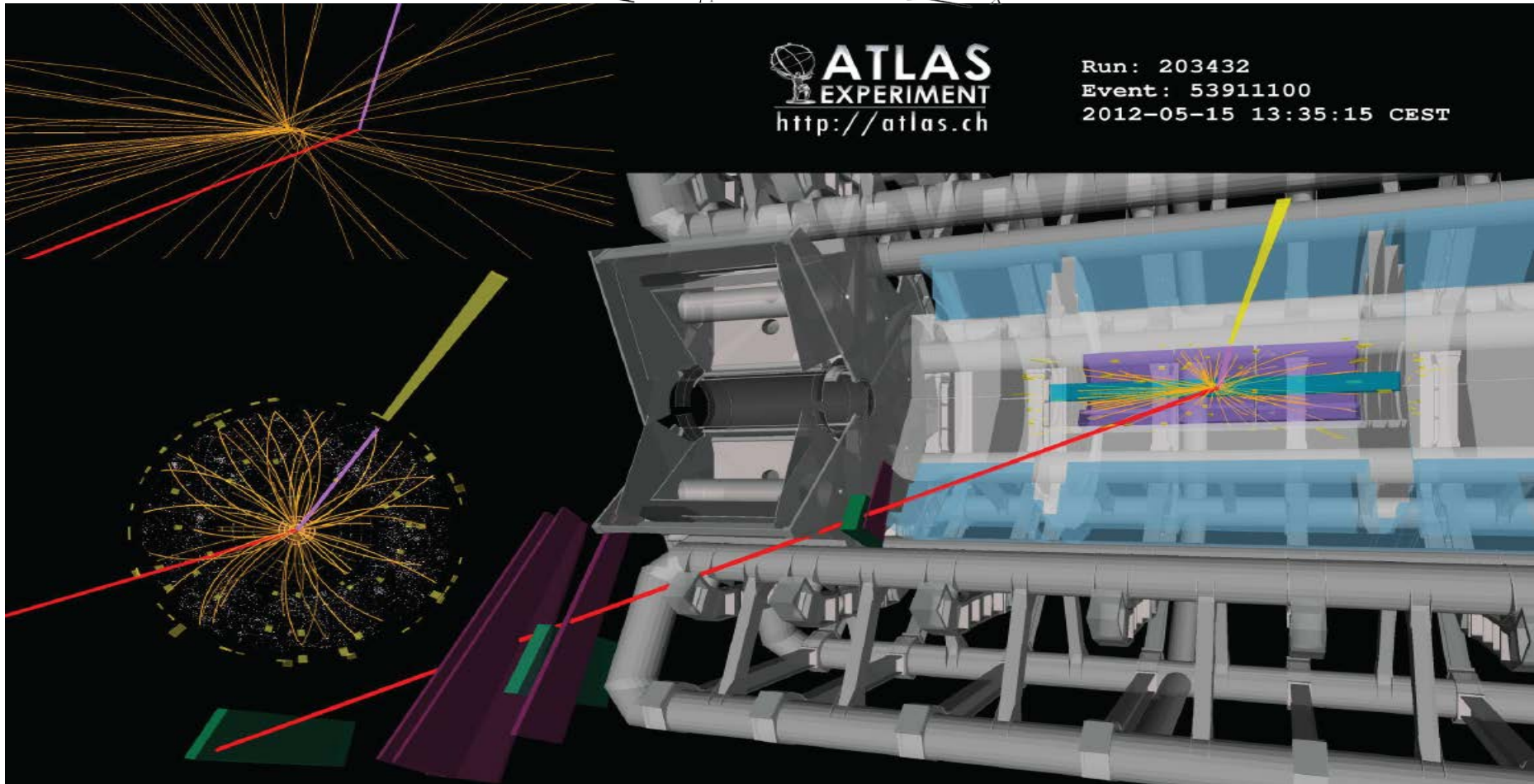
- ☐ Good agreement with theory predictions (based on EPA) after including absorptive corrections
- ☐ Improved precision and good agreement with CMS measurement



Exclusive $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$



QED exclusive W^+W^- production:
Elastic, SD, DD

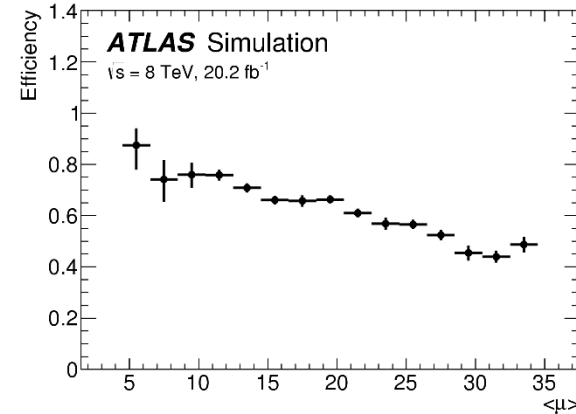


Event selection, validation & MC scaling

- ❖ $W^+W^- \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu$ decays considered
- ❖ Complete set of cuts:

Variable	Excl W^+W^-	Excl Higgs
p_T^{lep}	$> 25, 20 \text{ GeV}$	$> 25, 15 \text{ GeV}$
$m_{e\mu}$	$> 20 \text{ GeV}$	$> 10 \text{ GeV}$
$p_T^{e\mu}$	$> 30 \text{ GeV}$	$> 30 \text{ GeV}$
Δz_0^{iso}	1mm	1mm
$p_T^{e\mu} \text{ (aQGC)}$	$> 120 \text{ GeV}$	-
$m_{e\mu}$	-	$< 55 \text{ GeV}$
$\Delta\phi_{e\mu}$	-	< 1.8
m_T	-	$< 140 \text{ GeV}$

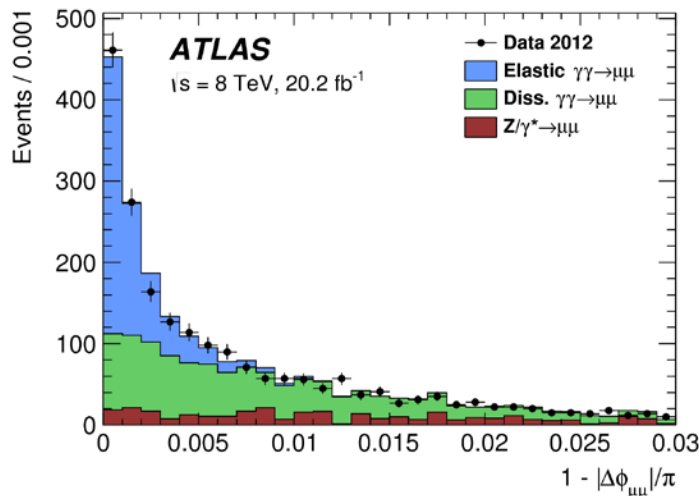
Efficiency of the exclusivity selection (dilepton vtx longit. isolation) as a function of $\langle\mu\rangle$:



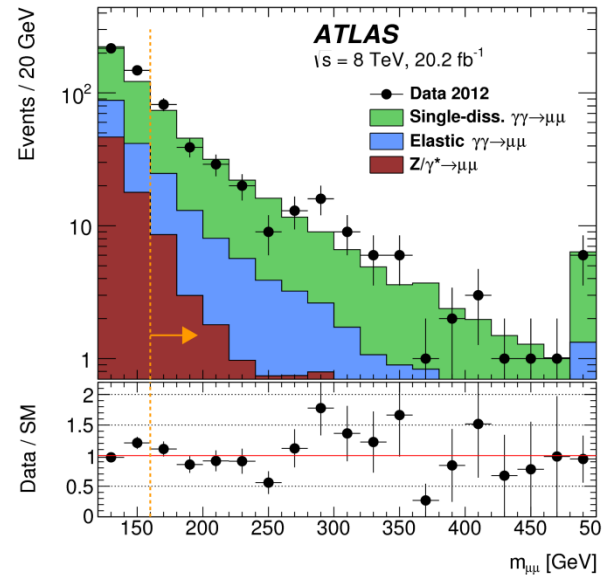
$\langle\mu\rangle \sim 20.7$,
 $\langle\text{Eff}\rangle \sim 58\%$

Validation using $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l^+l^-$:

Ratio of observed elastic to predicted elastic (nominal EPA): $0.76 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.10(\text{syst})$



Non-existent simulation of SD and DD $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$ is accounted for by multiplying predicted elastic $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$ events by a factor



$$f_\gamma = \frac{N_{\text{Data}} - N_{\text{Background}}^{\text{POWHEG}}}{N_{\text{Elastic}}^{\text{HERWIG++}}} \Big|_{m_{\mu\mu} > 160 \text{ GeV}} = 3.30 \pm 0.22(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.06(\text{syst.})$$

obtained using elastic $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l^+l^-$ events at $m_{ll} > 160 \text{ GeV}$ [predictions by Herwig++]

In agreement with KMR [1601.03772[hep-ph]]

Results: SM exclusive $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$

□ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$ cross section

1) Exclusive event yields:

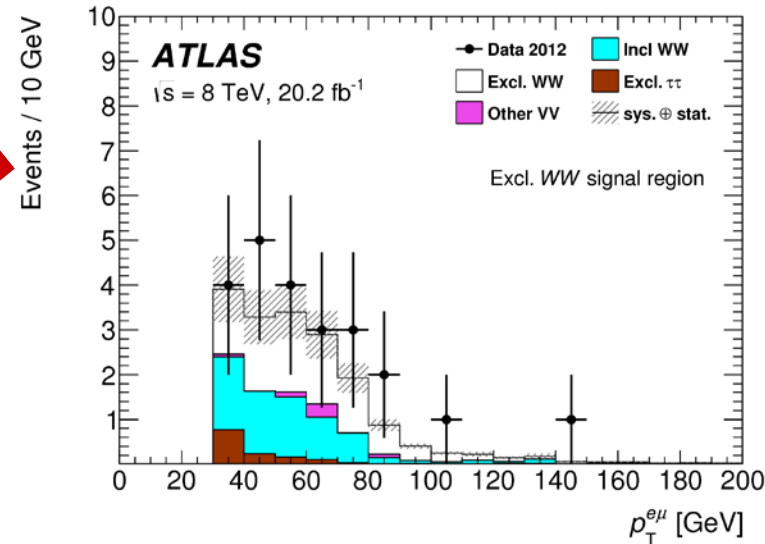
Data = 23, Signal = 9.3 ± 1.2 , Background = 8.3 ± 2.6

2) Measured cross section extrapolated to the full $W^+W^- \rightarrow e\mu X$ phase space:

$$\sigma_{excl}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-) = 6.9 \pm 2.2(\text{stat}) \pm 1.4(\text{syst}) \text{ fb}$$

The background-only hypothesis corresponds to significance of 3.0

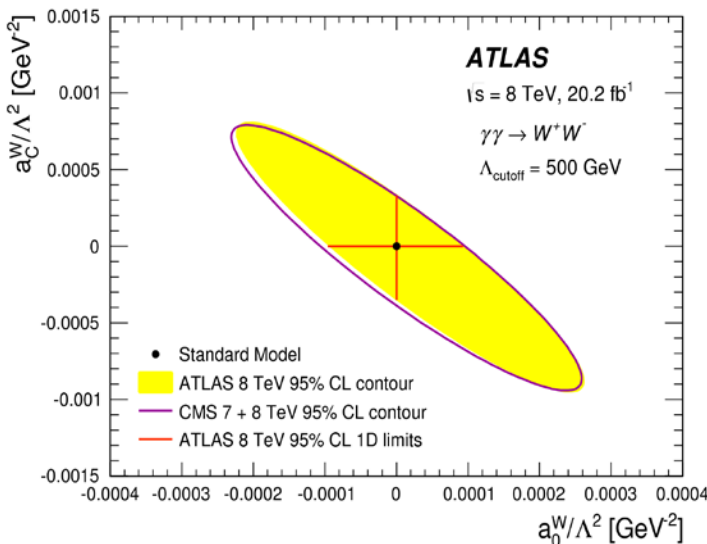
3) Predicted cross section [by Herwig++] = 4.4 ± 0.3 fb



□ Limits on anomalous quartic gauge couplings aQGC

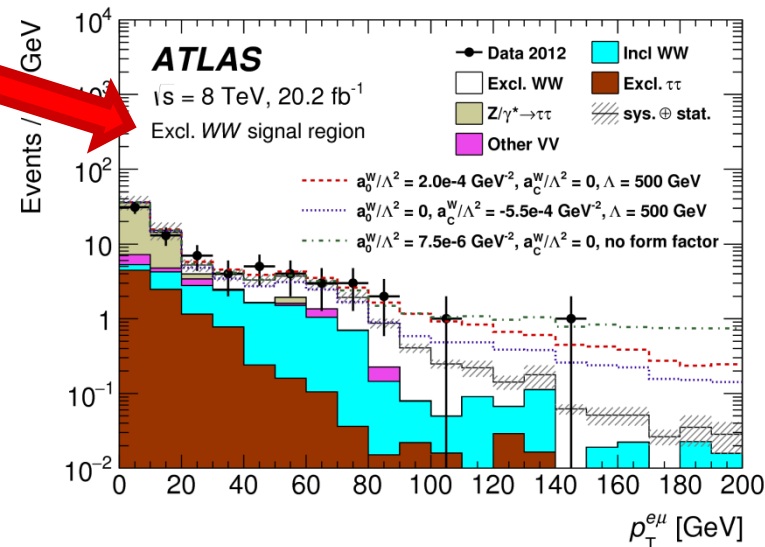
1) Event yields for $p_T(e\mu) > 120$ GeV:

Data = 1.0, SM Signal = 0.37 ± 0.04 , Background = 0.37 ± 0.13



2) Limits on aQGC more stringent than published result by OPAL, D0 and CMS

Compatibility with CMS limits



Results: Exclusive Higgs

□ Exclusive Higgs $\rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp X$

1) Exclusive Higgs event yields:

Data = 6, Signal = 0.023 ± 0.003 , Background = 3.0 ± 0.8

Signal = just elastic Higgs, obtained using KMR calculations
(gluon-induced production)

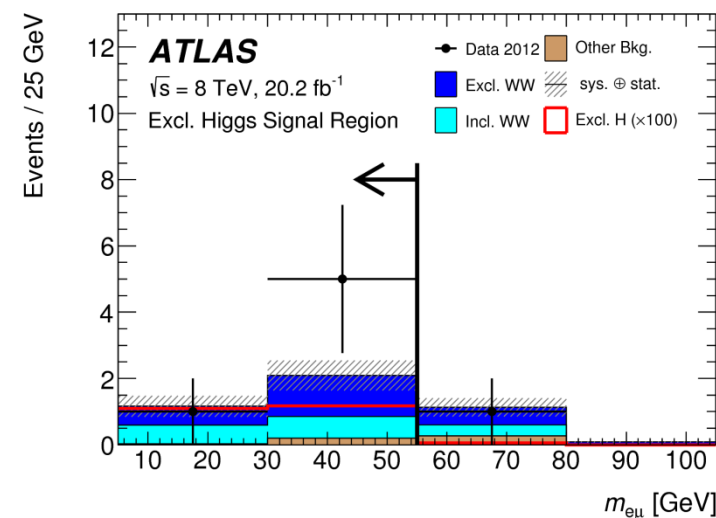
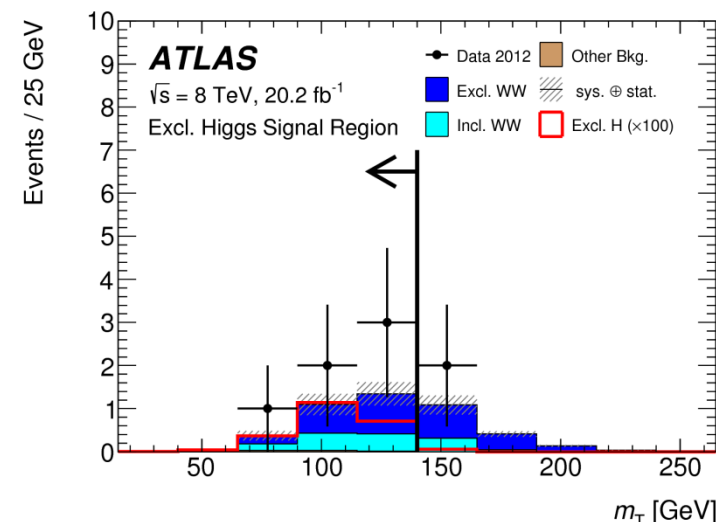
Background = dominantly exclusive W^+W^- and inclusive W^+W^-
Exclusive W^+W^- background obtained by scaling Herwig++ by $f_\gamma=3.3$

2) Yields converted to upper limits of the exclusive Higgs boson **total**
production cross section using CLs technique:

$\sigma < 1.2$ pb at 95% CL (Observed)

$\sigma < 0.7$ pb at 95% CL (Expected)

σ (Higgs production by KMR) ~ 3 fb \rightarrow the upper limit is 400x higher



Summary

□ Diffractive dijets:

➤ rapidity gap and ξ measurement at a hard scale:

- Measurement sensitive to hard diffractive processes
- No gap plateau is observed – contrary to the inclusive gap analysis

➤ **Gap survival probability** $S^2 = 16 \pm 4 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 8 \text{ (syst.)} \%$ [using anti-kt $R=0.6$] (model dependent number in the context of Pomwig and Pythia 8)

- Pythia8 ND prediction extends to very large gaps and small $\xi \rightarrow$ no need for S^2 to describe the ATLAS data

□ Exclusive (Photon-induced) processes:

➤ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l^+l^-$:

- Cross sections measured and the necessity of absorptive corrections ($\sim 20\%$) to EPA calculations confirmed

➤ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$:

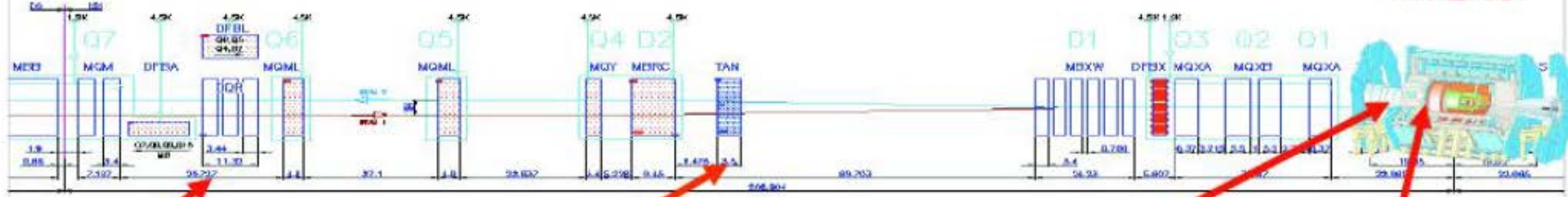
- Evidence (significance of 3.0) of SM $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$ process obtained
- Anomalous quartic gauge couplings: no excess seen but limits improved
- Exclusive Higgs $\rightarrow W^+W^-$: first observed upper limits for the total x-section of Higgs prod.

BACKUP SLIDES

ATLAS Forward detectors

on both side

ATLAS



ALFA at 240 m

$$10.6 < |\eta| < 13.5$$

ZDC at 140 m

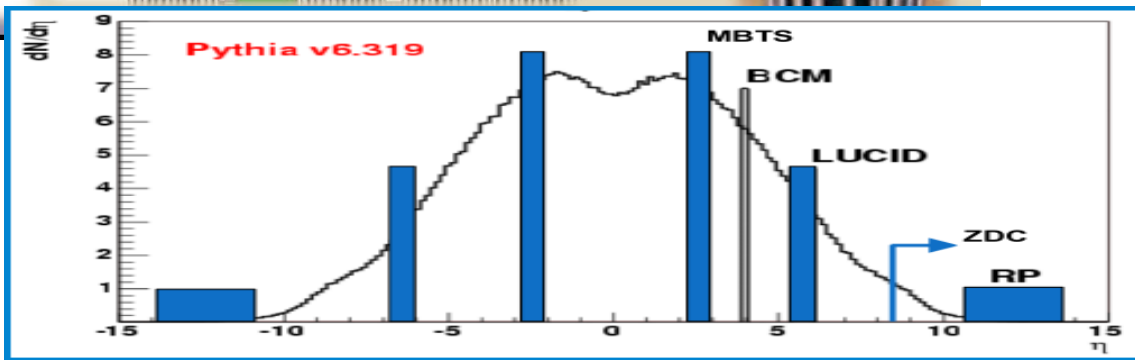
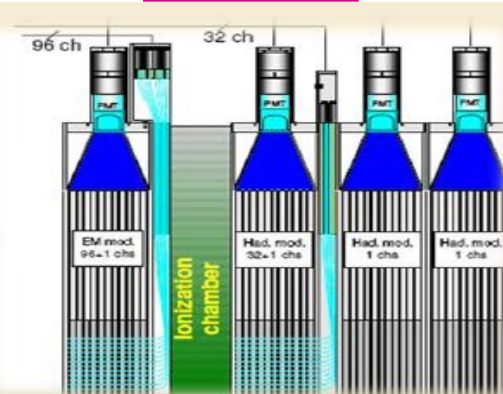
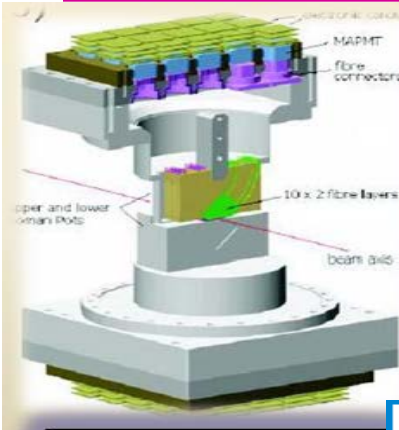
$$|\eta| > 8.3$$

LUCID at 17 m

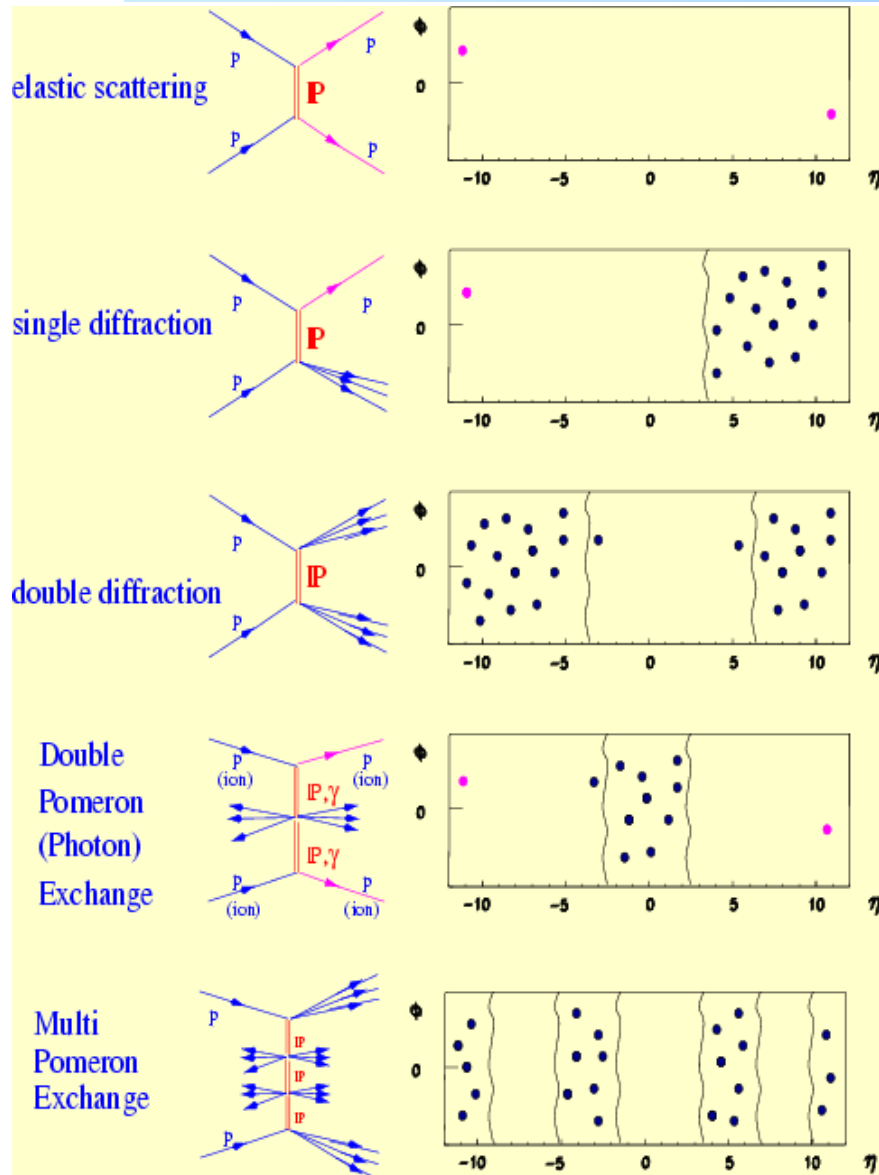
$$5.6 < |\eta| < 5.9$$

MBTS at 3.6 m

$$2.1 < |\eta| < 3.8$$



Diffraction at LHC:



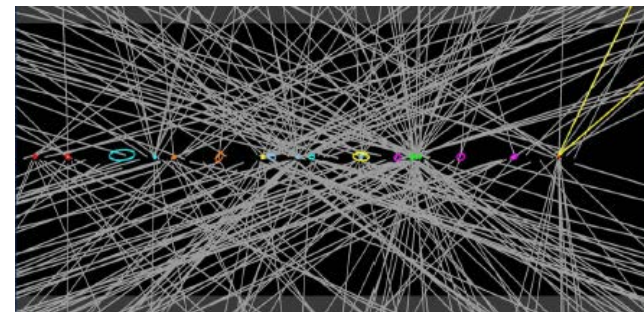
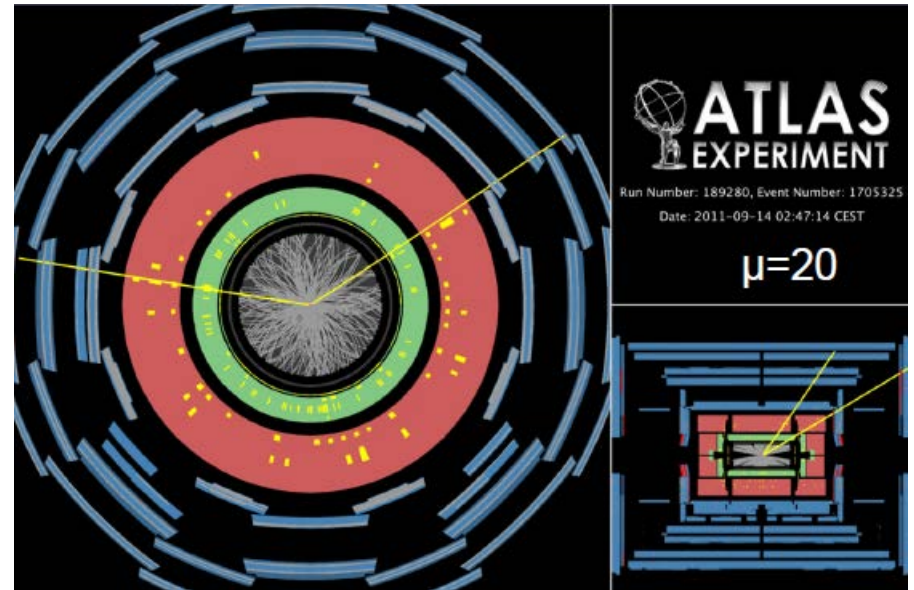
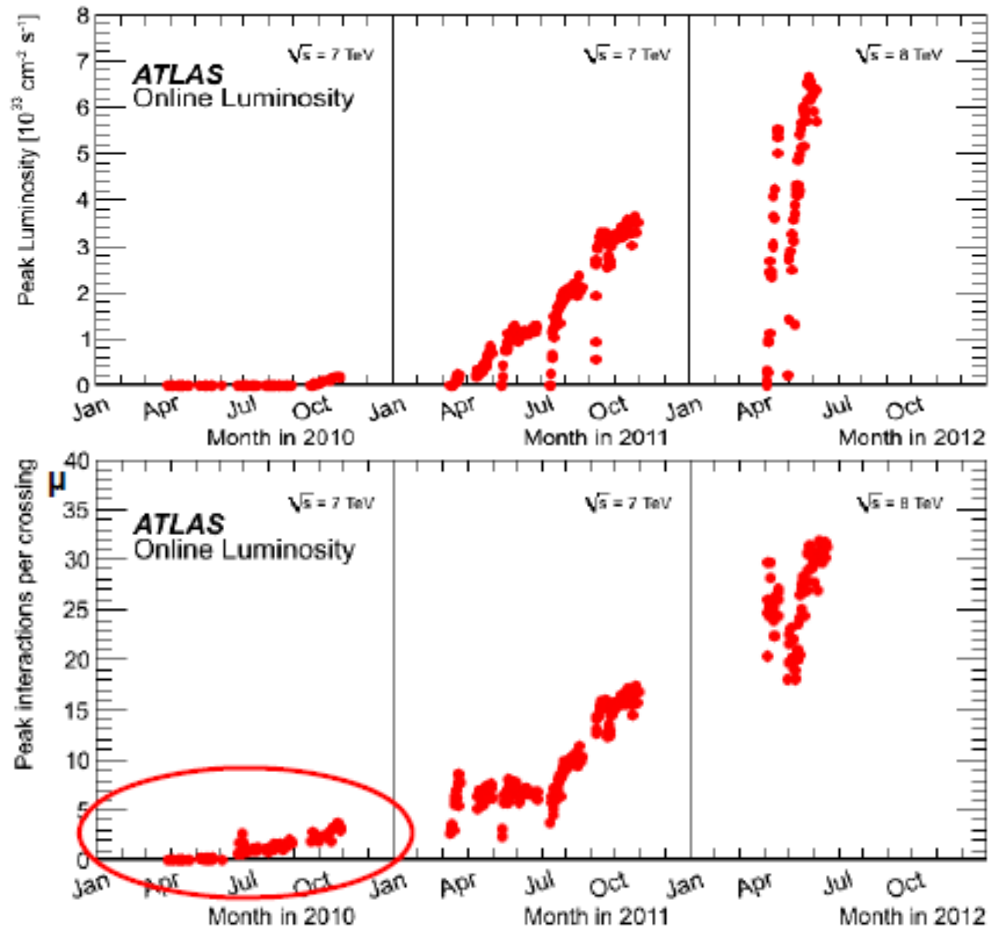
- Forward proton tagging in special runs with ALFA

- Combined tag of proton in ALFA on one side (accompanied by large gap) and remnants of dissociated proton in LUCID on the other side. In the world w/o ALFA: rely on gaps

- Central rapidity gap in EM/HAD calorimeters ($|\eta| < 3.2$) and inner detector ($|\eta| < 2.5$)

- Rapidity gaps on both sides of IP:
Double Pomeron Exchange: parton from Pomeron brings a fraction β out of ξ into the hard subprocess \rightarrow Pomeron remnants spoil the gaps
Central exclusive production: $\beta = 1 \rightarrow$ no Pomeron remnants

Diffraction needs very low Pile-up



Pile-up = soft particles sitting on top of the hard-scale event, influencing efficiencies of various finding algorithms (Primary vertex, triggers, jets and other usual objects).

Gap Survival Probability

$$S^2 = [(Data - ND) * SD/(SD+DD)] / (Pomwig/1.23)$$

ND from PYTHIA8
Ratio SD/(SD+DD)
from PYTHIA8

$$S^2 = 0.16 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst.})$$

(using anti- k_T $R=0.6$)

Factor 1.23
removes DD
contrib. to
x-sec in Pomwig

- ❖ S^2 estimated from the lowest $\tilde{\xi}$ bin: $-3.2 < \log_{10} \tilde{\xi} < -2.5$
 - $\Delta\eta^F$ distribution not used because of larger stat. unc. and worse Data/ND suppression
 - Very model dependent number
- ❖ Systematic uncertainties for S^2 :
 - Based on systematics seen in data
 - Other models? **ND**: Powheg NLO ND instead of Pythia8 LO ND : $S^2 = 0.15 \pm 0.04$
 - HERWIG++ ND produces bumps and too large gaps
 - SD,DD**: Phojet does not contain hard diffraction
 - PYTHIA8 the only to model hard diffraction and separating SD from DD
- ❖ Result for anti- k_T $R = 0.6$ is regarded as the best estimate of S^2
 - Smaller statistical uncertainties
 - Smaller dependence on ND prediction (0.6: Data/ND ~ 5 ; 0.4: Data/ND ~ 3)
 - Compatible with result from the CMS Collaboration: $S^2 = 0.12 \pm 0.04$

Results: SM exclusive $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$

□ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$ cross section

1) Exclusive event yields:

Data = 23, Signal = 9.3 ± 1.2 , Background = 8.3 ± 2.6

[Signal = elastic + QED SD & DD events, obtained using factor $f_\gamma=3.3$]

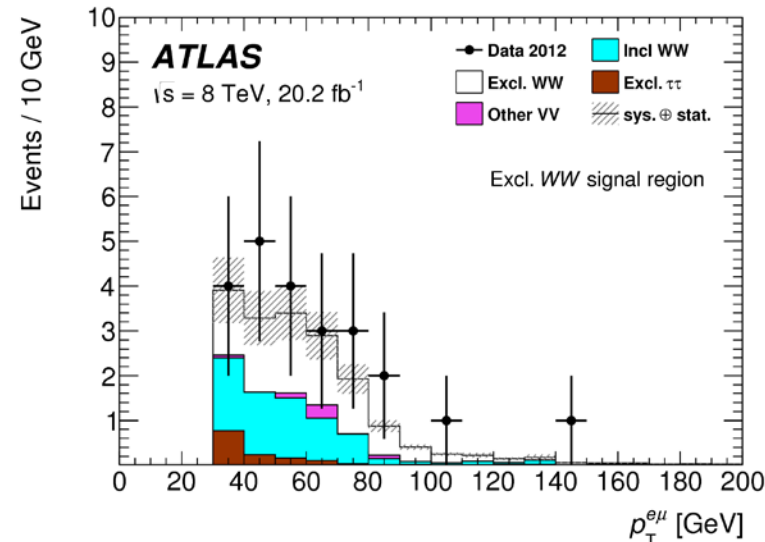
2) Measured cross section extrapolated to the full $W^+W^- \rightarrow e\mu X$ phase space

$\sigma = (\text{Data} - \text{Background}) / (L \epsilon A)$, $L = 20.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, efficiency = 0.37, Acceptance = 0.28

$\sigma = 6.9 \pm 2.2(\text{stat}) \pm 1.4(\text{syst}) \text{ fb}$

The background-only hypothesis corresponds to significance of 3.0

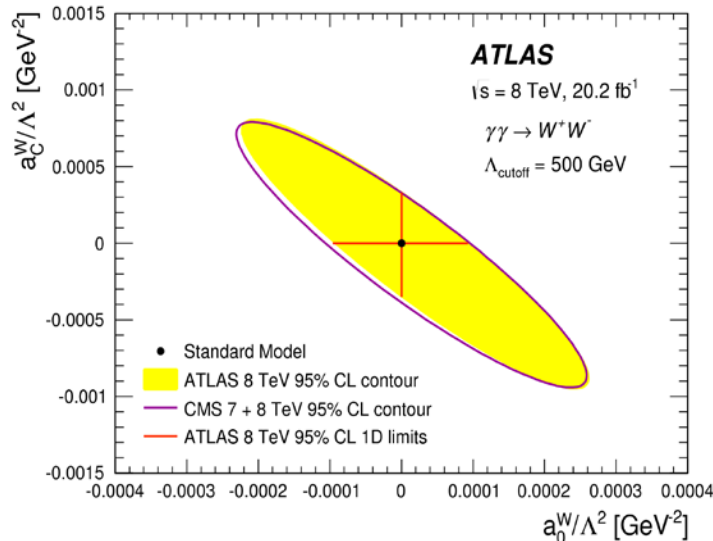
3) Predicted cross section [by Herwig++] = $4.4 \pm 0.3 \text{ fb}$



□ Limits on anomalous quartic gauge couplings aQGC

1) Event yields for $p_T(e\mu) > 120 \text{ GeV}$:

Data = 1.0, SM Signal = 0.37 ± 0.04 , Background = 0.37 ± 0.13



2) Limits on aQGC more stringent than published results from OPAL, D0 and CMS.

Compatibility with CMS limits

